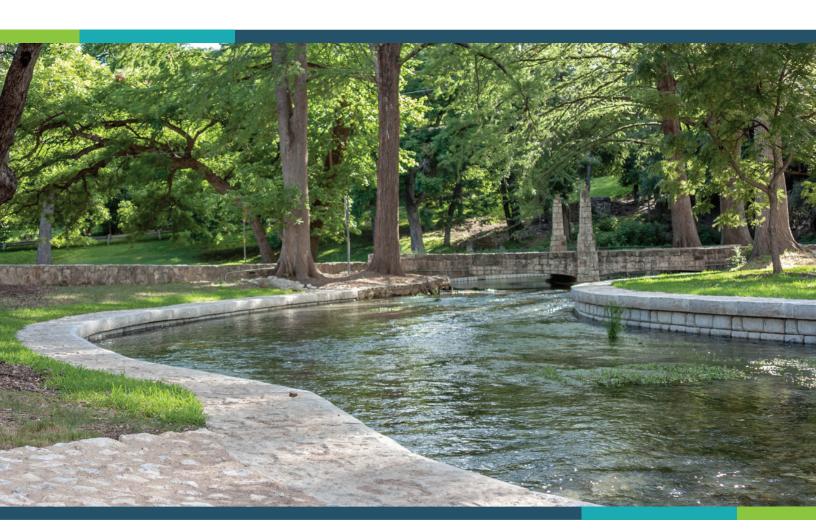


CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS

FY2024



ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2024

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

For the year ended September 30, 2024

Prepared by Finance Department

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the year ended September 30, 2024

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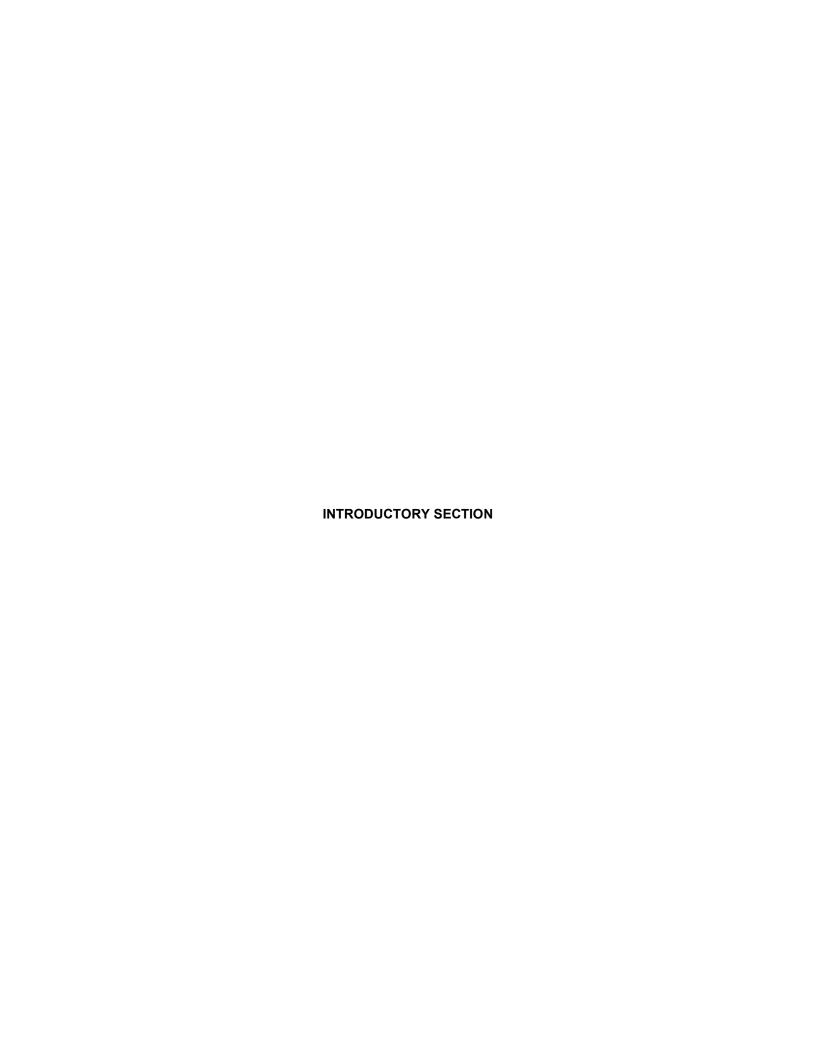
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FINANCE DEPARTMENT

March 24, 2025

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of New Braunfels, Texas:

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the City of New Braunfels, Texas ("City") for the fisc all year ended September 30, 2024, is hereby submitted. This report was prepared through the cooperative efforts of the Finance Department and the City's independent auditors. The purpose of the report is to provide the citizens, City Council, management, staff, and other interested parties with detailed information reflecting the City's financial condition.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse; and to compile sufficient, reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed financial statements and schedules are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds, departments, and component units of New Braunfels, Texas.

The City Charter requires an independent auditing firm to annually complete an audit of the books and accounts of every City department. The City's financial statements have been audited by Crowe LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The independent auditors concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). The basic financial statements, including the accompanying notes, represent the core of the financial section. These financial statements present the financial condition of the City as a single entity, as well as the individual funds that account for the City's various governmental and business-type activities. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

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PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

New Braunfels is a dynamic and historic Texas community of about 117,000 located on Interstate 35, 30 miles north of San Antonio and 45 miles south of Austin. New Braunfels is the largest city in Comal County and serves as the County seat. The City's geographic boundaries encompass approximately 45.5 square miles. The City's history is one of the richest in Texas and is cherished by its residents who strive to preserve and protect their heritage that reflects both strong German and Hispanic influences. Often referred to as the "City of a Prince" (because it was founded by Prince Carl of Solms Braunfels), early New Braunfels became an important part of Texas civilization and industry. The community has always been committed to preserving its rich history and this has tied into the established tourism industry, a major factor in the economy of today's New Braunfels. Our location, year-round entertainment options, natural resources and vibrant economy are just a few of the factors that have led to the continued growth in population.

As provided in its Home Rule Charter, a Mayor and a six-member City Council govern the City of New Braunfels. The Mayor is elected at large while the remaining City Council members represent the six City Council Districts of the City. All policy-making decisions are vested in the City Council. Among other duties, the City Council appoints a City Manager who directs the day-to-day operations of the City under guidelines and policies of the City Charter and the City Council and is responsible for presenting a Proposed Annual Budget and Plan of Municipal Services to City Council. Each City Council member is elected for a three-year term on a staggered basis. The City Charter limits service to a total of three terms of office, whether served as council member or Mayor.

The City of New Braunfels is a full-service municipal organization with the organizational structure and divisions as depicted in the organizational chart on page 14. The City provides a full range of external services that includes police and fire protection, emergency response services, solid waste service and recycling, maintenance of streets and drainage infrastructure, recreational activities (including a full-service indoor recreation center) library services, planning and development services, code enforcement, animal control, river management, golf course management, civic/convention center management, a municipal court, a system of municipal parks, as well as the New Braunfels National Airport. Citizen engagement and involvement is a major component of the City's operations and policy development process, which has 31 active boards and commissions.

The New Braunfels Economic Development Corporation (NBEDC), a non-profit corporation, was formed to administer a special 3/8 of one cent sales tax for economic development. The City Council appoints all NBEDC board members and must approve the NBEDC's budget and associated expenditures. Because of this, City management has included the NBEDC in its financial reports as a discretely presented component unit. In addition, New Braunfels Utilities (NBU) is a City-owned water, wastewater, and electric utility serving the City of New Braunfels and some of the surrounding area. The City Council appoints these board members as well and approves proposed debt issuances and/or rate adjustments of the utility. The City also has three Tax Increment Reinvestment Zones (TIRZ). One encompasses the areas known as the Creekside Shopping Center, one encompasses the area known as the "Milltown" area, and the newest is in the downtown district of New Braunfels. The City Council appoints the board members and approves the annual budgets as well. Therefore, City Management has included all the TIRZ and the New Braunfels Development Authority (NBDA) as blended component units. In January 2019, the Solms Landing Public Improvement District (PID) was created. The PID is a 98-acre development east of I-35 in the Creekside area and will incorporate a mixture of residential and non-residential developments. For reporting purposes, City Management includes the Solms Landing PID as a fiduciary fund.

The City interacts or contracts with various other governmental and non-governmental entities (e.g., Comal County, the New Braunfels Housing Authority, Texas Department of Transportation, and the New Braunfels Independent School District), but is not financially accountable for those entities.

FINANCIAL AND BUDGET MANAGEMENT

The City of New Braunfels maintains a system of budgetary controls, the objective of which is to ensure compliance with the legal provisions of the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council. The annual Operating Budget and Plan of Municipal Services is the foundation of said controls. It governs all expenditures within a certain fiscal year, which runs from October 1st to September 30th. The budget document also ensures that resource allocation aligns to the City's long-term financial planning and initiatives. The budget is proposed by the City Manager and adopted by the City Council in accordance with policies and procedures established by the City Charter, City Council ordinances, State requirements, and City policies. The budget is prepared and presented by fund (e.g., general fund), department (e.g., police), and expenditure group (e.g., employee expenses, operations expenses, and capital expenses).

The budget, as adopted by City Council, controls expenditures at the fund and/or department level. This means that although funds are allocated into individual line items in each budget and those line-item allocations are adopted as part of the budget, departments and City Management have some flexibility in expensing these funds. For example, City Management can approve transfers from one expenditure group to another i.e., employee expenditures to operating expenditures. City Council action is required only if a departmental budget and/or fund budget needs be increased/decreased.

In the Community Development Block Grant, Special Revenue and Grants Funds and NBEDC budgets, appropriations are controlled at the project level. As the City Council accepts federal entitlements and grants, as donations are received from outside sources, and as projects are approved, those proceeds are appropriated and available to departments to expend for identified City purposes and needs. Capital improvement funds are also controlled at the project level. Expenditures within the individual projects may span fiscal years. However, budgetary control is not exercised by fiscal year; it is by the total project cost and total project expenditures. This provides a more realistic approach to budgetary control for these types of activities.

Budget preparation begins with at least one City Council retreat to establish clear budget priorities of both the City Manager and City Council. During one of the retreats, the Five-Year Financial Forecast is presented which assists the City Council and Executive Leadership Team in setting and operationalizing budget priorities and goals. Budget development is a year-long process that includes several other functions. This is best illustrated in the graphic below:



The City's budget team facilitates a kickoff meeting in the early spring to instruct all City departments on their responsibilities regarding revenue/expenditure analysis and the creation of resource requests. City Management is provided performance and budget metrics to support the justification of new resource requests. The City Council will hold several workshops to thoroughly review the budget. The City Charter mandates that a proposed budget be presented to the City Council at least 45 days prior to the end of the fiscal year. Furthermore, the City Charter requires that a public hearing be held prior to the adoption of the budget. The City adopts a budget for all governmental funds. For more information, please refer to the City of New Braunfels FY 2024 Adopted Budget and Plan of Municipal Services which can be found at www.newbraunfels.gov. The city also adheres to a variety of other state requirements as part of adopting the annual budget and tax rate.

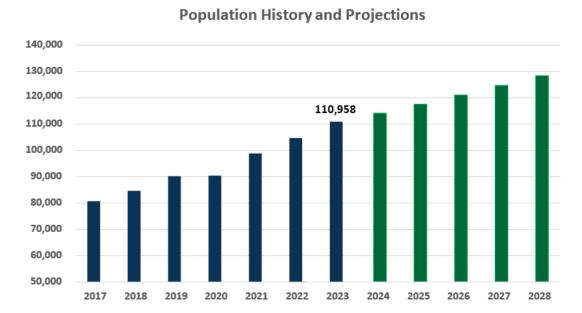
Monthly financial reports are generated that allow the leadership team, City Council, and citizens (as these reports are posted on the City's website) to monitor revenues, expenditures, and other key organizational/economic metrics. In addition, the Finance and Audit Committee, which is made up of the Mayor, Mayor Pro Tem, and one additional council member, meet quarterly to review the latest financial report as well as other key financial indicators such as our latest investment report and sales tax analysis. The Committee is also briefed on the status of the budget document and/or the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The national economy influences the New Braunfels and larger San Antonio economy in a variety of ways. Interest rates affect individual and business purchasing and construction. Inflation continued to be a concern for FY 2024, affecting local purchases and wages. An assessment of New Braunfels' economic performance and forecasting begins with a discussion around the widely documented and understood reality that New Braunfels has consistently been amongst the fastest growing cities in the United States. An examination of trends around New Braunfels' population growth suggests the city's attractiveness as a place to relocate has accelerated in recent decades. Since 2010, New Braunfels' population growth (92%) has more than tripled that of the San Antonio-New Braunfels MSA (24%) and nearly doubled that of the Austin MSA (41%).

The latest official census information for New Braunfels provides a July 2023 population estimate of 110,958. This represents a compounded annual growth rate (CAGR) of 4.4% since the 2010 census estimate of 57,740. While applying the 4.4% CAGR projection through the forecast period would make intuitive sense, there is a practical limitation to the number of people that can locate within city limits in each period. This growth rate of 4.4% means that, on average, approximately 3,900 people have located to the city every year since 2010. In some years this number was higher and in other years it was lower. The availability of developable property and other variables such as the construction of new water and wastewater infrastructure suggest that the 3,900 figure likely represents the upper bounds of annual population growth.

When a 4.4% CAGR is applied from the 2023 figures through the forecast period, this means that approximately 5,900 people are added annually for an estimated total population of 130,000 by 2028:



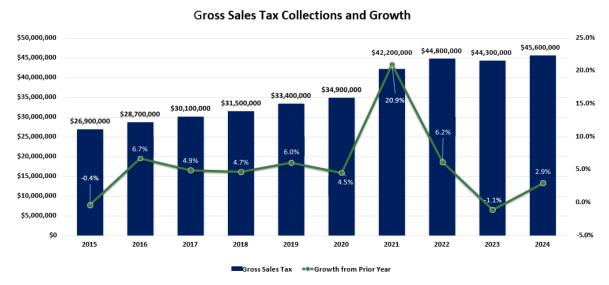
It is estimated that New Braunfels receives more than 3 million visitors a year. A 2023 economic impact analysis found that the tourism industry accounted for approximately \$1.3 billion in 2023, an increase of 10% from the 2022 analysis. In 2023, the hospitality industry employed 11,560 direct workers and supported another 3,855 indirect workers in spinoff jobs in the community.

Exclusive of government, the City's three largest industries in terms of the value of goods and services provided are retail trade, wholesale trade, and construction. Retail trade, accommodation and food services, health care and social assistance, construction, transportation and warehousing, manufacturing, administrative support services, wholesale trade, government (school district, local, state, and federal), and professional services provide the greatest number of jobs in the community.

New Braunfels' economic performance and overall growth is somewhat linked to the broader San Antonio region. While employment growth in the region is slower than the state, the region continues to see low unemployment and wage growth. New Braunfels' attraction to college educated adults is leading to higher shares of the population having completed a bachelor's degree or greater. This is likely to lead to continued household income growth overall. A recent market analysis of all major commercial real estate classes – office, retail, industrial, and hospitality- showed that New Braunfels occupancy rates and rent growth is among the strongest in the region. As such, the City can expect to see the private sector move to meet the demand for these uses in the area. The question of whether those potential projects can be accommodated within the City limits, however, is a question of the availability of a clear path towards redevelopment and infill of parcels.

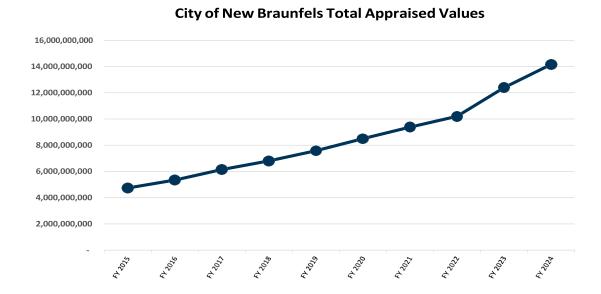
Sales Tax Activity

Sales taxes represent the single largest source of revenue to the City's General Fund. In addition, due to the positive effect that tourism has on our economy, sales tax collections are somewhat seasonal, with the largest monthly collections occurring during the summer. As depicted in the graph, sales tax revenue has experienced fluctuating growth over the past decade. In Fiscal Year 2023, there was a decline in sales tax revenue compared to F iscal Year 2022. This decrease was primarily due to the inclusion of sales tax revenue in F iscal Year 2022 from the City's largest taxpayer, who altered their business model during that year. This change resulted in a significant reduction in tax remitted to the City in Fiscal Year 2023. Additionally, a correction made by the Comptroller's Office in Fiscal Year 2023 addressed an error where sales tax payments from a large taxpayer—whose location had been incorrectly identified as within the city limits—had been included in the City's prior payments. However, sales tax revenue for Fiscal Year 2024 increased by 2.9% over Fiscal Year 2023, marking a record year in terms of gross sales tax revenue.



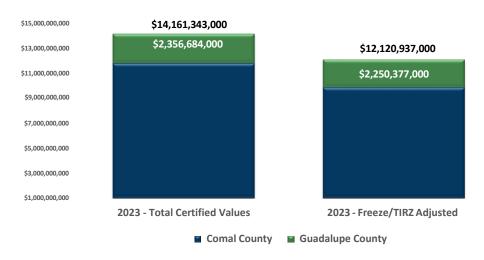
Property Values and Tax Rate

As mentioned earlier, the City of New Braunfels has been, and continues to be recognized as, one of the fastest growing cities in the country. The increase in population has resulted in an increase in the demand for City services. As can be seen in the graph below, population growth has had a direct impact on the total increase in commercial, industrial, and residential property values. The following graph provides the most current available data through tax year 2023 (Fiscal Year 2024).



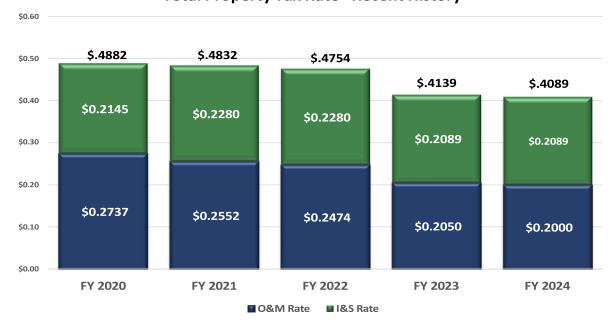
For tax year 2023 (Fiscal Year 2024) total appraised values were approximately \$14.1 billion dollars, which represented a 14.3% increase from the prior year. Freeze adjusted values, which adjusts for the values that are impacted by the over-65 property tax exemption as well as the TIRZ, totaled \$12.1 billion.





Growth in property tax values has allowed the City to maintain, and even reduce its tax rate in recent history, as evidenced in the following graph.

Total Property Tax Rate - Recent History



Major Developments

In 2007, the City established its first Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone (TIRZ) to support the development of a 400 - acre master-planned, mixed-use project (Creekside TIRZ). At the time, the total value of all property within the district was approximately \$5 million. Today, the development features over 1 million square feet of retail space, a 130-bed hospital, various dining options, housing, and an entertainment complex. The total taxable value of improvements within the zone now exceeds \$700 million. The next phase of development will focus on expanding housing and entertainment offerings. In 2024, Top Golf began construction within the development, which is expected to be the catalyst for continued entertainment focused development within the town center. In 2022, the City broke ground on a new fire station within the TIRZ boundaries, fully supported by the Creekside TIRZ. Fire Station #7 became operational in May 2024.



Fire Station #7 Uncoupling Ceremony

In the fall of 2019, the City Council established the boundaries of TIRZ #2. The zone is located in and around the area traditionally known as "Milltown" and includes some or all properties adjacent to McKenna Avenue, Oasis Street, Wright Avenue, Porter Street, and Rusk Avenue, including the Faust Street Bridge and Beaty Street. The redevelopment plan anticipates a mix of uses on the site to include a hotel, multi-family housing, office, retail, and entertainment spaces exceeding \$100 million in total project costs.

In 2021, the City established the boundaries of TIRZ #3, which is entirely made up of portions of the downtown area. TIRZ #3 will serve as a reinvestment tool to allow for targeted infrastructure investments in the downtown area. There are several major redevelopment projects in various stages of development in the downtown area and TIRZ #3 will provide a dedicated funding source to ensure that the infrastructure in and around these areas are adequate.

Veramendi and Mayfair, which are both water control and improvement districts (WCID) are currently in different stages of development. These master planned communities will include a variety of residential and commercial uses. While these developments are outside of the city limits, the City has entered into development agreements with each agency. As a result of these agreements, the City will receive development related revenue as well as sales taxes on commercial properties. The City is also positioned to gain indirect economic benefits as these developments progress.

While greenfield residential development has been progressing rapidly over the past 10 to 15 years, the City is now seeing a rise in infill development, both residential and commercial. The City anticipates that tourism will remain robust, as New Braunfels continues to offer exceptional attractions at affordable prices. Together, the diverse range of attractions, natural resources, and commercial/industrial development contribute to a strong and positive long - term economic outlook.

MAJOR INITIATIVES AND ACCOMPLISHMENTS

Strategic Plan

In the summer of 2023, the City initiated a comprehensive process to update its Strategic Plan, with the finalized version adopted in April 2024. The updated plan outlines five key Strategic Priorities:

- Economic Mobility
- Enhanced Connectivity
- Community Identity
- Organizational Excellence
- Community Well-being

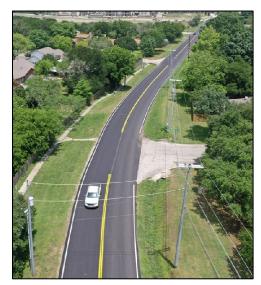
These priorities are supported by 39 objectives and 62 performance measures, which have been and will continue to be used to guide the development of the fiscal and operational policies and resource allocation for the City of New Braunfels.

Capital Investment

Over the last 20 years, more than \$400 million in capital improvement investments have either been completed or are currently underway. \$93 million stems from the 2013 bond projects, \$143 million from the 2019 bond projects, and \$140 million from the 2023 bond projects. Projects funded by bond programs have allowed for improvements in streets and drainage, public safety, libraries, and quality of life. The following pictures are several of the bond projects that are recently completed or currently under construction.



Alligator Creek Trail - West



Hunter Road



Landa Lake Dam



Fire Station #5 Renovation Rendering



Zipp Family Sports Park

Additional detail on completed or in progress capital investments can be found in the Operating Budget and Plan of Municipal Services Document or on the City's website.

Future Capital Investment

In May of 2023, citizens voted in favor of an additional \$140 million in continued capital investment. The 2023 bond program is comprised of three propositions. The streets proposition totals nearly \$99 million, with the remaining funding going towards a proposition for parks and for a southeast library branch. The 2023 bond program was developed over a nearly two-year process, which involved a bond advisory committee, citizen survey, an update to the City's Capital Improvement Plan, and multiple public input meetings. These efforts then led to the City Council determining a final composition of the projects and propositions. In addition to the \$140 million investment, the NBEDC has committed to an additional \$25 million of projects that were originally considered by the bond committee as well as additional investments including \$8 million of additional parkland (pictured below).







Northwest Park Land

Maintaining and meeting service level expectations from the community

Maintaining and enhancing service levels has been a significant challenge for the City and continues to be so. However, the Fiscal Year 2024 operations and maintenance portion of the tax rate remains lower than it was in Fiscal Year 1998. Over the past 15 years, the City has made substantial investments in infrastructure and services, including the opening and staffing of new fire stations, a new police department facility, and a Veterans' Memorial. The City has also established operations at several new parks and recreation facilities, such as Fischer Park and the Das Rec Recreation Center, completed Phase 1 of the new Mission Hill Park, and opened and staffed the new West Side Library. In addition, the City has expanded its streets maintenance crews, added positions to streamline the development review process, established a transportation and capital improvements division, and increased staffing in both the police and fire departments, among numerous other initiatives. The City remains committed to prioritizing investments in technology and equipment to further enhance efficiency and productivity.

RESERVES AND BOND RATING

The General Fund ended the year with a total fund balance of \$34 million. This balance provides adequate protection against unforeseen occurrences and fluctuations in revenue sources. The City's financial policies require fund balance of at least 25 percent of operating expenditures; however, the City has maintained a minimum of a 30 percent of recurring expenditures fund balance to protect our bond rating. Growth in fund balance continues to be driven by conservative budgeting policies. As a result, the organization carried surplus reserves over the past four fiscal years. This has provided the opportunity to make significant investments in one-time equipment and initiatives. The City's commitment to sound financial management and strong reserves is reflected by its Standard and Poor's rating of AA, Moody's rating of Aa2, and Fitch rating of AA.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of New Braunfels for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. This report must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements. This was the 16th year that the City has achieved this prestigious award (in recent history).

The Triple Crown Award designation recognizes governments who have received GFOA's Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting, Popular Annual Financial Reporting Award and Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for a fiscal year. The City of New Braunfels has achieved this distinction annually since 2019.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Annual Comprehensive Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The timely preparation of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report requires significant cooperation and teamwork. In recognition of this, the Finance Department expresses its sincere appreciation for the leadership and support provided by the City Council, the Finance and Audit Committee, and the City Manager's Office. Additionally, the collaborative efforts of our Finance team and the external audit firm were instrumental in the successful completion of this report.

Respectfully Submitted,

Robert Camareno

City Manager

Sandy Paulos

Director of Finance



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of New Braunfels Texas

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2023

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



NEW BRAUNFELS CITY COUNCIL



Mayor Neal Linnartz nlinnartz@newbraunfels.gov



District One & Mayor Pro Tem Andrés Campos acampos@newbraunfels.gov



District Two Christopher Willis cwillis@newbraunfels.gov



District Three
D. Lee Edwards
dledwards@newbraunfels.gov



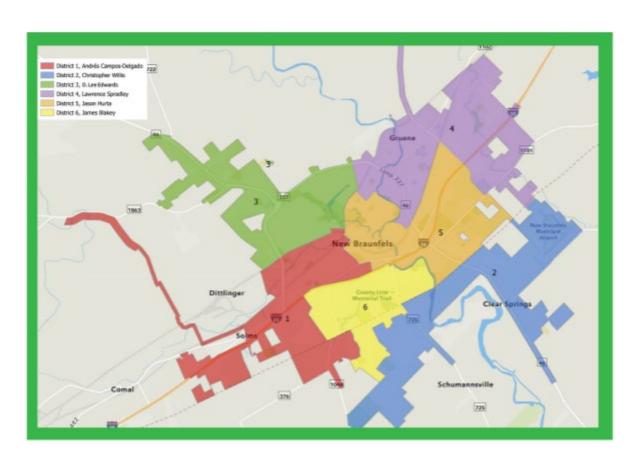
District Four Lawrence Spradley Ispradley@newbraunfels.gov



District Five Mary Ann Labowski mlabowski@newbraunfels.gov



District Six
April Ryan
april.ryan@newbraunfels.gov







INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council Members of the City of New Braunfels, Texas

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of New Braunfels (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of September 30. 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the New Braunfels Utilities, a discrete component unit of the city ("NBU"), which represent 98 percent and 96 percent, respectively, of the assets and net position of the aggregate discretely presented component units as of July 31, 2024, and 97 percent of the revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units for the year then ended. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for NBU, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules of changes and contributions related to the City and NBU's participation in various pension and OPEB plans as identified on the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance

with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of other auditors, the the combining statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 21, 2025 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Crowe LLP

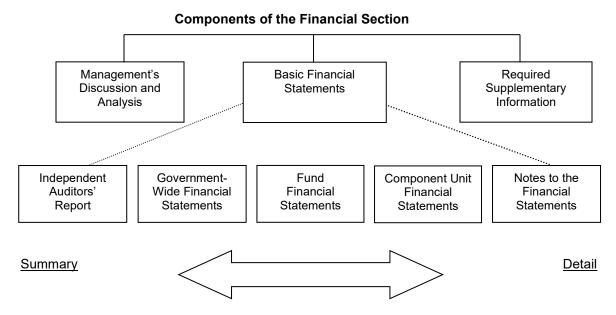
Caus LLP

Houston, Texas March 21, 2025



The purpose of the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is to give the readers an objective and easily readable analysis of the financial activities of the City of New Braunfels, Texas (the "City") for the year ending September 30, 2024. The analysis is based on currently known facts, decisions, or economic conditions. It presents short and long-term analysis of the City's activities, compares current year results with those of the prior year, and discusses the positive and negative aspects of that comparison. Please read the MD&A in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

THE STRUCTURE OF OUR ANNUAL REPORT



The City's basic financial statements include (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) individual fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information for the City as a whole. These statements include transactions and balances relating to all assets, including infrastructure capital assets. These statements are designed to provide information about cost of services, operating results, and financial position of the City as an economic entity. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which appear first in the City's financial statements, report information on the City's activities that enable the reader to understand the financial condition of the City. These statements are prepared using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account even if cash has not yet changed hands.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the City's assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. Other nonfinancial factors, such as the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's infrastructure, need to be considered to assess the overall health of the City.

(Continued)

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows – the accrual method rather than modified accrual that is used in the fund level statements.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities divide the City's financials into two classes of activities:

- Governmental Activities The City's tax-supported services are reported here including police and fire protection (public safety), streets and drainage (public works), library, finance and tax, parks and recreation, planning and environmental development, and general administrative services (general government). Interest payments on the City's tax-supported debt are also reported here. Property tax, sales tax, franchise fees, municipal court fines, and permit fees finance most of these activities.
- 2. Business-Type Activities Services involving a fee for those services are reported here. These services include the City's airport, solid waste, golf course, and civic/convention center services, as well as interest payments on debt issued for equipment financing.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate economic development corporation and a legally separate utilities entity for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. The Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone No. 1 (TIRZ), the New Braunfels Development Authority (NBDA), the River Mill TIRZ, and the Downtown TIRZ although legally separate, function for all practical purposes as departments of the City and have been included as an integral part of the primary government.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Funds may be considered as operating companies of the parent corporation, which is the City. They are usually segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal reporting requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

(Continued)

The City maintains 43 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the debt service, 2019 capital improvement, 2023 capital improvement, parks improvement, and grant funds, which are considered to be major funds for reporting purposes. The general obligations, hotel/motel tax, and roadway impact fees funds are not major funds, but the City has elected to present them as major due to their significance.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund, debt service fund, and select special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

Proprietary Fund

The City maintains two types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its airport, solid waste, golf course, and civic/convention center services. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the airport, solid waste, golf course, and civic/convention center operations. The proprietary fund financial statements can be found in the basic financial statements of this report.

The City also uses an internal service fund to account for its self-funded health plan and city-wide fleet services. These internal service funds have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the government. Fiduciary funds are not reported in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The City maintains two types of fiduciary funds. The private-purpose trust fund is used to report resources held in trust for contributions and payments made on behalf of the Solms Landing Public Improvement District (the "PID"). The custodial fund is used to report the collection of special assessment tax revenue and the associated contributions to the private-purpose trust fund. The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found in the basic financial statements of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes are the last section of the basic financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to basic financial statements, MD&A, and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain Required Supplementary Information (RSI). The RSI includes a budgetary comparison schedule for the general, grants, and hotel/motel tax funds, schedules of changes in net pension liability and related ratios for the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS), a schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios for the TMRS Supplemental Death Benefit Fund, schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios for the Retiree Benefits program, and schedules of contributions for TMRS. RSI can be found after the notes to the basic financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. Assets and deferred outflows of resources exceed liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$139,901,405 as of September 30, 2024 for the primary government. This compares with \$123,760,370 from the prior fiscal year. A portion of the City's net position, \$81,415,003, reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, equipment, construction in progress, and infrastructure), less any outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Statement of Net Position

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position:

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total Primary Government	
					Covernment	
	<u>2024</u>	2023	2024	2023	<u>2024</u>	2023
ASSETS						
Current and other assets	\$ 226,301,675	\$ 208,664,758	\$ 16,075,277	\$ 11,057,752	\$ 242,376,952	\$ 219,722,510
Capital assets, net	293,904,351	260,252,340	24,159,782	26,124,633	318,064,133	286,376,973
Total assets	520,206,026	468,917,098	40,235,059	37,182,385	560,441,085	506,099,483
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS ON RESOURCES						
Deferred charge on refunding	745,678	959,505			745,678	959,505
Deferred outflows - pensions	17,979,322	23,545,470	1,859,510	2,346,901	19,838,832	25,892,371
Deferred outflows - Deferred outflows - OPEB	902,336	1,028,996	73,065	84,155	975,401	1,113,151
Total deferred outflows of resources	19,627,336	25,533,971	1,932,575	2,431,056	21,559,911	27,965,027
Total deferred outflows of resources	19,027,330	25,555,971	1,932,373	2,431,030	21,559,911	27,905,027
LIABILITIES						
Long-term liabilities	396,631,953	365,577,904	6,027,332	6,415,619	402,659,285	371,993,523
Other liabilities	31,569,013	29,106,467	1,981,268	1,986,501	33,550,281	31,092,968
Total liabilities	428,200,966	394,684,371	8,008,600	8,402,120	436,209,566	403,086,491
DEFERRED INFLOWS						
ON RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows - leases	566,681	574,102	1,694,969	1,387,091	2,261,650	1,961,193
Deferred inflows - grants	280,260	-	-	-	280,260	-
Deferred inflows - pensions	518,019	-	45,360	-	563,379	-
Deferred inflows - OPEB	2,522,151	4,794,863	262,585	461,593	2,784,736	5,256,456
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,887,111	5,368,965	2,002,914	1,848,684	5,890,025	7,217,649
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	57,282,700	38,706,190	24,132,303	26,069,805	81,415,003	64,775,995
Restricted	113,579,896	54,789,238	24, 132,303	20,009,005	113,579,896	54,789,238
Unrestricted	(63,117,311)	902,305	8,023,817	3,292,832	(55,093,494)	4,195,137
Of a Cottlotod	(00,117,011)	302,000	5,320,017	5,252,002	(00,000,404)	1, 100, 101
Total net position	\$ 107,745,285	\$ 94,397,733	\$ 32,156,120	\$ 29,362,637	\$ 139,901,405	\$ 123,760,370

A portion of the primary government's net position, \$113,579,896, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The balance of unrestricted net position is a deficit balance of \$55,903,494.

(Continued)

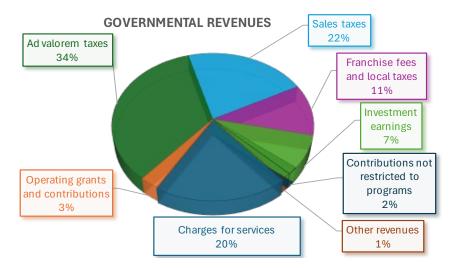
The City's total net position increased by \$16,141,035 during the current fiscal year. Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased due to capital additions in excess of depreciation expense, as the City continued to add infrastructure to sustain growth. Long-term liabilities increased during the year primarily due to the issuance of new long-term debt and other liabilities during the year.

Statement of Activities

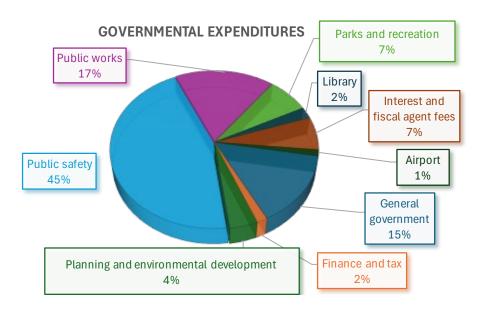
The following table provides a summary of the City's changes in net position:

Post						Total		
Revenues		_	Governmental Bus		, ,	Primary		
Program revenues:		Activ	vities	Activ	Activities Go		vernment	
Program revenues		<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	
Charges for services Operating grants and contributions \$32,839,052 \$32,453,912 \$18,743,016 \$18,350,775 \$51,562,068 \$50,804,687 Operating grants and contributions 4,497,718 3,044,408 374,000 - 4,871,718 3,044,408 Capital grants and contributions - - 1,009,962 3,081,470 1,009,962 3,081,470 General revenues: Property taxes 57,533,753 52,102,388 3,616,607 - - 3,5837,335 34,516,607 Franchise fees and local taxe Investment earnings 19,022,205 18,546,923 - - 19,022,205 18,546,923 Contributions not restricted to programs 2,630,647 8,025,412 - 182,195 2,790,719 6,931,463 Gain on disposal of capital assets 2,437,995 6,660,591 352,724 270,872 2,790,719 6,931,463 General government 22,222,702 18,361,048 - - 2,287,077 1,732,848 Planing and environomental development 6,090,934 5,667,729 - - 2,090,934 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>								
Operating grants and contributions 4,497,718 3,044,408 374,000 - 4,871,718 3,044,408 Capital grants and contributions 1,009,962 3,081,470 1,009,962 3,081,470 General revenues: 57,533,753 52,102,388 57,533,753 52,102,388 Sales taxes 35,837,335 34,516,607 33,837,335 34,516,607 Franchise fees and local taxel investment earnings 12,188,593 8,706,006 246,677 182,195 12,435,270 8,888,201 Contributions not restricted to programs 2,630,647 8,025,412 2,2630,647 8,025,412 2,2630,647 8,025,412 2,2630,647 8,025,412 2,2630,647 8,025,412 2,2630,647 8,025,412 2,270,771 6,931,463 6,931,463 6,660,591 352,724 270,872 2,790,719 6,931,463 6,660,591 352,724 270,872 2,790,719 6,931,463 6,931,463 6,660,591 352,724 270,872 2,790,719 6,931,463 6,931,463 6,931,463 6,931,463 6,931,463 6,931,463	3							
contributions 4,497,718 3,044,408 374,000 - 4,871,718 3,044,408 Capital grants and contributions - - 1,009,962 3,081,470 1,009,962 3,081,470 General revenues: Property taxes 57,533,753 52,102,388 - - 57,533,753 52,102,388 Sales taxes 35,837,335 34,516,607 - - 35,837,335 34,516,607 Franchise fees and local taxe Investment earnings 19,022,205 18,546,923 - - 19,022,205 18,546,923 Contributions not restricted to programs 2,630,647 8,025,412 - - - 2,265,412 - - 2,230,677 8,025,412 Other revenues 2,437,995 6,660,591 352,724 270,727 2,790,719 6,931,463 Gain on disposal of capital assets - 2,817,167 2,250 14,363 2,250 188,715,927 188,773,089 Expenses General government 22,222,702 18,361,048 - - 2,237,077 <	3	\$ 32,839,052	\$ 32,453,912	\$ 18,743,016	\$ 18,350,775	\$ 51,582,068	\$ 50,804,687	
Capital grants and contributions		4 407 740	0.044.400	074 000		4 074 740	0.044.400	
contributions - - 1,009,962 3,081,470 1,009,962 3,081,470 General revenues: Property taxes 57,533,753 52,102,388 - - 57,533,753 52,102,388 Sales taxes 35,837,335 34,516,607 - - 19,022,205 18,546,923 Investment earnings 12,188,593 8,706,006 246,677 182,195 12,435,270 8,888,201 Contributions not restricted to programs 2,630,647 8,025,412 - - 2,630,647 8,025,412 Other revenues 2,437,995 6,660,591 352,724 270,872 2,790,719 6,931,463 Gain on disposal of capital assets - 2,817,167 2,250 14,363 2,250 188,715,927 188,773,089 Expenses General government 22,222,702 18,361,048 - - 2,21,707 1,732,848 Planning and environmental development 6,090,934 5,667,729 - - 6,090,934 5,667,729 Public safety 69,162,016		4,497,718	3,044,408	374,000	-	4,871,718	3,044,408	
Property taxes	· •			4 000 000	0.004.470	4 000 000	0.004.470	
Property taxes 57,533,753 52,102,388 - 57,533,753 52,102,388 Sales taxes 35,837,335 34,516,607 - - 35,837,335 34,516,607 Franchise fees and local taxe 19,022,205 18,546,923 - - 19,022,205 18,546,923 Investment earnings 12,188,593 8,706,006 246,677 182,195 12,435,270 8,888,201 Contributions not restricted to programs 2,630,647 8,025,412 - - 2,630,647 8,025,412 Other revenues 2,437,995 6,660,591 352,724 270,872 2,790,719 6,931,463 Gain on disposal of capital assets - 2,817,167 2,250 14,363 2,250 188,7715,927 188,773,089 Expenses General government 22,222,702 18,361,048 - - 2,237,077 1,732,848 - - 2,222,702 18,361,048 - - 2,237,077 1,732,848 - - 2,237,077 1,732,848 - - 2,237,07		-	-	1,009,962	3,081,470	1,009,962	3,081,470	
Sales taxes 35,837,335 34,516,607 - 35,837,335 34,516,607 Franchise fees and local taxe 19,022,205 18,546,923 - - 19,022,205 18,546,923 Investment earnings 12,188,593 8,706,006 246,677 182,195 12,435,270 8,888,201 Contributions not restricted to programs 2,630,647 8,025,412 - 2,630,647 2,790,719 6,931,463 Gain on disposal of capital assets - 2,817,167 2,250 14,363 2,250 2,831,530 Total revenues 166,987,298 166,873,414 20,728,629 21,899,675 187,715,927 188,773,089 Expenses 4 2,221,702 18,361,048 - - 2,237,077 1,732,848 Planning and environmental development 6,090,934 5,667,729 - - 6,990,934 5,667,729 Public safety 69,162,016 62,482,323 - - 69,162,016 62,482,323 Public works 25,917,148 31,166,188 - -		E7 E22 7E2	E2 102 200			E7 E22 7E2	E2 102 200	
Franchise fees and local taxe			, ,	-	-			
Investment earnings		, ,	, ,	-	-			
Contributions not restricted to programs 2,630,647 8,025,412 - 2.630,647 2,050,041 352,724 2,70,772 2,790,719 6,931,463 Gain on disposal of capital assets - 2,817,167 2,250 14,363 2,250 2,831,530 Total revenues 166,987,298 166,873,414 20,728,629 21,899,675 187,715,927 188,773,089 Expenses General government 22,222,702 18,361,048 - 2.2222,702 18,361,048 Finance and tax 2,237,077 1,732,848 - 2.237,077 1,732,848 Planning and environmental development 6,090,934 5,667,729 - 5.60,909,934 5,667,729 Public safety 69,162,016 62,482,323 - 69,162,016 62,482,323 Public works 25,917,148 31,166,168 - 25,917,148 31,166,168 Parks and recreation 10,963,013 10,345,668 - 10,963,013 10,345,668 Civic/convention center - 1,309,114 1,246,041 1,309,114 1,246,041 1,309,114 1,246,041 1,309,114 1,246,041 1,309,114				- 040.077	400 405			
restricted to programs Other revenues 2,630,647 8,025,412 - - 2,630,647 8,025,412 Other revenues Gain on disposal of capital assets 2,437,995 6,660,591 352,724 270,872 2,790,719 6,931,463 Total revenues 166,987,298 166,873,414 20,728,629 21,899,675 187,715,927 188,773,089 Expenses General government 22,222,702 18,361,048 - - 2,237,077 1,732,848 Planning and environmental development 6,090,934 5,667,729 - - 6,909,934 5,667,729 Public safety 69,162,016 62,482,323 - - 69,162,016 62,482,323 Public works 25,917,148 31,166,168 - - 25,917,148 31,166,168 Civic/convention center 0,963,013 10,345,668 - - 10,963,013 10,345,668 Civic/convention center 0,268,375 14,842,161 - - 10,963,013 10,345,668 Civic/convention center 0,268,375 14,842,161	· ·	12,188,593	8,706,006	246,677	182,195	12,435,270	8,888,201	
Other revenues 2,437,995 6,660,591 352,724 270,872 2,790,719 6,931,463 Gain on disposal of capital assets - 2,817,167 2,250 14,363 2,250 2,831,530 Total revenues 166,987,298 166,873,414 20,728,629 21,899,675 187,715,927 188,773,089 Expenses Seneral government 22,222,702 18,361,048 - - 22,222,702 18,361,048 Finance and tax 2,237,077 1,732,848 - - 2,237,077 1,732,848 Planning and environmental development 6,090,934 5,667,729 - - 6,909,934 5,667,729 Public safety 69,162,016 62,482,323 - - 69,162,016 62,482,323 Public works 25,917,148 31,166,168 - - 25,917,148 31,166,168 Civic/convention center - - 1,309,114 1,246,041 1,309,114 1,246,041 Library 3,502,449 2,793,210 - - 3,502		0.000.047	0.005.440			0.000.047	0.005.440	
Gain on disposal of capital assets - 2,817,167 2,250 14,363 2,250 2,831,530 Total revenues 166,987,298 166,873,414 20,728,629 21,899,675 187,715,927 188,773,089 Expenses Sepenses General government 22,222,702 18,361,048 - - 22,222,707 1,732,848 Planning and environmental development 6,090,934 5,667,729 - - 6,090,934 5,667,729 Public safety 69,162,016 62,482,323 - - 69,162,016 62,482,323 Public works 25,917,148 31,166,168 - - 25,917,148 31,166,168 Parks and recreation 10,963,013 10,345,668 - - 25,917,148 31,166,168 Parks and fiscal agent fees 10,963,013 10,345,668 - - 10,963,013 10,345,668 Civic/convention center - - - 1,309,114 1,246,041 1,309,114 1,246,041 Library 3,502,449 2,793,210 <td>, ,</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	, ,							
capital assets - 2,817,167 2,250 14,363 2,250 2,831,530 Total revenues 166,987,298 166,873,414 20,728,629 21,899,675 187,715,927 188,773,089 Expenses Seneral government 22,222,702 18,361,048 - - 22,222,707 1,732,848 Planning and environmental development 6,090,934 5,667,729 - - 6,090,934 5,667,729 Public safety 69,162,016 62,482,323 - - 69,162,016 62,482,323 Public works 25,917,148 31,166,168 - - 25,917,148 31,166,168 Parks and recreation 10,963,013 10,345,668 - - 10,963,013 10,345,668 Civic/convention center - - - 1,309,114 1,246,041 1,309,114 1,246,041 Library 3,502,449 2,793,210 - - - 10,268,375 14,842,161 Airport 390,572 72,443 5,402,713 5,152,896 <td></td> <td>2,437,995</td> <td>6,660,591</td> <td>352,724</td> <td>270,872</td> <td>2,790,719</td> <td>6,931,463</td>		2,437,995	6,660,591	352,724	270,872	2,790,719	6,931,463	
Total revenues 166,987,298 166,873,414 20,728,629 21,899,675 187,715,927 188,773,089 Expenses General government Finance and tax 22,222,702 18,361,048 - - 22,227,007 18,361,048 Planning and environmental development development 6,090,934 5,667,729 - - 6,090,934 5,667,729 Public safety 69,162,016 62,482,323 - - 69,162,016 62,482,323 Public works 25,917,148 31,166,168 - - 25,917,148 31,166,168 Parks and recreation 10,963,013 10,345,668 - - 10,963,013 10,345,668 Civic/convention center - - 1,309,114 1,246,041 1,309,114 1,246,041 Library 3,502,449 2,793,210 - - 3,502,449 2,793,210 Interest and fiscal agent fees 10,268,375 14,842,161 - - 10,268,375 14,842,161 Airport 390,572 72,443 5,402,71			0.047.407	0.050	44.000	0.050	0.004.500	
Expenses General government 22,222,702 18,361,048 Finance and tax 2,237,077 1,732,848 Finance and tax 2,237,077 1,732,848 Planning and environmental development 6,090,934 5,667,729 Public safety 69,162,016 62,482,323 69,162,016 62,482,323 Public works 25,917,148 31,166,168 Parks and recreation 10,963,013 10,345,668 Parks and recreation 10,963,013 10,345,668 Civic/convention center - 1,309,114 1,246,041 1,309,114 1,246,041 Library 3,502,449 2,793,210 Interest and fiscal agent fees 10,268,375 14,842,161 10,268,375 14,842,161 Airport 390,572 72,443 5,402,713 5,152,896 5,793,285 5,225,339 Solid waste - 11,560,331 11,040,163 11,560,331 11,040,163 Golf course - 150,754,286 147,463,598 20,820,606 19,859,068 171,574,892 167,322,666 Increase in net position before transfers 16,233,012 19,409,816 (91,977) 2,040,607 16,141,035 21,450,423 Transfers in (out) (2,885,460) 2,278,281 2,885,460 (2,278,281) Change in net position 94,397,733 72,709,636 29,362,637 29,600,311 123,760,370 102,309,947	•							
General government 22,222,702 18,361,048 - - 22,222,702 18,361,048 Finance and tax 2,237,077 1,732,848 - - 2,237,077 1,732,848 Planning and environmental development 6,090,934 5,667,729 - - 6,090,934 5,667,729 Public safety 69,162,016 62,482,323 - - 69,162,016 62,482,323 Public works 25,917,148 31,166,168 - - 25,917,148 31,166,168 Parks and recreation 10,963,013 10,345,668 - - 10,963,013 10,345,668 Civic/convention center - - 1,309,114 1,246,041 1,309,114 1,246,041 Library 3,502,449 2,793,210 - - 3,502,449 2,793,210 Interest and fiscal agent fees 10,268,375 14,842,161 - - 10,268,375 14,842,161 Airport 390,572 72,443 5,402,713 5,152,896 5,793,285 5,225,339	Total revenues	166,987,298	166,873,414	20,728,629	21,899,675	187,715,927	188,773,089	
General government 22,222,702 18,361,048 - - 22,222,702 18,361,048 Finance and tax 2,237,077 1,732,848 - - 2,237,077 1,732,848 Planning and environmental development 6,090,934 5,667,729 - - 6,090,934 5,667,729 Public safety 69,162,016 62,482,323 - - 69,162,016 62,482,323 Public works 25,917,148 31,166,168 - - 25,917,148 31,166,168 Parks and recreation 10,963,013 10,345,668 - - 10,963,013 10,345,668 Civic/convention center - - 1,309,114 1,246,041 1,309,114 1,246,041 Library 3,502,449 2,793,210 - - 3,502,449 2,793,210 Interest and fiscal agent fees 10,268,375 14,842,161 - - 10,268,375 14,842,161 Airport 390,572 72,443 5,402,713 5,152,896 5,793,285 5,225,339	Expenses							
Finance and tax 2,237,077 1,732,848 - - 2,237,077 1,732,848 Planning and environmental development 6,090,934 5,667,729 - - 6,090,934 5,667,729 Public safety 69,162,016 62,482,323 - - 69,162,016 62,482,323 Public works 25,917,148 31,166,168 - - 25,917,148 31,166,168 Parks and recreation 10,963,013 10,345,668 - - 10,963,013 10,345,668 Civic/convention center - - 1,309,114 1,246,041 1,309,114 1,246,041 Library 3,502,449 2,793,210 - - 3,502,449 2,793,210 Interest and fiscal agent fees 10,268,375 14,842,161 - - 10,268,375 14,842,161 Airport 390,572 72,443 5,402,713 5,152,896 5,793,285 5,225,339 Solid waste - - - 1,560,331 11,040,163 11,560,331 11,040,163	•	22.222.702	18.361.048	_	_	22.222.702	18.361.048	
Planning and environmental development 6,090,934 5,667,729 - - 6,090,934 5,667,729 Public safety 69,162,016 62,482,323 - - 69,162,016 62,482,323 Public works 25,917,148 31,166,168 - - 25,917,148 31,166,168 Parks and recreation 10,963,013 10,345,668 - - 10,963,013 10,345,668 Civic/convention center - - 1,309,114 1,246,041 1,309,114 1,246,041 Library 3,502,449 2,793,210 - - 3,502,449 2,793,210 Interest and fiscal agent fees 10,268,375 14,842,161 - - 10,268,375 14,842,161 Airport 390,572 72,443 5,402,713 5,152,896 5,793,285 5,225,339 Solid waste - - 11,560,331 11,040,163 11,560,331 11,040,163 Golf course - - 2,548,448 2,419,968 2,548,448 2,419,968			, ,	_	_			
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Public safety 69,162,016 62,482,323 - - 69,162,016 62,482,323 Public works 25,917,148 31,166,168 - - 25,917,148 31,166,168 Parks and recreation 10,963,013 10,345,668 - - 10,963,013 10,345,668 Civic/convention center - - 1,309,114 1,246,041 1,309,114 1,246,041 Library 3,502,449 2,793,210 - - 3,502,449 2,793,210 Interest and fiscal agent fees 10,268,375 14,842,161 - - 10,268,375 14,842,161 Airport 390,572 72,443 5,402,713 5,152,896 5,793,285 5,225,339 Solid waste - - 11,560,331 11,040,163 11,560,331 11,040,163 Golf course - - 2,548,448 2,419,968 2,548,448 2,419,968 Total expenses 150,754,286 147,463,598 20,820,606 19,859,068 171,574,892 167,322,666	S .	6.090.934	5.667.729	_	_	6.090.934	5.667.729	
Public works 25,917,148 31,166,168 - - 25,917,148 31,166,168 Parks and recreation 10,963,013 10,345,668 - - 10,963,013 10,345,668 Civic/convention center - - 1,309,114 1,246,041 1,309,114 1,246,041 Library 3,502,449 2,793,210 - - 3,502,449 2,793,210 Interest and fiscal agent fees 10,268,375 14,842,161 - - 10,268,375 14,842,161 Airport 390,572 72,443 5,402,713 5,152,896 5,793,285 5,225,339 Solid waste - - 11,560,331 11,040,163 11,560,331 11,040,163 Golf course - - 2,548,448 2,419,968 2,548,448 2,419,968 Total expenses 150,754,286 147,463,598 20,820,606 19,859,068 171,574,892 167,322,666 Increase in net position before transfers 16,233,012 19,409,816 (91,977) 2,040,607 16,	•	, ,	, ,	_	_			
Parks and recreation 10,963,013 10,345,668 - - 10,963,013 10,345,668 Civic/convention center - - 1,309,114 1,246,041 1,309,114 1,246,041 Library 3,502,449 2,793,210 - - 3,502,449 2,793,210 Interest and fiscal agent fees 10,268,375 14,842,161 - - 10,268,375 14,842,161 Airport 390,572 72,443 5,402,713 5,152,896 5,793,285 5,225,339 Solid waste - - 11,560,331 11,040,163 11,560,331 11,040,163 Golf course - - 2,548,448 2,419,968 2,548,448 2,419,968 Total expenses 150,754,286 147,463,598 20,820,606 19,859,068 171,574,892 167,322,666 Increase in net position before transfers 16,233,012 19,409,816 (91,977) 2,040,607 16,141,035 21,450,423 Transfers in (out) (2,885,460) 2,278,281 2,885,460 (2,278,2	Public works	25.917.148	31.166.168	_	_	25.917.148	31.166.168	
Library 3,502,449 2,793,210 3,502,449 2,793,210 Interest and fiscal agent fees 10,268,375 14,842,161 10,268,375 14,842,161 Airport 390,572 72,443 5,402,713 5,152,896 5,793,285 5,225,339 Solid waste 11,560,331 11,040,163 11,560,331 11,040,163 Golf course - 2,548,448 2,419,968 2,548,448 2,419,968 Total expenses 150,754,286 147,463,598 20,820,606 19,859,068 171,574,892 167,322,666 Increase in net position before transfers 16,233,012 19,409,816 (91,977) 2,040,607 16,141,035 21,450,423 Transfers in (out) (2,885,460) 2,278,281 2,885,460 (2,278,281) Change in net position 13,347,552 21,688,097 2,793,483 (237,674) 16,141,035 21,450,423 Beginning net position 94,397,733 72,709,636 29,362,637 29,600,311 123,760,370 102,309,947	Parks and recreation			-	-			
Library 3,502,449 2,793,210 - - 3,502,449 2,793,210 Interest and fiscal agent fees 10,268,375 14,842,161 - - 10,268,375 14,842,161 Airport 390,572 72,443 5,402,713 5,152,896 5,793,285 5,225,339 Solid waste - - 11,560,331 11,040,163 11,560,331 11,040,163 Golf course - - 2,548,448 2,419,968 2,548,448 2,419,968 Total expenses 150,754,286 147,463,598 20,820,606 19,859,068 171,574,892 167,322,666 Increase in net position before transfers 16,233,012 19,409,816 (91,977) 2,040,607 16,141,035 21,450,423 Transfers in (out) (2,885,460) 2,278,281 2,885,460 (2,278,281) - - - Change in net position 13,347,552 21,688,097 2,793,483 (237,674) 16,141,035 21,450,423 Beginning net position 94,397,733 72,709,636 29,362,637 </td <td>Civic/convention center</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>1,309,114</td> <td>1,246,041</td> <td>1,309,114</td> <td>1,246,041</td>	Civic/convention center	-	-	1,309,114	1,246,041	1,309,114	1,246,041	
Airport 390,572 72,443 5,402,713 5,152,896 5,793,285 5,225,339 Solid waste - - 11,560,331 11,040,163 11,560,331 11,040,163 Golf course - - 2,548,448 2,419,968 2,548,448 2,419,968 Total expenses 150,754,286 147,463,598 20,820,606 19,859,068 171,574,892 167,322,666 Increase in net position before transfers 16,233,012 19,409,816 (91,977) 2,040,607 16,141,035 21,450,423 Transfers in (out) (2,885,460) 2,278,281 2,885,460 (2,278,281) - - - Change in net position 13,347,552 21,688,097 2,793,483 (237,674) 16,141,035 21,450,423 Beginning net position 94,397,733 72,709,636 29,362,637 29,600,311 123,760,370 102,309,947		3,502,449	2,793,210	-	-			
Airport 390,572 72,443 5,402,713 5,152,896 5,793,285 5,225,339 Solid waste - - 11,560,331 11,040,163 11,560,331 11,040,163 Golf course - - 2,548,448 2,419,968 2,548,448 2,419,968 Total expenses 150,754,286 147,463,598 20,820,606 19,859,068 171,574,892 167,322,666 Increase in net position before transfers 16,233,012 19,409,816 (91,977) 2,040,607 16,141,035 21,450,423 Transfers in (out) (2,885,460) 2,278,281 2,885,460 (2,278,281) - - - Change in net position 13,347,552 21,688,097 2,793,483 (237,674) 16,141,035 21,450,423 Beginning net position 94,397,733 72,709,636 29,362,637 29,600,311 123,760,370 102,309,947	Interest and fiscal agent fees	10,268,375	14,842,161	-	-	10,268,375	14,842,161	
Solid waste - - 11,560,331 11,040,163 11,560,331 11,040,163 Golf course - - 2,548,448 2,419,968 2,548,448 2,419,968 Total expenses 150,754,286 147,463,598 20,820,606 19,859,068 171,574,892 167,322,666 Increase in net position before transfers 16,233,012 19,409,816 (91,977) 2,040,607 16,141,035 21,450,423 Transfers in (out) (2,885,460) 2,278,281 2,885,460 (2,278,281) - - - Change in net position 13,347,552 21,688,097 2,793,483 (237,674) 16,141,035 21,450,423 Beginning net position 94,397,733 72,709,636 29,362,637 29,600,311 123,760,370 102,309,947	Airport	390,572		5,402,713	5,152,896	5,793,285	5,225,339	
Total expenses 150,754,286 147,463,598 20,820,606 19,859,068 171,574,892 167,322,666 Increase in net position before transfers 16,233,012 19,409,816 (91,977) 2,040,607 16,141,035 21,450,423 Transfers in (out) (2,885,460) 2,278,281 2,885,460 (2,278,281) - - - Change in net position 13,347,552 21,688,097 2,793,483 (237,674) 16,141,035 21,450,423 Beginning net position 94,397,733 72,709,636 29,362,637 29,600,311 123,760,370 102,309,947	•	-	, -					
Total expenses 150,754,286 147,463,598 20,820,606 19,859,068 171,574,892 167,322,666 Increase in net position before transfers 16,233,012 19,409,816 (91,977) 2,040,607 16,141,035 21,450,423 Transfers in (out) (2,885,460) 2,278,281 2,885,460 (2,278,281) - - - Change in net position 13,347,552 21,688,097 2,793,483 (237,674) 16,141,035 21,450,423 Beginning net position 94,397,733 72,709,636 29,362,637 29,600,311 123,760,370 102,309,947	Golf course	-	-	2,548,448	2,419,968	2,548,448	2,419,968	
Increase in net position before transfers 16,233,012 19,409,816 (91,977) 2,040,607 16,141,035 21,450,423 Transfers in (out) (2,885,460) 2,278,281 2,885,460 (2,278,281) - - - Change in net position 13,347,552 21,688,097 2,793,483 (237,674) 16,141,035 21,450,423 Beginning net position 94,397,733 72,709,636 29,362,637 29,600,311 123,760,370 102,309,947		150,754,286	147,463,598					
before transfers 16,233,012 19,409,816 (91,977) 2,040,607 16,141,035 21,450,423 Transfers in (out) (2,885,460) 2,278,281 2,885,460 (2,278,281) — — Change in net position 13,347,552 21,688,097 2,793,483 (237,674) 16,141,035 21,450,423 Beginning net position 94,397,733 72,709,636 29,362,637 29,600,311 123,760,370 102,309,947	Image and in pat manification							
Transfers in (out) (2,885,460) 2,278,281 2,885,460 (2,278,281) - - - Change in net position 13,347,552 21,688,097 2,793,483 (237,674) 16,141,035 21,450,423 Beginning net position 94,397,733 72,709,636 29,362,637 29,600,311 123,760,370 102,309,947	•	16 222 012	10 400 916	(01.077)	2 040 607	16 141 025	21 450 422	
Change in net position 13,347,552 21,688,097 2,793,483 (237,674) 16,141,035 21,450,423 Beginning net position 94,397,733 72,709,636 29,362,637 29,600,311 123,760,370 102,309,947	before transfers	10,233,012	19,409,610	, , ,		10, 14 1,033	21,450,425	
Beginning net position 94,397,733 72,709,636 29,362,637 29,600,311 123,760,370 102,309,947	Transfers in (out)	(2,885,460)	2,278,281	2,885,460	(2,278,281)			
	Change in net position	13,347,552	21,688,097	2,793,483	(237,674)	16,141,035	21,450,423	
	Beginning net position	94,397,733	72,709,636	29,362,637	29,600,311	123,760,370	102,309,947	
	Ending net position	<u>\$107,745,285</u>	\$ 94,397,733	\$ 32,156,120	\$ 29,362,637	<u>\$139,901,405</u>	\$123,760,370	

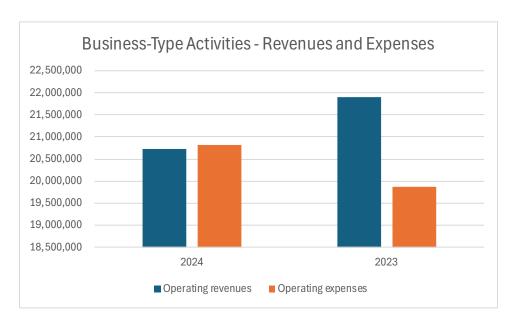
Graphic presentations of selected data from the summary tables follow to assist in the analysis of the City's activities.



For the year ended September 30, 2024, revenues from governmental activities totaled \$166,987,298. Overall governmental revenues increased by \$113,884 primarily due to an increase in ad valorem taxes, sales taxes, and investment earnings. Ad valorem property taxes increased due to an increase in property values, sales taxes increased due to higher consumer spending than the previous year, and investment earnings increased due to an increase in interest rates on investments.



For the year ended September 30, 2024, expenses from governmental activities totaled \$150,754,286. Governmental expenses increased by a net \$3,290,688. This net increase is primarily related to increases in general government and public safety. Overall, the increase in expenses can primarily be attributed to increases to overall personnel costs in the fiscal year for salaries and benefits.



Overall business-type activities revenues decreased by a net \$1,171,046 from the prior period primarily related to less capital contributions received in the current year.

Business-type activities expenses increased by a net \$961,538 mostly due to increases in overall costs of service across all business-type functions.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, fund accounting is used to demonstrate and ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds – The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

The City's governmental funds reflect a combined fund balance of \$190,688,133. Of this, \$245,840 is nonspendable, \$152,644,769 is restricted for various purposes, \$84,208 is committed, \$3,719,791 is assigned, and \$33,993,525 is unassigned.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$33,993,525, while total fund balance reached \$37,716,746. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 32% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 35% of that same amount. The general fund balance decreased by \$3,684,968 this year, primarily related to transfers to other funds, as well as increases in the general government and public safety expenditures primarily attributable to increases in personnel costs.

It is important to note that this fund balance includes all of the fund balance in the general fund and equipment replacement subfund. The equipment replacement subfund contributes \$3,719,791 to this stated fund balance. This fund allows the City to account for equipment replacement and improvements in a separate subfund and not include these activities in the primary general operating fund.

The fund balance of the hotel/motel tax fund experienced a decrease of \$601,199, mostly due to transfers out to the Civic Center fund due to the cost to replace capital equipment.

The fund balance in the debt service fund experienced a slight increase of \$390,447. The debt service fund property tax revenue increased during the year mostly due to increases in property valuations. This increase was partially offset by increases in principal and interest payments on the City's debt.

The fund balance in the general obligations capital projects fund had a decrease of \$222,387, which was primarily a result of transfers out to other funds.

The fund balance in the roadway impact fees fund had an increase of \$1,719,204, which was primarily a result of increases in impact fee collections in fiscal year 2024.

The fund balance in the 2019 capital improvement fund had a decrease of \$10,699,258, which was primarily a result of bond proceeds being used for capital projects. This decrease was partially offset by the issuance of additional debt to fund the sports complex.

The fund balance in the 2023 capital improvement fund had an increase of \$31,813,827 which was primarily related to the issuance of new debt in the fiscal year.

The fund balance in the park improvement fund had an increase of \$2,161,136, which was primarily a result of increases in collections of park development impact fees in fiscal year 2024.

The grants fund is used to track various special project expenditures and reimbursements for grant programs in the City. The fund experienced an increase of \$616,573 due primarily to transfers in from other funds. The City expended for certain costs in this fund for which grant money was ultimately not awarded and required a supplement from another fund.

Proprietary Funds – The City's proprietary funds financial statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The Airport fund experienced a decrease in net position of \$55,580 primarily related to the increase in supplies costs. The Solid Waste fund experienced an increase in net position of \$2,330,666 primarily related to capital contributions and transfers in from other funds. The Golf Course fund experienced a decrease in net position of \$205,891 primarily related to overall increases in costs of service. The Civic/Convention Center fund experienced an increase in net position of \$724,288 due to transfers in from other funds.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The amended budget included a planned decrease in fund balance in the amount of \$10,529,593. The actual fund balance for the year decreased by \$3,684,968. Actual revenues exceeded the amended budget by \$4,632,460 spread across various revenue lines. The largest positive variances were in investment earnings and licenses and permits. The City's conservative revenue projections, as well as the diverse economy within the City, are both attributable to the positive variances. Actual expenditures were under the amended budget by \$1,511,667. The largest positive variance was in the general government function.

CAPITAL ASSETS

At the end of fiscal year 2024, the City's governmental activities had invested \$293,904,351 in a variety of capital assets and infrastructure (net of accumulated depreciation). This represents a net increase of \$33,652,011.

More detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in note 3 to the financial statements.

LONG-TERM DEBT

At the end of the current year, the City had total general obligation bonds and certificates of obligation outstanding of \$282,380,000. Of this amount, \$235,385,000 was general obligation debt and \$46,995,000 was certificates of obligation.

More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities and issuances of debt presented in note 3 to the financial statements.

The City's bonds presently carry an 'AA' rating from Standard and Poor's, and an 'Aa2' rating from Moody's Investor Service, and an 'AA' rating from Fitch.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

From a budget planning perspective, inflation and interest rates created a significant amount of economic uncertainty. The fiscal strategy over the past year was to continue to budget conservatively. Fortunately, the City's reserves are in a strong surplus position which has allowed for major one-time investments in equipment and technology with specific focus on improving efficiency, safety, and productivity.

Long-term budgeting priorities include considering staffing strategies and other initiatives driven by population growth and increased demand for services.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the finances of the City. For questions concerning this report, separately issued statements for New Braunfels Utilities or the Housing Authority, or for additional financial information, contact the City's Finance Department, 550 Landa Street, New Braunfels, TX, 78130; telephone 830-221-4000; or for general City information, visit the City's website at www.newbraunfels.gov.



CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2024

New Name		F	Primary Governme	nt	Component Units			
Cash and equily in pooled cash and investments	ACCETO		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	<u>Total</u>	Development	Braunfels		
Investments 4,906,876 4,908,876 4,908,876 4,908,876 4,908,876 4,184,198 49,130,913 Leases receivable 583,505 1,735,352 2,318,857 4,184,198 49,130,913 Leases receivable 583,505 1,735,352 2,318,857 - 8,385,563 Prepaid items 116,350 - 16,093,033 Other current assets 1,609,303 Other current assets - 1,609,303 Other current assets - 1,609,303 Other current assets - 1,609,303 -		\$ 201.168.813	\$ 13.450.045	\$ 214.618.858	\$ 27.918.867	\$ 90.701.469		
Receivables, net		, ,	-		-			
Leases receivable \$63,505 1,735,352 2,318,857 - 8,365,656 Prepaid items 116,350 - 16,090,303 Other current assets 1,609,003 1,609,003 1,609,003 1,609,003 1,609,003 1,609,003 1,609,003 1,609,003 1,609,003 1,609,003 1,609,003 1,609,003 1,609,009 1,60	Receivables, net		889,880		4,184,198			
Prepaid Items	Leases receivable				, , , <u>-</u>	· · ·		
Check current assets Cash and cash equivalents Cash	Inventory		, , , ₋		-	8,365,563		
Restricted current assets	Prepaid items	-	-	-	-	1,609,303		
Cash and cash equivalents	Other current assets	-	-	-	-	18,451,065		
Capital assets Capi	Restricted current assets							
Capital assets: Nondepreciable/amortizable 89,371,228 2,967,053 92,338,281 213,497,722 225,725,852 284,7703,226 170,000 213,497,722 225,725,852 284,7703,226 170,000 213,497,722 225,725,852 284,7703,226 170,000 213,497,722 225,725,852 284,7703,226 170,000 213,497,725 21,599,8273 21,192,729 225,725,852 284,7703,226 170,000 21,192,725 21,599,8273 21,192,725 21,599,8273 21,192,725 21,599,8273 21,192,725 21,599,8273 21,200,005	Cash and cash equivalents	6,164,989	-	6,164,989	-	56,090,897		
Nondepreciable/amortizable 89,371,228 2,967,053 92,338,281 - 213,497,729 Depreciable/amortizable capital assets, net 204,533,123 21,192,729 225,725,852 - 847,703,226 Investments Restricted - - - - 5,998,273 Unrestricted - - - - - 4,472,656 Unter noncurrent assets - - - - - 12,860,700 Total assets 520,206,026 40,235,059 560,441,085 32,103,065 1,350,442,507 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred cutflows - pensions 17,979,322 1,859,510 19,838,832 - 14,157,920 Deferred outflows - OPEB 902,336 73,065 975,401 - - - -	Investments	-	=	=	-	20,622,130		
Depreciable/amortizable capital assets, net 204,533,123 21,192,729 225,725,852 644,7703,226 Investments Restricted	Capital assets:							
Restricted	Nondepreciable/amortizable	89,371,228	2,967,053	92,338,281	-	213,497,729		
Restricted	Depreciable/amortizable capital assets, net	204,533,123	21,192,729	225,725,852	<u> </u>	847,703,226		
Unrestricted Other noncurrent assets Total assets - - - 4,472,656 Other noncurrent assets Total assets 520,206,026 40,235,059 560,441,085 32,103,065 1,2860,706 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred charge on refunding P45,678 - 745,678 - - - - 1,4157,920 - Deferred outflows - pensions 17,979,322 1,859,510 19,838,832 - 14,157,920 - 14,157,920 Deferred outflows - OPEB 902,336 73,065 975,401 - 14,157,920 - 14,157,920 Deferred outflows - OPEB 902,336 73,065 975,401 - 14,157,920 - 14,157,920 Deferred outflows - OPEB 902,336 73,065 975,401 - 14,157,920 - 14,157,920 Deferred outflows - OPEB 902,336 73,065 975,401 - 14,157,920 - 14,157,920 Deferred outflows - OPEB 902,336 73,065 975,401 - 14,157,920 - 21,258,931 - 14,157,920 - <td< td=""><td>Investments</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Investments							
Deferred charge on refunding	Restricted	-	-	-	-	5,998,273		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred charge on refunding 745,678	Unrestricted	-	-	-	-	4,472,656		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred charge on refunding 745,678 - 745,678 - 14,157,920 Deferred outflows - pensions 17,979,322 1,859,510 19,838,832 - 14,157,920 Deferred outflows - OPEB 902,336 73,065 975,401 - 2 - 2 Total deferred inflows of resources 19,627,336 1,932,575 21,559,911 - 14,157,920 LIABILITIES Accounts payable 19,049,570 1,504,863 20,554,433 204,669 51,356,559 Deposit payable - 123,986 123,986 - 13,851,204 Leases payable 227,612 27,479 255,091 - 13,851,204 Accrued expenses payable 3,413,433 324,940 3,738,373 - 16,1617,368 Unearned revenue 6,904,819 - 6,904,819 - 1,617,368 Unegrerm liabilities 19,000,000 - 24,575,000 - 8,700,000 Loan payable 24,575,000 - 24,575,000 - 8,700,000 Loan payable 797,498 - 7 - 9,498 Commercial	Other noncurrent assets		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	12,860,700		
Deferred charge on refunding 745,678 745,678 14,157,920 19,838,832 14,157,920 19,838,832 14,157,920 19,838,832 14,157,920 19,838,832 14,157,920 19,838,832 14,157,920 19,838,832 14,157,920 19,627,336 19,32,575 21,559,911 14,157,920 14,157,920 19,627,336 19,627,336 19,32,575 21,559,911 14,157,920 14,157,920 14,157,920 14,157,920 14,157,920 14,157,920 15,000,000 1,504,863 20,554,433 204,669 51,356,559 1,504,863 123,986 123,986 13,851,204 12,868,59,204 12,86	Total assets	520,206,026	40,235,059	560,441,085	32,103,065	1,350,442,507		
Deferred outflows - pensions 17,979,322 1,859,510 19,838,832 - 14,157,920	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred outflows - OPEB	Deferred charge on refunding	745,678	-	745,678	-	-		
LIABILITIES 19,627,336 1,932,575 21,559,911 - 14,157,920 Accounts payable 19,049,570 1,504,863 20,554,433 204,669 51,356,559 Deposit payable - 123,986 123,986 - 13,851,204 Leases payable 227,612 27,479 255,091 Accrued expenses payable 3,413,433 324,940 3,738,373 Accrued interest 1,973,579 - 1,973,579 - 1,617,368 Unearned revenue 6,904,819 - 6,904,819 - 1 14,160,796 Long-term liabilities 5 5 5 5 14,160,796 1 1,1617,368 1 1,1617,368 1 1,1617,368 1 1,1617,368 1 1,1617,368 1 1,1617,368 1 1,1617,368 1 1,1617,368 1 1,1617,368 1 1,1617,368 1 1,1617,368 1 1,1617,368 1 1,1617,368 1 1,1617,368 1 1,1617,368 1 1,160,796 1 1,1617,368	Deferred outflows - pensions	17,979,322	1,859,510	19,838,832	-	14,157,920		
LIABILITIES Accounts payable 19,049,570 1,504,863 20,554,433 204,669 51,356,559 Deposit payable - 123,986 123,986 - 13,851,204 Leases payable 227,612 27,479 255,091 - - Accrued expenses payable 3,413,433 324,940 3,738,373 - - Accrued interest 1,973,579 - 1,973,579 - 1,617,368 Unearned revenue 6,904,819 - 6,904,819 - - - - - 14,160,796 Long-term liabilities Due within one year Bonds payable 24,575,000 - 24,575,000 - 8,700,000 Loan payable 797,498 - 797,498 - - - 15,000,000 Accrued compensated absences 9,666,168 320,910 9,987,078 - 2,296,800 Due in more than one year - - - - - 15,000,000 Net pension liability 46,961,755<	Deferred outflows - OPEB	902,336	73,065	975,401	<u>-</u>			
Accounts payable 19,049,570 1,504,863 20,554,433 204,669 51,356,559 Deposit payable - 123,986 123,986 - 13,851,204 Leases payable 227,612 27,479 255,091 - - Accrued expenses payable 3,413,433 324,940 3,738,373 - - Accrued interest 1,973,579 - 1,617,368 Unearned revenue 6,904,819 - 6,904,819 - - Generation and transmission cost recovery - - - - 14,160,796 Long-term liabilities - - - - 14,160,796 Long-term liabilities - - - - - - 14,160,796 Long-term liabilities -	Total deferred inflows of resources	19,627,336	1,932,575	21,559,911		14,157,920		
Deposit payable - 123,986 123,986 - 13,851,204 Leases payable 227,612 27,479 255,091 - - Accrued expenses payable 3,413,433 324,940 3,738,373 - - Accrued interest 1,973,579 - 1,973,579 - 1,617,368 Unearned revenue 6,904,819 - 6,904,819 - - 14,160,796 Long-term liabilities Due within one year - - - 14,160,796 Loan payable 24,575,000 - 24,575,000 - 8,700,000 Loan payable 797,498 - 797,498 - - - 15,000,000 Accrued compensated absences 9,666,168 320,910 9,987,078 - 2,296,800 Due in more than one year - - - - - - - - 15,000,000 Due jayable and premiums 298,569,235 - 298,569,235 - 298,569,235 <t< td=""><td>LIABILITIES</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	LIABILITIES							
Leases payable 227,612 27,479 255,091 - <t< td=""><td>Accounts payable</td><td>19,049,570</td><td>1,504,863</td><td>20,554,433</td><td>204,669</td><td>51,356,559</td></t<>	Accounts payable	19,049,570	1,504,863	20,554,433	204,669	51,356,559		
Leases payable 227,612 27,479 255,091 - <t< td=""><td>• •</td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td>, <u>-</u></td><td>13,851,204</td></t<>	• •	-			, <u>-</u>	13,851,204		
Accrued interest 1,973,579 - 1,973,579 - 1,617,368 Unearned revenue 6,904,819 - 6,904,819 - - - Generation and transmission cost recovery - - - 14,160,796 Long-term liabilities - - - 14,160,796 Long-term liabilities - - - - 14,160,796 Due within one year - - - - 8,700,000 - 8,700,000 - 8,700,000 - <td< td=""><td>Leases payable</td><td>227,612</td><td>27,479</td><td>255,091</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></td<>	Leases payable	227,612	27,479	255,091	-	-		
Accrued interest 1,973,579 - 1,973,579 - 1,617,368 Unearned revenue 6,904,819 - 6,904,819 - - - Generation and transmission cost recovery - - - 14,160,796 Long-term liabilities - - - 14,160,796 Long-term liabilities - - - - 14,160,796 Due within one year - - - - 8,700,000 - 8,700,000 - 8,700,000 - <td< td=""><td>Accrued expenses payable</td><td>3,413,433</td><td>324,940</td><td>3,738,373</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></td<>	Accrued expenses payable	3,413,433	324,940	3,738,373	-	-		
Comparison and transmission cost recovery - - - - - 14,160,796	Accrued interest		-	1,973,579	-	1,617,368		
Long-term liabilities	Unearned revenue	6,904,819	-	6,904,819	-	-		
Long-term liabilities	Generation and transmission cost recovery	-	-	-	_	14.160.796		
Due within one year 24,575,000 - 24,575,000 - 8,700,000 Loan payable 797,498 - 797,498 - - - Commercial paper - - - - 15,000,000 Accrued compensated absences 9,666,168 320,910 9,987,078 - 2,296,800 Due in more than one year 8 - 298,569,235 - 298,569,235 - 492,250,517 Loan payable and premiums 298,569,235 - 298,569,235 - 492,250,517 Loan payable (solidity) 6,563,987 - 6,563,987 -						, ,		
Bonds payable 24,575,000 - 24,575,000 - 8,700,000 Loan payable 797,498 - 797,498 - - - Commercial paper - - - - 15,000,000 Accrued compensated absences 9,666,168 320,910 9,987,078 - 2,296,800 Due in more than one year 8 - 298,569,235 - 298,569,235 - 492,250,517 Loan payable and premiums 298,569,235 - 298,569,235 - 492,250,517 Loan payable end premiums 6,563,987 - 6,563,987 - - - - - - - 492,250,517 -	•							
Loan payable 797,498 - 797,498 - <td>Bonds payable</td> <td>24,575,000</td> <td>-</td> <td>24,575,000</td> <td>-</td> <td>8,700,000</td>	Bonds payable	24,575,000	-	24,575,000	-	8,700,000		
Accrued compensated absences 9,666,168 320,910 9,987,078 - 2,296,800 Due in more than one year Bonds payable and premiums 298,569,235 - 298,569,235 - 492,250,517 Loan payable 6,563,987 - 6,563,987 Net pension liability 46,961,755 4,826,322 51,788,077 - 26,716,411 Total OPEB liability - TMRS 1,643,100 162,220 1,805,320 Total OPEB liability - retiree benefits 6,781,191 682,223 7,463,414 Accrued compensated absences 1,074,019 35,657 1,109,676 - 1,121,488 Other long-term liabilities		797,498	-	797,498	-	-		
Due in more than one year 298,569,235 - 298,569,235 - 492,250,517 Loan payable and premiums 6,563,987 - 6,563,987 Net pension liability 46,961,755 4,826,322 51,788,077 - 26,716,411 Total OPEB liability - TMRS 1,643,100 162,220 1,805,320 Total OPEB liability - retiree benefits 6,781,191 682,223 7,463,414 Accrued compensated absences 1,074,019 35,657 1,109,676 - 1,121,488 Other long-term liabilities	Commercial paper	-	-	-	-	15,000,000		
Bonds payable and premiums 298,569,235 - 298,569,235 - 492,250,517 Loan payable 6,563,987 - 6,563,987 - - - Net pension liability 46,961,755 4,826,322 51,788,077 - 26,716,411 Total OPEB liability - TMRS 1,643,100 162,220 1,805,320 - - - Total OPEB liability - retiree benefits 6,781,191 682,223 7,463,414 - - - Accrued compensated absences 1,074,019 35,657 1,109,676 - 1,121,488 Other long-term liabilities - - - - - 18,470,308	Accrued compensated absences	9,666,168	320,910	9,987,078	-	2,296,800		
Loan payable 6,563,987 - 6,563,987 - <td< td=""><td>Due in more than one year</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Due in more than one year							
Net pension liability 46,961,755 4,826,322 51,788,077 - 26,716,411 Total OPEB liability - TMRS 1,643,100 162,220 1,805,320 Total OPEB liability - retiree benefits 6,781,191 682,223 7,463,414 Accrued compensated absences 1,074,019 35,657 1,109,676 - 1,121,488 Other long-term liabilities 18,470,308	Bonds payable and premiums	298,569,235	-	298,569,235	-	492,250,517		
Total OPEB liability - TMRS 1,643,100 162,220 1,805,320 - - - Total OPEB liability - retiree benefits 6,781,191 682,223 7,463,414 - - - Accrued compensated absences 1,074,019 35,657 1,109,676 - 1,121,488 Other long-term liabilities - - - - - 18,470,308	Loan payable	6,563,987	-	6,563,987	-	-		
Total OPEB liability - retiree benefits 6,781,191 682,223 7,463,414 - - Accrued compensated absences 1,074,019 35,657 1,109,676 - 1,121,488 Other long-term liabilities - - - - - 18,470,308	Net pension liability	46,961,755	4,826,322	51,788,077	-	26,716,411		
Accrued compensated absences 1,074,019 35,657 1,109,676 - 1,121,488 Other long-term liabilities - - - - - 18,470,308		1,643,100	162,220	1,805,320	-	-		
Other long-term liabilities	Total OPEB liability - retiree benefits	6,781,191	682,223	7,463,414	-	-		
	Accrued compensated absences	1,074,019	35,657	1,109,676	-	1,121,488		
Total liabilities <u>428,200,966</u> <u>8,008,600</u> <u>436,209,566</u> <u>204,669</u> <u>645,541,451</u>	Other long-term liabilities					18,470,308		
	Total liabilities	428,200,966	8,008,600	436,209,566	204,669	645,541,451		

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2024

	F	Primary Governme	nt	Compor	nent Units
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	<u>Total</u>	Economic Development Corporation	New Braunfels <u>Utilities</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflows - pensions	518,019	45,360	563,379	-	437,161
Deferred inflows - OPEB	2,522,151	262,585	2,784,736	-	, -
Deferred inflows - grants	280,260	, <u>-</u>	280,260	-	-
Deferred inflows - leases	566,681	1,694,969	2,261,650	-	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,887,111	2,002,914	5,890,025		437,161
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	57,282,700	24,132,303	81,415,003	-	571,540,910
Restricted for:					
Debt service	1,439,675	-	1,439,675	-	40,004,811
Capital projects	93,366,003	-	93,366,003	-	-
Cemetery perpetual care (nonexpendable)	242,410	-	242,410	-	-
Grants	891,846	-	891,846	-	-
Impact fees	-	-	-	-	9,457,029
Municipal court	112,905	-	112,905	-	-
Public safety	659,010	-	659,010	-	-
Governmental programming	834,200	-	834,200	-	-
Tourism	6,779,078	-	6,779,078	-	-
Economic development	7,551,639	-	7,551,639	-	-
Special donation	1,703,130	-	1,703,130	-	-
Unrestricted	(63,117,311)	8,023,817	(55,093,494)	31,898,396	97,619,065
Total net position	\$ 107,745,285	\$ 32,156,120	\$ 139,901,405	\$ 31,898,396	\$ 718,621,815

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended September 30, 2024

					Net Revenue (Expense) and Changes in Net Position						
			Program Revenue	s	P	rimary Governmen	t	Compone	nt Units		
			Operating	Capital				Economic	New		
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Government	Business-Type		Development	Braunfels		
Functions/Programs	<u>Expenses</u>	Services	Contributions	Contributions	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Corporation</u>	<u>Utilities</u>		
Primary Government											
Governmental activities											
General government	\$ 22,222,702	\$ 741,622	\$ 2,812,102	\$ -	\$ (18,668,978)	\$ -	\$ (18,668,978)	\$ -	\$ -		
Finance and tax	2,237,077	-	-	-	(2,237,077)	-	(2,237,077)	-	-		
Planning and environmental											
development	6,090,934	-	604	-	(6,090,330)	-	(6,090,330)	-	-		
Public safety	69,162,016	8,341,423	1,294,396	-	(59,526,197)	-	(59,526,197)	-	-		
Public works	25,917,148	8,612,908	-	-	(17,304,240)	-	(17,304,240)	-	-		
Parks and recreation	10,963,013	15,130,071	-	-	4,167,058	-	4,167,058	-	-		
Library	3,502,449	13,028	44	-	(3,489,377)	-	(3,489,377)	-	-		
Airport	390,572	-	390,572	_	-	-	-	-	-		
Interest	10,268,375			<u> </u>	(10,268,375)		(10,268,375)		<u>-</u>		
Total governmental activities	150,754,286	32,839,052	4,497,718		(113,417,516)		(113,417,516)				
Business-type activities											
Airport	5,402,713	4,346,727	374,000	48,048	-	(633,938)	(633,938)	-	-		
Solid waste	11,560,331	11,478,149	-	961,914	-	879,732	879,732	-	-		
Golf course	2,548,448	2,324,068	-	-	-	(224,380)	(224,380)	-	-		
Civic center	1,309,114	594,072	-	-	-	(715,042)	(715,042)	-	-		
Total business-type activities	20,820,606	18,743,016	374,000	1,009,962		(693,628)	(693,628)		_		
Total primary government	\$ 171,574,892	\$ 51,582,068	\$ 4,871,718	\$ 1,009,962	(113,417,516)	(693,628)	(114,111,144)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		
Component Units											
Economic Development Corporation	8,438,322	-	-	-	-	-	_	(8,438,322)	-		
New Braunfels Utilities	271,575,104	284,242,431		56,030,439			<u> </u>		68,697,766		
Total component units	\$ 280,013,426	\$ 284,242,431	\$ -	\$ 56,030,439			<u> </u>	(8,438,322)	68,697,766		

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the year ended September 30, 2024

Net Revenue (Expense) and Changes in Net Position

	P	rimary Governme	nt	Component Units			
	Government Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Economic Development Corporation	New Braunfels Utilities		
General revenues		<u></u>					
Taxes and fees							
Property	57,533,753	-	57,533,753	-	-		
Sales	35,837,335	_	35,837,335	-	-		
Hotel/motel occupancy	4,864,003	-	4,864,003	-	-		
Franchise	13,198,177	-	13,198,177	9,796,748	-		
Mixed beverages	960,025	-	960,025	-	-		
Investment earnings	12,188,593	246,677	12,435,270	1,009,863	9,962,840		
Contributions not restricted to programs	2,630,647	-	2,630,647	-	-		
Miscellaneous	2,437,995	352,724	2,790,719	173,754	3,398,253		
Gain on sale of capital assets	-	2,250	2,250	-	4,327,957		
Transfers	(2,885,460)	2,885,460	<u> </u>				
Total general revenues and transfers	126,765,068	3,487,111	130,252,179	10,980,365	17,689,050		
Change in net position	13,347,552	2,793,483	16,141,035	2,542,043	86,386,816		
Beginning net position	94,397,733	29,362,637	123,760,370	29,356,353	632,234,999		
Ending net position	\$ 107,745,285	\$ 32,156,120	\$ 139,901,405	\$ 31,898,396	\$ 718,621,815		

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2024

		<u>General</u>	H	Hotel/Motel <u>Tax</u>		Debt <u>Service</u>		General Obligations	<u>I</u>	Roadway mpact Fees		2019 Capital aprovements
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	34,183,728	¢	3,650,231	¢	3,456,426	Ф	5,113,445	æ	14,192,764	¢	52,244,110
Investments	Ψ	4,906,876	Ψ	3,030,231	Ψ	3,430,420	Ψ	5,115,445	Ψ	14,192,704	Ψ	52,244,110
Receivables, net		8,088,963		305,953		689,582		_		_		-
Leases receivable		583,505		· -		· -		-		-		-
Due from other funds		922,250		-		-		-		-		-
Inventory		3,430		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted cash						_		_				-
Total assets	\$	48,688,752	\$	3,956,184	\$	4,146,008	\$	5,113,445	\$	14,192,764	\$	52,244,110
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable	\$	6,382,351	\$	91,126	\$	74,400	\$	-	\$	88,849	\$	6,732,027
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		-		-
Accrued wages payable		3,368,328		-		-		-		-		1,404
Unearned revenue				<u>-</u>								-
Total liabilities		9,750,679		91,126	-	74,400	_			88,849		6,733,431
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Unavailable revenue - leases receivable		566,681		-		-		-		-		-
Unavailable revenue - grants		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		654,646				658,354						-
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,221,327				658,354	_					
FUND BALANCES												
Nonspendable		3,430		-		-		-		_		-
Restricted		-		3,865,058		3,413,254		5,113,445		14,103,915		45,510,679
Committed		-		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned		3,719,791		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		33,993,525		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		-
Total fund balances		37,716,746		3,865,058	_	3,413,254	_	5,113,445		14,103,915	_	45,510,679
Total liabilities, deferred inflows												
of resources, and fund balances	\$	48,688,752	\$	3,956,184	\$	4,146,008	\$	5,113,445	\$	14,192,764	\$	52,244,110

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2024

ASSETS		2023 Capital mprovement	<u>lr</u>	Park mprovement		<u>Grants</u>	<u>G</u>	Nonmajor Sovernmental	G	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	33,099,880	\$	23,607,404	\$	29	\$	26,225,412	\$	195,773,429
Investments		-		-		1 000 101		- 200 404		4,906,876
Receivables, net Leases receivable		-		-		1,888,104		2,388,421		13,361,023 583,505
Due from other funds		_		_		_		_		922,250
Inventory		-		-		-		-		3,430
Restricted cash		<u>-</u>		_		4,941,904		1,223,085		6,164,989
Total assets	\$	33,099,880	\$	23,607,404	\$	6,830,037	\$	29,836,918	\$	221,715,502
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	729,439	\$	199,177	\$	351,342	\$	3,053,166	\$	17,701,877
Due to other funds	·	-	·	-	·	891,000	,	-		891,000
Accrued wages payable		-		-		.				3,369,732
Unearned revenue				-		4,492,694		2,412,125		6,904,819
Total liabilities		729,439		199,177		5,735,036	_	5,465,291		28,867,428
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable revenue - leases receivable		-		-		-		-		566,681
Unavailable revenue - grants		-		-		280,260		-		280,260
Unavailable revenue - property taxes						-		<u>-</u>		1,313,000
Total deferred inflows of resources				<u>-</u>		280,260				2,159,941
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable		-		-		-		242,410		245,840
Restricted		32,370,441		23,408,227		814,741		24,045,009		152,644,769
Committed		-		-		-		84,208		84,208
Assigned		-		-		-		-		3,719,791
Unassigned Total fund balances		32,370,441		- 22 400 227		014 744		04 074 607		33,993,525
rotariung palances		32,370,441		23,408,227		814,741		24,371,627		190,688,133
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	33,099,880	\$	23,607,404	\$	6,830,037	\$	29,836,918	\$	221,715,502
or recourses, and fund balances	Ψ	30,030,000	Ψ	20,001,704	Ψ	0,000,001	Ψ	20,000,010	Ψ	221,110,002

See notes to financial statements.

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2024

Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$	190,688,133
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are	Ψ	190,000,100
different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, not reported in the governmental funds. Capital assets - nondepreciable/nonamortizable		89,371,228
Capital assets - depreciable/amortizable Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures		204,533,123
and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds.		1,313,000
Some liabilities, including bonds and leases payable, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds.		
Accrued interest Leases payable		(1,973,579) (227,612)
Bonds, notes, and other payables due in one year		(24,575,000)
Bonds, notes, and other payables due in more than one year		(272,280,000)
Premiums on bond issuance and deferred loss on bond refunding are recorded as other financing sources and uses in the fund financial statements when first issued, but are capitalized and amortized in the government-wide financial statements over the life of the bond.		
Premiums Deferred charge on refunding		(26,289,235) 745,678
Loans payable are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds.		(7,361,485)
Net pension liability and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) obligations are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds balance sheet.		
Net pension liability		(46,961,755)
Total OPEB liability - TMRS Total OPEB liability - retiree benefits		(1,643,100) (6,781,191)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the net pension and total OPEB liability are not reported in the funds.		, , ,
Deferred outflows - pensions		17,979,322
Deferred inflows - pensions		(518,019)
Deferred outflows - OPEB Deferred inflows - OPEB		902,336 (2,522,151)
Accrued liabilities for compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, have not been included in the fund financial statements.		(10,740,187)
The City uses an internal service fund to charge the costs of certain activities		(12,110,101)
to individual funds. Assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are		4 005 770
included in governmental activities.	_	4,085,779
Net position of governmental activities	\$	107,745,285

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the year ended September 30, 2024

		Hotel/Motel	Debt	General	Roadway	2019 Capital
B	<u>General</u>	<u>Tax</u>	<u>Service</u>	<u>Obligations</u>	Impact Fees	<u>Improvements</u>
Revenues	A 74.000.705	A 4004000	A 07.007.40F	•	•	•
Taxes and fees	\$ 74,238,735	\$ 4,864,003	\$ 27,087,185	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses and permits	6,974,152	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	1,175,032	-	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	1,362,124	- 04 000	-	-	603,225	- 000 000
Investment earnings	3,844,127	61,900	325,897	225,409	372,952	3,628,222
Parks and recreation	5,204,656	-	- 0.070.040	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	4,008,050	-	2,270,948	-	- 0.000.045	-
Other contributions	4 500 700	-	-	-	2,368,645	-
Charges for services	4,560,738					
Total revenues	101,367,614	4,925,903	29,684,030	225,409	3,344,822	3,628,222
Expenditures Current						
General government	14,193,701	3,687,855	-	-	-	-
Finance and tax	1,843,486	-	-	-	-	-
Planning and environmental						-
development	4,695,944	-	-	-	1,323,097	-
Public safety	59,237,655	-	-	-	-	-
Public works	11,232,021	-	-	-	302,521	28,865,554
Parks and recreation	10,603,747	-	-	-	-	-
Library	2,954,281	-	-	-	-	-
Airport	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service						-
Principal	434,095	-	20,105,000	-	-	-
Interest	7,206	-	10,554,178	-	-	-
Issuance cost and fiscal charges	-	-	67,494	-	-	164,657
Total expenditures	105,202,136	3,687,855	30,726,672		1,625,618	29,030,211
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(3,834,522)	1,238,048	(1,042,642)	225,409	1,719,204	(25,401,989)
, , ,						
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	1,288,676	-	1,379,040	-	-	4,534,811
Transfers (out)	(1,776,149)	(1,839,247)	-	(447,796)	-	-
Sale of capital assets	198,950	-	-	-	-	-
Notes issued	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment to escrow	-	-	(4,684,467)	-	-	-
Premium from issuance of debt	-	-	438,516	-	-	507,920
Proceeds from issuance of debt	438,077		4,300,000			9,660,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	149,554	(1,839,247)	1,433,089	(447,796)		14,702,731
Net change in fund balances	(3,684,968)	(601,199)	390,447	(222,387)	1,719,204	(10,699,258)
Beginning fund balances	41,401,714	4,466,257	3,022,807	5,335,832	12,384,711	56,209,937
Change within financial reporting entity						
Beginning fund balances, as adjusted	41,401,714	4,466,257	3,022,807	5,335,832	12,384,711	56,209,937
Ending fund balances	\$ 37,716,746	\$ 3,865,058	\$ 3,413,254	\$ 5,113,445	\$ 14,103,915	\$ 45,510,679

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the year ended September 30, 2024

Revenues	2023 Capital Improvement	Park Improvement	<u>Grants</u>	Nonmajor <u>Governmental</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Taxes and fees	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,828,275	\$ 112,018,198
Licenses and permits	φ -	φ -	φ -	7,464	6,981,616
Intergovernmental	-	-	4,132,359	1,628,323	6,935,714
Fines and forfeitures	_	_	4,132,339	397,567	2,362,916
Investment earnings	1,915,303	260,344	507,407	891,218	12,032,779
Parks and recreation	1,515,505	2,550,064	301,401	001,210	7,754,720
Miscellaneous	_	2,000,004	_	1,915,651	8,194,649
Other contributions	_	_	258,695	3,307	2,630,647
Charges for services	_	_	200,000	2,984,412	7,545,150
Total revenues	1,915,303	2,810,408	4,898,461	13,656,217	166,456,389
Total revenues	1,910,000	2,010,400	4,090,401	13,030,217	100,430,303
Expenditures					
Current			0.040.400	17.010.010	00 040 070
General government	-	-	2,812,102	17,949,218	38,642,876
Finances and tax	-	-	-	-	1,843,486
Planning and environmental			004	5.000	0.004.045
development	-	-	604	5,000	6,024,645
Public safety	- 404 520	-	1,294,396	3,380,286	63,912,337
Public works	5,104,530	440.070	-	7,967,400	53,472,026
Parks and recreation	-	149,272	-	224,327	10,977,346
Library Airport	-	-	44 390,572	96,015	3,050,340 390,572
Debt service	-	-	390,572	-	390,572
Principal Principal				2,338,680	22,877,775
Interest	-	-	-	896,745	11,458,129
	427,364	_	_	324,980	984,495
Issuance cost and fiscal charges	5,531,894	149,272	4,497,718		
Total expenditures	5,551,694	149,272	4,497,710	33,182,651	213,634,027
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(3,616,591)	2,661,136	400,743	(19,526,434)	(47,177,638)
Other Firemain a Course (Uses)					
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			245 920	4 250 040	11 677 206
Transfers in	-	(E00.000)	215,830	4,258,849	11,677,206
Transfers (out) Sale of capital assets	-	(500,000)	-	(9,999,474)	(14,562,666) 198,950
Notes issued	-	-	-	4,549,999	4,549,999
Payment to escrow	-	-	-	4,549,999	(4,684,467)
Premium from issuance of debt	1,715,418	-	-	526,590	3,188,444
Proceeds from issuance of debt	33,715,000	_	_	12,850,000	60,963,077
	35,430,418	(500,000)	215,830	12,185,964	61,330,543
Total other financing sources (uses)	35,430,410	(500,000)	210,000	12,165,964	01,330,343
Net change in fund balances	31,813,827	2,161,136	616,573	(7,340,470)	14,152,905
Beginning fund balances		21,247,091	198,168	32,268,711	176,535,228
Change within financial reporting entity	556,614			(556,614)	
Beginning fund balances, as adjusted	556,614	21,247,091	198,168	31,712,097	176,535,228
Ending fund balances	\$ 32,370,441	\$ 23,408,227	\$ 814,741	\$ 24,371,627	\$ 190,688,133

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2024

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 14,152,905
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortization expense. Depreciation/amortization expense Capital outlay	(21,637,312) 55,289,323
The City uses an internal service fund to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. Net change in net position of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities.	885,419
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that to do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	375,095
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases, certificates of obligation) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when it is first issued; whereas, these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.	
Payment to escrow Issuance of bonds Premium on issuance of bonds Lease payments Principal payments Note proceeds Loan proceeds Note principal payment Amortization of deferred charge on refunding Amortization of premiums on bonds Accrued interest on long-term debt	4,684,467 (60,525,000) (3,188,444) 210,465 22,385,000 (4,549,999) (438,077) 866,139 (258,294) 2,132,989 (284,275)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Compensated absences Change in net pension liability Change in total OPEB liability - TMRS Change in total OPEB liability - retiree benefits Change in deferred outflows - pensions Change in deferred inflows - pensions Change in deferred outflows - OPEB Change in deferred inflows - OPEB	 3,478,509 4,782,531 (156,761) (919,013) (5,566,148) (518,019) (126,660) 2,272,712
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 13,347,552

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS September 30, 2024

		Busi	ness-Type Acti	vities		Governmental Activities
		Solid	Golf	Civic/Con.	Total	Internal
	<u>Airport</u>	<u>Waste</u>	Course	<u>Center</u>	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Service</u>
ASSETS						
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,762,879	\$ 7,653,902	\$ 2,202,351	\$ 830,913	\$13,450,045	\$ 5,395,384
Receivables, net of allowances	22	861,241	27,768	849	889,880	119
Lease receivable	1,735,352	-	-	-	1,735,352	-
Inventory	-	-	-	-	-	112,920
Noncurrent assets						
Capital assets:						
Nondepreciable/amortizable	2,701,693	-	265,360	-	2,967,053	-
Net depreciable capital assets	6,306,433	7,048,417	3,059,533	4,778,346	21,192,729	
Total assets	13,506,379	15,563,560	5,555,012	5,610,108	40,235,059	5,508,423
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflows - pensions	197,843	1,291,528	238,251	131,888	1,859,510	-
Deferred outflows - OPEB	5,921	47,638	12,611	6,895	73,065	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	203,764	1,339,166	250,862	138,783	1,932,575	
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable	773,056	543,587	158,110	30,110	1,504,863	1,347,693
Due to other funds	· -	, -	· -	-		31,250
Deposits payable	45,581	-	-	78,405	123,986	, -
Leases payable	-	-	27,479	-	27,479	-
Accrued expenses payable	47,230	191,168	57,459	29,083	324,940	43,701
Current portion of long-term liabilities						
Accrued compensated absences	34,096	165,264	93,739	27,811	320,910	-
Noncurrent liabilities						
Compensated absences	3,788	18,363	10,416	3,090	35,657	-
Net pension liability	490,909	3,254,592	745,802	335,019	4,826,322	-
Total OPEB liability - TMRS	16,821	110,046	22,710	12,643	162,220	-
Total OPEB liability - retiree benefits	56,217	470,572	105,861	49,573	682,223	
Total liabilities	1,467,698	4,753,592	1,221,576	565,734	8,008,600	1,422,644
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows - leases	1,694,969	_	_	_	1,694,969	_
Deferred inflows - pensions	5,847	29,758	6,740	3,015	45,360	_
Deferred inflows - OPEB	26,347	184,497	29,716	22,025	262,585	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,727,163	214,255	36,456	25,040	2,002,914	
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	9,008,126	7,048,417	3,297,414	4,778,346	24,132,303	_
Unrestricted	1,507,156	4,886,462	1,250,428	379,771	8,023,817	4,085,779
Total net position	\$10,515,282	\$11,934,879	\$ 4,547,842	\$ 5,158,117	\$32,156,120	\$ 4,085,779

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2024

		Busi	ness-Type Activ	rities		Governmental Activities
		Solid	Golf	Civic/Con.	Total	Internal
	<u>Airport</u>	<u>Waste</u>	Course	<u>Center</u>	<u>Funds</u>	Service
Operating revenues						
Charges for services	4,346,727	11,478,149	2,324,068	594,072	18,743,016	9,156,444
Miscellaneous	15,870	252,822	83,720	312	352,724	211,612
Total operating revenues	4,362,597	11,730,971	2,407,788	594,384	19,095,740	9,368,056
Operating expenses						
Personnel services	1,000,731	4,251,677	1,132,331	529,081	6,913,820	7,500,938
Purchased services	673,926	2,852,180	194,449	332,859	4,053,414	1,137,513
Professional services	24,875	61,764	-	-	86,639	-
Supplies	2,349,905	2,377,525	475,311	46,452	5,249,193	-
Depreciation/Amortization	1,353,276	2,017,185	746,357	400,722	4,517,540	
Total operating expenses	5,402,713	11,560,331	2,548,448	1,309,114	20,820,606	8,638,451
Operating income (loss)	(1,040,116)	170,640	(140,660)	(714,730)	(1,724,866)	729,605
Nonoperating revenues						
Investment earnings	34,709	182,866	27,154	1,948	246,677	155,814
Intergovernmental revenue	374,000	-	-	-	374,000	-
Gain on sale of capital assets			2,250		2,250	
Total nonoperating revenues	408,709	182,866	29,404	1,948	622,927	155,814
Income (loss) before transfers	(631,407)	353,506	(111,256)	(712,782)	(1,101,939)	885,419
Transfers						
Capital contributions	48,048	961,914	-	-	1,009,962	-
Transfers in	933,636	2,359,811	124,579	1,515,314	4,933,340	-
Transfers (out)	(405,857)	(1,344,565)	(219,214)	(78,244)	(2,047,880)	
Total transfers	575,827	1,977,160	(94,635)	1,437,070	3,895,422	
Change in net position	(55,580)	2,330,666	(205,891)	724,288	2,793,483	885,419
Beginning net position	10,570,862	9,604,213	4,753,733	4,433,829	29,362,637	3,200,360
Ending Net Position	\$ 10,515,282	\$ 11,934,879	\$ 4,547,842	\$ 5,158,117	\$ 32,156,120	\$ 4,085,779

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2024

		Busi	ness-Type Activ	vities		Governmental Activities	
	Airport	Solid Waste	Golf Course	Civic/Con. Center	Total Funds	Internal Service	
Cash flows from operating activities							
Receipts from customers	\$ 4,089,513	\$ 11,751,511	\$ 2,408,262	\$ 593,534	\$ 18,842,820	\$ -	
Receipts for interfund services provided and used	-	-	-	-	-	9,368,056	
Payments to suppliers	(3,335,259)	(5,070,995)	(627,302)	(360,848)	(9,394,404)	(7,010,094)	
Payments for personnel services	(683,402)	(4,328,436)	(1,115,793)	(521,837)	(6,649,468)	(949,396)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	70,852	2,352,080	665,167	(289,151)	2,798,948	1,408,566	
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities							
Transfers from other funds	933,636	2,359,811	124,579	1,515,314	4,933,340	-	
Operating grants	374,000	-	-	-	374,000		
Transfer to other funds	(405,857)	(1,344,565)	(219,214)	(78,244)	(2,047,880)		
Net cash provided by noncapital						-	
financing activities	901,779	1,015,246	(94,635)	1,437,070	3,259,460		
Cash flows from capital and related							
financing activities							
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(284,683)	(549,918)	(182,958)	(525,170)	(1,542,729)	-	
Gain on sale of capital assets			2,250		2,250		
Net cash provided (used) by capital and							
related financing activities	(284,683)	(549,918)	(180,708)	(525,170)	(1,540,479)	=	
Cash flows from investing activities						=	
Interest on investments	34,709	182,866	27,154	1,948	246,677	155,814	
Net cash provided by investing activities	34,709	182,866	27,154	1,948	246,677	155,814	
Net Increase in cash and							
cash equivalents	722,657	3,000,274	416,978	624,697	4,764,606	1,564,380	
Beginning cash and cash equivalents	2,040,222	4,653,628	1,785,373	206,216	8,685,439	3,831,004	
Ending cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,762,879	\$ 7,653,902	\$ 2,202,351	\$ 830,913	\$ 13,450,045	\$ 5,395,384	

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2024

		Busi	ness-Type Acti	vities		Governmental Activities	
		Solid	Total	Internal			
	Airport	<u>Waste</u>	Course	Center	Funds	Service	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net			·				
cash provided (used) by operating activities							
Operating income (loss)	\$ (1,040,116) \$	170,640	\$ (140,660)	\$ (714,730)	\$ (1,724,866)	\$ 729,605	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income							
to net cash provided (used in) by operating activities:							
Depreciation and amortization	1,353,276	2,017,185	746,357	400,722	4,517,540	-	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities							
(Increase) decrease in assets							
Accounts receivable	56,631	20,540	474	(850)	76,795	(119)	
Lease receivable	(329,715)	-	-	-	(329,715)		
Inventories	-	-	-	-	-	(10,141)	
Due from other funds	-	-	-	_	-	· -	
Deferred outflows - pensions	62,828	319,749	72,416	32,398	487,391	-	
Deferred outflows - OPEB	1,429	7,276	1,648	737	11,090	=	
Increase (decrease) in:							
Accounts payable	(296,365)	205,713	52,914	(3,839)	(41,577)	691,682	
Leases payable	=	-	(27,349)	=	(27,349)	-	
Accrued expenses	13,216	14,761	16,893	10,697	55,567	-	
Due to other funds	=	-	=	=	=	(2,461)	
Net pension liability	(53,983)	(274,734)	(62,221)	(27,837)	(418,775)	-	
Total OPEB liability - TMRS	1,769	9,005	2,039	912	13,725	-	
Total OPEB liability - retiree benefits	10,373	52,793	11,956	5,349	80,471	-	
Accrued compensated absences	6,841	(90,049)	13,529	5,899	(63,780)	-	
Customer deposits	(3,404)	-	-	11,605	8,201	-	
Deferred inflows - leases	307,878	-	-	-	307,878	-	
Deferred inflows - pensions	5,847	29,758	6,740	3,015	45,360	-	
Deferred inflows - OPEB	(25,653)	(130,557)	(29,569)	(13,229)	(199,008)		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating							
activities	\$ 70,852	2,352,080	\$ 665,167	\$ (289,151)	\$ 2,798,948	\$ 1,408,566	
Noncash capital activities							
Capital assets contributed during the year	\$ 48,048	961,914	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$ 1,009,962	\$ -	

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS September 30, 2024

ASSETS	<u>Custodial</u>	Priv	/ate-Purpose <u>Trust</u>
Current assets			
Cash	\$	<u>-</u> \$	1,498,941
Total assets		<u> </u>	1,498,941
NET POSITION			
Restricted for debt service		<u> </u>	1,498,941
Total net position	\$	<u>-</u> \$	1,498,941

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2024

	<u>Custodial</u>	Pri	vate-Purpose <u>Trust</u>
Additions			
Special assessment collections	\$ 732,753	\$	-
Contributions	-		732,753
Investment earnings	 <u>-</u>		81,969
Total additions	 732,753		814,722
Deductions			
Contribution to trust	732,753		-
Payment to developer	-		583,997
Payment to bond holders	-		557,261
Payment to fiscal agents	 		18,565
Total deductions	 732,753		1,159,823
Net decrease in Fiduciary net position	-		(345,101)
Beginning net position	 <u>-</u>		1,844,042
Ending Net Position	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	1,498,941

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity: The City of New Braunfels, Texas (the "City") was founded in 1845. It has adopted a "Home Rule Charter," which provides for a "Mayor-Council" form of government. A Mayor and six Council members are elected by voters of the City at large for three-year terms.

The City Council is the principal legislative and administrative body of the City.

The City Manager is the head of the administrative departments of the City and is the supervisor of all administrative officers, employees, directors, and department heads. Departments and agencies of the City submit budget requests to the City Manager.

The City provides the following services: public safety (police, fire, and EMS), public works, parks and recreation, library, airport, solid waste collection, community services, and general government. The City is an independent political subdivision of the State of Texas (the "State") governed by an elected Council and a Mayor and is considered a primary government. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these basic financial statements have been prepared based on considerations regarding the potential for inclusion of other entities, organizations, or functions as part of the City's financial reporting entity. The component units, as listed below, although legally separate, are considered part of the reporting entity. No other entities have been included in the City's reporting entity. Additionally, as the City is considered a primary government for financial reporting purposes, its activities are not considered a part of any other governmental or other type of reporting entity.

Considerations regarding the potential for inclusion of other entities, organizations, or functions in the City's financial reporting entity are based on criteria prescribed by generally accepted accounting principles. These same criteria are evaluated in considering whether the City is a part of any other governmental or other type of reporting entity. The overriding elements associated with prescribed criteria considered in determining that the City's financial reporting entity status is that of a primary government are that it has a separately elected governing body, it is legally separate, and it is fiscally independent of other state and local governments. Additionally, prescribed criteria under generally accepted accounting principles include considerations pertaining to organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and considerations pertaining to organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Discretely Presented Component Units

<u>Economic Development Corporation</u> - The New Braunfels Economic Development Corporation (the "Corporation") is a legally separate nonprofit entity which was organized under the laws of the State to provide economic development benefits for the City. Prior to fiscal year 2018, the entity was operating as the "Industrial Development Corporation". On April 9, 2018, City Council amended the bylaws, renaming the Corporation as the New Braunfels Economic Development Corporation. The Corporation is presented as a governmental component unit. City Council appoints the Board of Directors and approves expenditures. Separate financial statements can be obtained by contacting the President of the Corporation.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>New Braunfels Utilities</u> - New Braunfels Utilities (NBU) is a legally separate entity which provides waterworks, sanitary sewer, and electric services in the New Braunfels area. City Council appoints the NBU Board of Trustees, and approves utility rates and the issuance of debt. The NBU is presented as an enterprise component unit. Complete financial statements for the NBU may be obtained at the NBU's administrative offices at 1488 S Seguin Ave., New Braunfels, Texas 78130. The NBU's financial statements are presented on a July 31 fiscal year end.

Blended Component Units

Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone No. 1 - During fiscal year 2007, the City passed a resolution creating a Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone No. 1 (TIRZ No. 1), in accordance with Section 311 of the Texas Tax Code, for the purpose of financing public improvements in support of the Creekside Town Center Development. The TIRZ No. 1 includes participation by a developer and by other governmental entities, the Corporation, and Comal County, Texas (the "County"). Under this arrangement, a certain percentage of the incremental ad valorem tax revenue collected by the City and the County and one-half cent of sales taxes collected by the City and the Corporation will be utilized to pay for certain infrastructure costs. In fiscal year 2021, City Council voted on and implemented a change to this arrangement to be implemented in fiscal year 2022. Effective October of 2021, the City's portion of sales tax collected will no longer be utilized for TIRZ infrastructure costs. Such tax revenue is controlled by the Board of Directors managing the TIRZ No. 1 and is accounted for in a special revenue fund with the City's financial oversight. The Board of Directors is made up of seven members, five of which are appointed by the City Council.

New Braunfels Development Authority - During fiscal year 2007, the City passed a resolution creating the New Braunfels Development Authority (NBDA) in accordance with Section 394 of the Texas Local Government Code. The NBDA has been included in the reporting entity as a blended component unit. The NBDA was created to assist and act on behalf of the City in the performance of the City's governmental functions to promote the common good and general welfare of the TIRZ and to promote, develop, encourage, and maintain employment, commerce, and economic development in the City. During fiscal year 2007, the City passed an agreement (the "Agreement") between the City, the NBDA, and the TIRZ No 1 in which the NBDA will facilitate the implementation of the TIRZ plan and assist the City with reimbursement to the developer participating in the TIRZ No 1. Reimbursement to the developer will be made through the issuance of bonds, notes, or other obligations available to the NBDA but only after consent of the City Council. Efforts of the NBDA will be financed using the TIRZ No 1 tax increment as outlined in the Agreement. Such taxes and payment of debt service activity are controlled by the Board of Directors managing the NBDA and are accounted for in a special revenue fund with the City's financial oversight. The Board of Directors is made up of seven members, five of which are appointed by the City Council.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

River Mill Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone - In December 2019, the City Council established the River Mill Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone (TIRZ No. 2). Similar to TIRZ No. 1, the City's participation is limited to 85% of the real and business personal property tax revenue and 1/3 of all sales tax revenue. The current property owner is finalizing redevelopment plans for the approximate seven-acre River Mill area, which is conveniently located off I-35, directly behind Marketplace shopping area. The conceptual plan includes various uses for the property such as a hotel, entertainment venue, and boutique retail, as well as other multi-family housing options. The City is currently engaging other public sector partners to participate in the TIRZ No. 2 as well. The project and finance plan has not been approved, therefore, the City Council has not established a board for TIRZ No. 2 at this point. Once the project and finance plan is approved, a board will be established to oversee the utilization of the incremental funds to support appropriate public improvements in accordance with section 311 of the Texas Tax Code.

<u>Downtown Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone</u> - In September 2021, the City Council established the Downtown Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone (TIRZ No. 3). Similar to TIRZ No. 1, the City's participation is limited to 85% of the real and business personal property tax revenue. The TIRZ will provide support for catalytic infrastructure and incentives that will facilitate the redevelopment of the downtown area. The downtown area faces barriers to continued redevelopment as much of the pedestrian infrastructure in the zone is insufficient. Additionally, new development in the zone has be stifled due to lack of convenient and adequate parking given the built-out nature of the development pattern. The City has established a board for TIRZ #3 to oversee the utilization of the incremental funds, and a project and financing plan has been approved. Collections of revenue in the TIRZ started in fiscal year 2023.

Separate financial statements for the TIRZ's and NBDA funds are not prepared.

The City also has the following related organization:

The Housing Authority of the City of New Braunfels (the "Authority") is a nonprofit entity, which was organized under the laws of the State to provide housing for qualified individuals in accordance with the rules and regulations prescribed by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. City Council appoints the Board of Directors of the Authority. However, the City is not financially accountable for the Authority because the Authority's operations are subsidized by the federal government, it sets its own budget subject to federal approval, it sets its rental rate, and it can issue debt in its own name. The City is not responsible for the deficits or liabilities of the Authority. Separately audited financial statements may be obtained at the City's administrative offices at 550 Landa Street, New Braunfels, Texas 78130.

Government-Wide Financial Statements: The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of Presentation - Government-Wide Financial Statements: While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental and internal service funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the City's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the City's water and wastewater functions and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

<u>Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements</u>: The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The City reports the following governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u>: The *general fund* is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The principal sources of revenues include local property taxes, sales taxes, franchise fees, licenses and permits, fines and forfeitures, and charges for services. Expenditures include general government, public safety, public works, parks and recreation, and library. The general fund is always considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u>: The *debt service fund* is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest on long-term debt of the City. The primary source of revenue for debt service is local property taxes. The debt service fund is considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u>: The *special revenue funds* are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The grants fund was the only special revenue fund that was considered major. The special revenue funds are considered nonmajor funds for reporting purposes, except for the hotel/motel tax fund, which does not qualify as major, but the City has elected to present it as major due to its significance.

Hotel/motel tax fund: This fund accounts for the tax collections of the hotel/motel occupancy taxes and the disbursement of those funds.

Grants fund: This fund accounts for the receipt and expenditures of various grant funds and special projects for the City.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u>: The *capital projects funds* are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The capital projects funds are considered nonmajor funds for reporting purposes, except for the 2019 capital improvement fund, 2023 capital improvement fund, and the park improvement fund. The general obligations fund and roadway impact fees fund were not major funds, but the City elected to present them as major due to their significance.

General obligations fund: This fund accounts for the expenditures of the proceeds from the June 2014, April 2015, and July 2016 debt series issued for various purposes, including street improvements, construction of drainage, equipping of parks and a recreations center, and constructing and building the Center Texas Technology Center.

2019 capital improvement fund: This fund accounts for the expenditures of the proceeds from the 2018 and 2019 debt issuances related to capital improvements in the City.

2023 Capital Improvement fund: This fund was called the 2021 Tax Notes fund in prior years. The proceeds from the 2021 Tax Notes have been expended, and the City used this fund to reflect the issuance of new debt for capital projects in fiscal year 2024.

Park improvement fund: This fund accounts for collection and expenditure of park development impact fees charged within the City.

Roadway impact fees fund: This fund accounts for the collection of impact fees to be used in specific roadway and paved surface repairs, improvements, and developments.

<u>Permanent Fund</u>: The *permanent fund* is used to account for nonexpendable trust arrangements where the principal may not be spent, and the earnings must be spent for a particular purpose. This fund is used to report the activity of the cemetery perpetual care fund.

The City reports the following proprietary funds:

Enterprise Funds: The enterprise funds are used to account for the operations that provide airport, solid waste, golf course, and civic/convention center operations. The services are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis will be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The airport and solid waste funds are considered major funds for reporting purposes. While the golf course and civic/convention center funds did not technically meet the criteria to be presented as major funds, the City has elected to present them as such due to their significance.

<u>Internal Service Funds</u>: *Internal service funds* account for services provided to other departments or agencies of the primary government, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. The City's internal service funds are used to account for services for the City's self-funded health plan, which is financed from systematic transfers from general governmental and enterprise funds, as well as the operation of the City's fleet service program to service and maintain City vehicles.

The City reports the following fiduciary funds:

<u>Private-Purpose Trust Fund</u>: The *private-purpose trust fund* accounts for contributions and payments made on behalf of the Solms Landing Public Improvement District (the "PID").

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Custodial Fund</u>: The *custodial fund* accounts for collection of special assessment revenue and contributions made to the trust related to the PID.

During the course of operations, the City has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting: The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide, proprietary fund, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise fees, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

days of year end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance:

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>: The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, balances in statewide investment pools, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the proprietary fund types consider temporary investments with maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

The City maintains a pooled cash account. Each fund whose monies are deposited in the pooled cash account has equity therein, and interest earned on the investment of these monies is allocated based upon relative equity at the previous month end. Amounts on deposit in interest bearing accounts and other investments are displayed on the combined balance sheet as "cash and equity in pooled cash."

<u>Investments</u>: Investments, except for certain investment pools and commercial paper, are reported at fair value. The investment pools operate in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations and are reported at amortized cost. Commercial paper is reported at amortized cost.

The City has adopted a written investment policy regarding the investment of its funds as defined in the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code (the "Act"). The City is required by the Act to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must be written; primarily emphasize safety of principal and liquidity; address investment diversification, yield, and maturity and the quality and capability of investment management; and include a list of the types of authorized investments in which the City's funds may be invested and the maximum allowable stated maturity of any individual investment owned by the City.

The Act contains specific provisions in the area of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies. Investments are administered by City management under terms of an investment policy and strategy that is updated to conform to the Act as last amended. The preservation of capital is the City's most important investment objective. Other objectives include providing liquidity and maximizing earnings within the constraints of other objectives. The City is in substantial compliance with the requires of the Act and with local policies.

In summary, the City is authorized to invest in the following:

- Direct obligations of the U.S. Government
- Money market mutual funds that meet certain criteria
- Collateralized certificates of deposit
- Municipal securities that meet certain criteria
- Fully collateralized repurchase agreements that meet certain criteria
- Bankers' acceptances
- Commercial paper that meets certain criteria
- · Guaranteed investment contracts that meet certain criteria
- Statewide investment pools

<u>Inventories and Prepaid Items</u>: The costs of governmental fund type inventories are recorded as expenditures when the related liability is incurred (i.e., the purchase method).

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

<u>Capital Assets</u>: Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest costs incurred in connection with construction of enterprise fund capital assets are capitalized when the effects of capitalization materially impact the financial statements. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful years:

Assets Depreciation	Estimated <u>Useful Life</u>
Streets/Drainage Infrastructure	20 years
Buildings	30 years
Building Improvements	20 years
Equipment	5-7 years
Fleet	5-7 years

<u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>: In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represent a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources are amortized as follows:

- Deferred outflows/inflows from pension/other postemployment benefits (OPEB) activities are amortized over the average of the expected service lives of pension/OPEB plan members, except for the net differences between the projected and actual investment earnings on the pension/OPEB plan assets, which are amortized over a period of five years.
- For employer pension/OPEB plan contributions that were made subsequent to the measurement date through the end of the City's fiscal year, the amount is deferred and recognized as a reduction to the net pension/OPEB liability during the measurement period in which the contributions were made.

 A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

At the fund level, the City has two types of items, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, that qualify for reporting in this category. Accordingly, these items, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes and from leases in which the government is the lessor. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

Compensated Absences: It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. Amounts accumulated, up to certain amounts, may be paid to employees upon termination of employment. On retirement or death of certain employees, the City pays accrued sick leave in a lump sum payment to such employee or his/her estate. Non-civil service employees with 15 or more years of service are eligible to receive their accumulated sick leave up to 480 hours. These employees are also eligible if they retire with 10 or more years of service. Police and fire personnel covered by civil service receive payment for all accumulated sick leave up to 720 hours for police and fire (non-shift) and 1,080 hours for fire shift personnel. Police came under civil service in October 2011. Employees are paid for all accrued vacation leave when they leave the City's employment. The City accrues its liability for such accumulated unpaid benefits in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements. The general fund has historically been used to liquidate this liability.

The estimated amount of compensation for services provided that is expected to be liquidated with expendable, available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it when it matures or becomes due. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable, available financial resources are maintained separately and represent a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

<u>Long-Term Obligations</u>: In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method, if material. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

The property tax rate is allocated each year between the general and debt service funds. The full amount estimated to be required for debt service on general obligation debt is provided by the tax along with the interest earned in the debt service fund. Although a portion of the general obligation debt was directly related to the purchase of solid waste infrastructure, the debt service expenditures are included in the governmental fund financial statements as they are expected to be paid from debt service tax revenues instead of solid waste revenues.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Leases

Lessee - The City is a lessee for a noncancellable lease of equipment. The City recognizes a lease liability and an intangible, right-to-use lease asset (the "lease asset") in the government-wide financial statements. The City recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$10,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The City uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate
 charged by the lessor is not provided, the City generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing
 rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease.
- Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and the purchase option price that the City is reasonably certain to exercise.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the Statement of Net Position.

Lessor - The City is a lessor for a noncancellable lease of a building. The City recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The City uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease.
- Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable are composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflow of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

<u>Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements</u>: The City has noncancellable subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) to finance the use of information technology software. The City would recognize a liability (the "subscription liability") and an intangible, right-to-use subscription asset (the "subscription asset") in the financial statements. The City's SBITAs to report are immaterial to the financial statements as a whole and are not recognized as a subscription liability or a subscription asset.

<u>Net Position Flow Assumption</u>: Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

<u>Fund Balance Flow Assumptions</u>: Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

<u>Fund Balance Policies</u>: Fund balances of governmental funds are reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The City itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact are classified as nonspendable fund balance. Amounts that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions are classified as restricted.

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority. The City Council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the City that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The City Council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

Unassigned fund balance includes amounts that have not been assigned to other funds or restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purpose within the general fund or deficit balances in other funds.

	General	Hotel/Motel Tax	Debt Service	General Obligations	Roadway Impact Fees	2019 Capital Improvement	2023 Capital Improvement	Park Improvement	Grants	Nonmajor Governmental
Nonspendable										
Cemetery perpetual care	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 242,410
Inventory	3,430	Ψ -	ψ - -	Ψ -	Ψ - -	ψ - -	Ψ -	Ψ - -	Ψ - -	Ψ 242,410
Total nonspendable	3,430									242,410
Restricted										
Tourism	-	3,865,058	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service	-	-	3,413,254	-	-	-	-	-	814,741	-
Grants	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	77,105
Special donation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		1,703,130
Stormwater development	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	936,777
Edwards Aquifer	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	92,560
Capital projects	-	-	-	5,113,445	14,103,915	45,510,679	32,370,441	23,408,227	-	10,371,438
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	459,360
Municipal court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	199,650
Governmental programming	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	834,200
Economic development										9,370,789
Total restricted		3,865,058	3,413,254	5,113,445	14,103,915	45,510,679	32,370,441	23,408,227	814,741	24,045,009
Committed										
Facilities Maintenance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	56,435
Enterprise equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27,773
Assigned										
Equipment replacement	3,719,791	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	33,993,525									
Total fund balances	\$ 37,716,746	\$ 3,865,058	\$ 3,413,254	\$ 5,113,445	\$ 14,103,915	\$ 45,510,679	\$ 32,370,441	\$ 23,408,227	\$ 814,741	\$ 24,371,627

Minimum Fund Balance Policy - The City will maintain an operating reserve for use in the event of unanticipated, extraordinary expenditures and/or the loss of a major revenue source. In the general fund, the operating reserve and specified contingencies shall be established at a minimum of 25 percent of the general fund budgeted expenditures for the current fiscal year. For special revenue funds, the operating reserve shall equal 10 percent of the budgeted annual expenditures. The funds can only be appropriated by an affirmative vote of five of the seven City Council members.

Capital projects funds' reserves will be established by project, not by fund and will, and in general, reflect 3 percent of the total project costs.

The City will maintain a balance in the debt service fund equal to not less than 10 percent of the principal and interest payments on outstanding debt for each fiscal year.

<u>Estimates</u>: The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Pensions</u>: For the purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deductions from TMRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Postemployment Benefits: The City participates in a single-employer, unfunded, defined benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by TMRS known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). The City elected, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage to both current and retired employees. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year. Benefit payments are treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contributions for retirees. Benefit payments and refunds are due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Information about the City's total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense is provided by TMRS from reports prepared by their consulting actuary.

The City also provides their own defined benefit group health benefit plan to eligible retirees.

Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses:

<u>Program Revenues</u>: Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

<u>Property Taxes</u>: Property taxes are levied by October 1 of each year on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the City. Taxes are due upon receipt of the tax bill and become delinquent, with an enforceable lien on property, on February 1 of the following year.

Allowance for uncollectible tax receivables within the general and debt service funds are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the City is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

<u>Proprietary Funds Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses</u>: Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The enterprise funds also recognize as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds and internal service fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

The City follows the procedures outlined below in establishing budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

Prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the City prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

Two meetings of the City Council are then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least ten days' public notice of the meeting must have been given.

Prior to the start of the fiscal year, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance by the City Council.

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles except the capital projects funds, which adopt project length budgets. The general obligations fund, roadway impact fees fund, 2019 capital improvements fund, 2023 capital improvements fund, and park improvement funds are major funds for reporting purposes and are considered capital projects funds that do not present an annual operating budget. The Transit District fund was a new fund created during the year, and therefore did not have an annual adopted budget. Budgetary legal level of control is set at the fund, department, or project level. Once a budget is approved, it can be amended only by approval of a majority of the members of the City Council. As required by law, such amendments are made before the fact and are reflected in the official minutes of the City Council. During the year, the budget was amended as necessary. Appropriations lapse at the end of the year, excluding capital project budgets.

Encumbrances represent the estimated amount of expenditures ultimately to result when unperformed contracts (in progress at year end) are completed. Such encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

<u>Deposits and Investments</u>: As of September 30, 2024, the City had the following investments:

Investment Type	<u>Value</u>	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)	Credit <u>Rating</u>
Primary Governmental and			
Component Unit - EDC			
U.S. agency treasury notes	\$ 5,024,764	1.21	AAA
Certificates of Deposit	4,500,000	0.40	Aaa
External investment pools			
TexPool	76,956,918	0.08	AAAm
Texas CLASS	24,552,141	0.23	AAAm
Texas FIT	 32,712,808	0.00	AAAmmf
Total	\$ 143,746,631		
Portfolio weighted average maturity		0.18	
Component Unit - NBU			
U.S. agency securities	\$ 30,923,975	0.81	AA+
U.S. agency treasury notes	21,107,668	1.47	AA+
Escrow funds	39,061,676	0.00	N/A
Demand deposit and money market	40,295,127	0.00	N/A
Investment pools	 67,435,562	0.00	AAAm
Total	\$ 198,824,008		
Portfolio weighted average maturity		0.46	

<u>Fair Value Measurements</u> - The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, provides a framework for measuring fair value establishing a three-level fair value hierarchy that describes the inputs used to measure assets and liabilities:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that a government can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices within Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs and the lowest priority to Level 3 inputs. If a price for an identical asset or liability is not observable, a government should measure fair value using another valuation technique that maximizes the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs. If the fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of the fair value hierarchy, the measurement is considered to be based on the lowest priority level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Fair value is measured in a manner consistent with one of the three approaches: market approach, cost approach, and the income approach. The valuation methodology used is based upon whichever technique is the most appropriate and provides the best representation of fair value for that particular asset or liability. The market approach uses prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets, liabilities, or groups of assets and liabilities. The cost approach reflects the amount that would be required to replace the present service capacity of an asset. The income approach converts future amounts, such as cash flows, to a single current (discounted) amount.

As of September 30, 2024, the City had the following recurring fair value measurements:

Investments by Fair Value Level	Se	ptember 30, <u>2024</u>	ctive Markets entical Assets (Level 1)	_	nificant Other ervable Inputs (Level 2)
Primary Government					
U.S. agency treasury notes	\$	5,024,764	\$ 	\$	5,024,764
Total - Primary Government	<u>\$</u>	5,024,764	\$ 	\$	5,024,764
Component Unit - NBU					
U.S. agency securities	\$	30,923,976	\$ -	\$	30,923,976
U.S. agency treasury notes		21,107,668	21,107,668		
Total - NBU	\$	52,031,644	\$ 21,107,668	\$	30,923,976

U. S. Government agency bonds and notes are classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy and are valued using the market approach.

Interest rate risk - In accordance with its investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and invest operating funds primarily in short-term securities.

Credit risk - The City's policy requires that investment pools must be rated no lower than 'AAA' or 'AAAm.' As of September 30, 2024, the City's investments in investment pools were rated 'AAAm' by Standard & Poor's. All other investments are guaranteed (either express or implied) by the full faith and credit of the United States government or the issuing U.S. agency. These investments were rated not less than 'AA+' by both Moody's and Standard & Poor's.

Custodial credit risk - deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that the City's deposits may not be returned in the event of a bank failure. The City's investment policy requires funds on deposit at the depository bank to be collateralized by securities. As of September 30, 2024, fair values of pledged securities and FDIC coverage exceeded bank balances.

Custodial credit risk – investments. For an investment, this is the risk that the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party in the event of the failure of the counterparty. The City's investment policy requires that it will seek to safekeep securities at financial institutions, avoiding physical possession. Further, all trades, where applicable, shall be conducted on a delivery versus payment basis or commercial book entry system as utilized by the Federal Reserve and shall be protected through the use of a third-party custody/safekeeping agent.

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

<u>TexPool</u> - TexPool was established as a trust company with the Treasurer of the State as trustee, segregated from all other trustees, investments, and activities of the trust company. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts exercises oversight responsibility over TexPool. Oversight includes the ability to significantly influence operations, designation of management, and accountability for fiscal matters. Additionally, the State Comptroller has established an advisory board composed of both participants in TexPool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool. The advisory board members review the investment policy and management fee structure. Finally, Standard & Poor's rates TexPool 'AAAm'. As a requirement to maintain the rating, weekly portfolio information must be submitted to Standard & Poor's, as well as to the office of the Comptroller of Public Accounts for review.

TexPool is an external investment pool measured at amortized cost. In order to meet the criteria to be recorded at amortized cost, TexPool must transact at a stable net asset value per share and maintain certain maturity, quality, liquidity, and diversification requirements within TexPool. TexPool transacts at a net asset value of \$1.00 per share, has weighted average maturities of 60 days or less, and weighted average lives of 120 days or less. Investments held are highly rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations, have no more than five percent of portfolio with one issuer (excluding U.S. government securities), and can meet reasonably foreseeable redemptions. TexPool has a redemption notice period of one day and may redeem daily. TexPool's authority may only impose restrictions on redemptions in the event of a general suspension of trading on major securities markets, general banking moratorium, or national state of emergency that affects TexPool's liquidity.

Texas CLASS - The Texas Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System Trust – Texas (CLASS) is a public funds investment pool under Section 2256.016 of the Public Funds Investment Act, Texas Government Code, as amended. CLASS is created under an amended and restated trust agreement, dated as of December 14, 2011 (the "Agreement"), among certain Texas governmental entities investing in CLASS (the "Participants"), with Cutwater Investor Services Corporation as program administrator and Wells Fargo Bank Texas, NA as custodian. CLASS is not SEC registered and is not subject to regulation by the State. Under the Agreement, however, CLASS is administered and supervised by a seven-member board of trustees (the "Board"), whose members are investment officers of the Participants, elected by the Participants for overlapping two-year terms. In the Agreement and by resolution of the Board, CLASS has contracted with Cutwater Investors Service Corporation to provide for the investment and management of the public funds of CLASS. Separate financial statements for CLASS may be obtained from CLASS' website at www.texasclass.com.

<u>Texas FIT</u> - The TX-FIT Government Pool provides Texas' public entities a conservatively managed, PFIA compliant, investment option with no corporate exposure. The TX-FIT Government Pool seeks the preservation of principal, a competitive yield and a stable NAV, while also providing same day liquidity to its participants. Performance data quoted represents past performance; past performance does not guarantee future results. Current performance of the investment pools may be lower or higher than the performance quoted. Performance data current to the most recent month end may be obtained by calling (888) 909-9998. Complete performance history can be found at www.tx-fit.com/yield-and-pool-characteristics. Investments in the TX-FIT investment pools are not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC or any other government agency. Certain securities in the pool may be FDIC insured through participating FDIC insured banks as part of a sponsored program by an affiliate bank. The FDIC insurance pertains only to the specific securities and not the entire pool. Programs, rates, and terms and conditions are subject to change at any time without notice. TX-FIT may invest in fixed income securities, which are subject to risks including interest rate, credit and inflation.

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

<u>Receivables</u>: Amounts are aggregated into a single accounts receivable line (net of allowance for uncollectible) for certain funds and aggregated columns. Below is the detail of receivables for the general fund, hotel/motel tax fund, debt service fund, roadway impact fees fund, grants fund, and the nonmajor governmental funds in the aggregate, and the proprietary funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts:

						G	overnm	ental Fund	ds				
			Н	otel/Motel				adway			Nonmajor		
		General		Tax	De	ebt Service	Impa	act Fees	_	Grants	Funds	_	Total
Ad valorem taxes	\$	854,905	\$	-	\$	840,542	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,695,447
Franchise fees and local taxes		-		-		-		-		-	-		-
Accounts		7,226,083		305,953		-		-		-	2,388,421		9,920,457
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-		1,888,104	-		1,888,104
Other		7,975		-		-		-		-	-		7,975
Less allowances	_			-		(150,960)			_	<u>-</u>	 	_	(150,960)
Total	\$	8,088,963	\$	305,953	\$	689,582	\$		\$	1,888,104	\$ 2,388,421	\$	13,361,023
					ь	ropriotory F	undo						

		Proprietary Funds									
				Solid			(Civic/Con.			
	Airpo	ort		Waste	Go	If Course		Center		Total	
Accounts	\$	22	\$	861,241	\$	27,768	\$	849	849 \$		
Other							_			<u>-</u>	
Total	\$	22	\$	861,241	\$	27,768	\$	849	\$	889,880	

	Co	mponent Unit				
	NBU					
Customer accounts	\$	38,192,165				
Interest		318,507				
Other		10,620,241				
Total	\$	49,130,913				

<u>Lease Receivable</u>: The City is a lessor for two agreements related to the lease of space. These leases combined are for 86 years. The City receives annual payments of \$14,500 for these two leases. The City recognized \$2,985 in lease revenue and \$6,291 in interest revenue related to these leases in the current year. As of September 30, 2024, the City's receivable for these lease payments was \$583,505. The City also has a deferred inflow of resources associated with these leases that will be recognized over the lease term. As of September 30, 2024, the balance of the deferred inflow of resources was \$566,681.

The Airport is a lessor of land space for a variety of different parties. The combined lease term for these leases is 59 years. The Airport receives variable amounts for annual payments related to these leases. The Airport recognized \$29,873 in lease revenue and \$260 in interest revenue during the current fiscal year related to these leases. As of September 30, 2024, the Airport's receivable for lease payments was \$1,735,352. The Airport fund also has a deferred inflow of resources related to these leases that will be recognized as revenue over the lease term. As of year end, this balance of the deferred inflow of resources was \$1,694,969.

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Capital Assets: A summary of changes in capital assets at year end is as follows:

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Increases	(Decreases)/ Reclassifications	Ending <u>Balance</u>				
Governmental activities Capital assets not being depreciated/ amortized								
Land	\$ 43,683,947	\$ 7,643,531	\$ -	\$ 51,327,478				
Construction in progress	22,285,461	33,149,109	(17,390,820)	38,043,750				
Total capital assets not								
being depreciated/amortized	65,969,408	40,792,640	(17,390,820)	89,371,228				
Other capital assets								
Road network	158,814,973	3,852,047	_	162,667,020				
Infrastructure	25,040,967	0,002,047	_	25,040,967				
Buildings	132,801,289	12,247,447	_	145,048,736				
Improvements other than buildings	59,523,276	4,753,071	_	64,276,347				
Machinery and equipment	24,354,045	6,074,503	_	30,428,548				
Fleet	29,882,752	4,960,435	(1,048,763)	33,794,424				
Total other capital assets	430,417,302	31,887,503	(1,048,763)	461,256,042				
Less accumulated depreciation/ amortization for								
Road network	(102,740,513)	(8,063,520)	-	(110,804,033)				
Infrastructure	(12,933,929)	(834,699)		(13,768,628)				
Buildings	(47,489,020)	(3,609,032)		(51,098,052)				
Improvements other than buildings	(38,307,131)	(4,124,309)		(42,431,440)				
Machinery and equipment	(13,999,928)	(2,271,924)		(16,271,852)				
Fleet	(20,663,849)	(2,733,828)		(22,348,914)				
Total accumulated depreciation	(236,134,370)	(21,637,312)	1,048,763	(256,722,919)				
Other capital assets, net	194,282,932	10,250,191		204,533,123				
Governmental activities								
capital assets, net	\$ 260,252,340	\$ 51,042,831	\$ (17,390,820)	\$ 293,904,351				
	Les	(330,733,332)						
	Plu	745,678						
		s unspent bond _ا	-	93,366,003				
	Net investment in capital assets \$ 57,2							

All capital assets constructed or paid for with funds of the component units are titled in the City's name. Accordingly, component unit capital assets and construction in progress are recorded in the governmental activities totals.

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General government	\$	1,564,378
Finance and tax		460,875
Planning and environmental development		1,276,601
Public safety		14,585,712
Public works		1,897,592
Parks and recreation		1,304,730
Library	_	547,424
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$	21,637,312

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for business-type activities:

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	(Decreases)/ Reclassifications	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Business-type activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 2,540,961	\$ 295,732	\$ -	\$ 2,836,693
Construction in progress	58,318	130,360	(58,318)	130,360
Total capital assets not				
being depreciated	2,599,279	426,092	(58,318)	2,967,053
Other capital assets				
Building	21,444,046	-	_	21,444,046
Improvements other than building	22,128,151	78,159	-	22,206,310
Furniture and fixtures	20,190	-	-	20,190
Machinery and equipment	3,259,946	813,062	-	4,073,008
Fleet	15,702,013	1,293,694	(15,240)	16,980,467
Airspace easement	37,515	-	-	37,515
Right-to-use assets	109,148		<u>-</u>	109,148
Total other capital assets	62,701,009	2,184,915	(15,240)	64,870,684
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Building	(12,833,505)	(612,605) -	(13,446,110)
Improvements other than building	(15,806,298)	(1,441,153	-	(17,247,451)
Furniture and fixtures	(20,189)	-	-	(20,189)
Machinery and equipment	(1,538,648)	(426,603	-	(1,965,251)
Fleet	(8,892,385)	(2,014,273) 15,240	(10,891,418)
Airspace easement	(27,625)	(938	-	(28,563)
Right-to-use assets	(57,005)	(21,968	·	(78,973)
Total accumulated depreciation	(39,175,655)	(4,517,540	15,240	(43,677,955)
Other capital assets, net	23,525,354	(2,332,625		21,192,729
Business-type activities				
capital assets, net	\$ 26,124,633	\$ (1,906,533) \$ (58,318)	24,159,782
	Le	(27,479)		
	Net investment in capital assets			\$ 24,132,303

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Depreciation was charged to business-type functions as follows:

Airport	\$ 1,353,276
Solid waste	2,017,185
Golf course	746,357
Civic center	400,722
Total business-type activities depreciation expense	\$ 4,517,540

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the NBU, a component unit, for the year end:

Component Unit:	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Increases	(Decreases)/ Reclassifications	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Capital assets not being depreciated Land and improvements Construction in progress Total capital assets not	\$ 43,701,520 77,618,949	\$ 13,387,981 191,528,062	\$ (213,486) _(112,525,297)	156,621,714
being depreciated	121,320,469	204,916,043	(112,738,783)	213,497,729
Other capital assets				
Buildings	141,780,548	4,253,081	(1,276,106)	144,757,523
Infrastructure	847,280,511	85,119,663	(3,535,274)	928,864,900
Equipment	138,149,467	9,764,572	(1,842,912)	146,071,127
Wells and springs	3,954,872			3,954,872
Total other capital assets	1,131,165,398	99,137,316	(6,654,292)	1,223,648,422
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings	(40,176,450)	(3,776,946)	791,439	(43,161,957)
Infrastructure	(238,825,892)	(27,418,360)	1,999,680	(264,244,572)
Equipment	(61,926,293)	(7,537,424)	1,702,525	(67,761,192)
Wells and springs	(687,911)	(89,564)		(777,475)
Total accumulated depreciation	(341,616,546)	(38,822,294)	4,493,644	(375,945,196)
Other capital assets, net	789,548,852	60,315,022	(2,160,648)	847,703,226
Component Unit capital assets, net	\$ 910,869,321	\$ 265,231,065	<u>\$ (114,899,431</u>)	\$1,061,200,955

Depreciation was charged to the NBU as follows:

Electric Water Wastewater	\$ 13,502,092 11,309,069 14,011,133
Total component units depreciation expense	\$ 38,822,294

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

<u>Long-Term Debt</u>: The following is a summary of changes in the City's total long-term liabilities for the year end. In general, the City uses the general and debt service funds to liquidate governmental long-term liabilities.

Governmental activities	Beginning <u>Balances</u>	<u>Additions</u>	(Reductions)	Ending <u>Balances</u>	Amounts Due Within <u>One Year</u>
Bonds, notes, and other payables General obligation bonds/notes Certificates of obligation Contract revenue obligations Bond premium	\$ 214,425,000 32,905,000 16,025,000 25,233,780 288,588,780	\$ 42,990,000 17,535,000 - 3,188,445 63,713,445	\$ (22,030,000) (3,445,000) (1,550,000) (2,132,990) (29,157,990)	14,475,000 26,289,235	\$ 20,130,000 2,840,000 1,605,000 * 24,575,000
Other liabilities Notes payable Leases payable Net pension liability Total OPEB liability - TMRS Total OPEB liability - retiree benefits Compensated absences	3,677,625 - 51,744,286 1,486,339 5,862,178 14,218,696	4,549,999 438,077 - 156,761 919,013 4,211,537	(866,139) (210,465) (4,782,531) - - (7,690,046)	7,361,485 227,612 46,961,755 1,643,100 6,781,191 10,740,187	* 797,498 * 119,544
Total governmental activities	\$ 365,577,904 Long-term debt	\$ 73,988,832 due in more than	\$ (42,707,171) one year	\$ 396,859,565 \$ 361,701,355	<u>\$ 35,158,210</u>
	*Debt associate	d with governme	ntal capital assets	\$ \$330,733,332	Amounts
Business-type activities	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	Ending <u>Balance</u>	Due Within <u>One Year</u>
Leases payable Net pension liability Total OPEB liability - TMRS Total OPEB liability - retiree benefits Compensated absences	\$ 54,828 5,245,025 148,495 601,752 420,347	\$ - 13,725 80,471 7,626,266	\$ (27,349) (418,703) - - (7,690,046)	\$ 27,479 4,826,322 162,220 682,223 356,567	\$ 27,479 - - - 320,910
Total business-type activities	\$ 6,470,447	\$ 7,720,462	\$ (8,136,098)	\$ 6,054,811	\$ 320,910
Component Unit:	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	Ending <u>Balance</u>	Amounts Due Within <u>One Year</u>
Bonds payable Bond premium Net pension liability Compensated absences	\$ 380,224,016 25,296,613 29,067,501 3,154,914	\$ 118,844,046 725,842 - 1,806,097	\$ (24,140,001) - (2,351,090) (1,542,723)	\$ 474,928,061 26,022,455 26,716,411 3,418,288	\$ 8,700,000 - - 2,296,800
Total component units	\$ 437,743,044	\$ 121,375,985	\$ (28,033,814)	\$ 531,085,215	\$ 10,996,800

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities in the governmental funds. The governmental activities compensated absences, net pension liability, and OPEB obligations are generally liquidated by the general fund. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due.

Long-term debt at year end was comprised of the following debt issues:

Governmental Activities:

	Final Maturity	Original Issue	Interest Rate	Balance
General Obligation Bond/Notes				
2014 General Obligation Bonds	2034	\$ 13,970,000	2.00-5.00%	\$ 4,530,000
2015 General Obligation and Refunding Bonds	2035	29,260,000	2.00-5.00%	16,535,000
2016 General Obligation Refunding Bonds	2036	37,360,000	2.00-5.00%	19,745,000
2017 General Obligation Refunding Bonds	2029	5,255,000	1.91%	2,695,000
2018 General Obligation Bonds	2038	21,620,000	3.00-5.00%	19,140,000
2018 Tax Note	2025	3,000,000	2.78%	460,000
2018A Tax Note	2026	2,300,000	2.35-2.87%	710,000
2019 General Obligation Bonds	2039	19,985,000	2.00-5.00%	16,080,000
2020 General Obligation Bonds	2040	47,770,000	3.00-5.00%	43,415,000
2020 Tax Note	2027	1,675,000	2.00-4.00%	755,000
2020 General Obligation Refunding Bonds	2031	10,100,000	3.00-4.00%	7,630,000
2021 Tax Note	2028	2,835,000	2.00-3.00%	1,685,000
2021 General Obligation Bonds	2031	27,140,000	2.00-5.00%	23,185,000
2021 General Obligation Refunding Bonds	2033	21,785,000	2.00-5.00%	16,855,000
2022 Tax Note	2029	9,415,000	4.00-5.00%	7,000,000
2022 General Obligation Bonds	2042	15,695,000	3.50-5.00%	14,680,000
2023 Tax Increment Contract Revenue Notes	2030	1,960,000	5.00%	1,710,000
2024 Tax Increment Contract Revenue Notes	2031	3,015,000	5.00-6.00%	3,015,000
2023 General Obligation Bonds	2043	38,015,000	4.00-5.00%	35,560,000
Total General Obligation Bank/Notes				\$235,385,000
Certificates of Obligation				
2014A Certificates of Obligation	2034	\$6,845,000	2.00-5.00%	\$ 3,065,000
2014B Certificates of Obligation	2034	3,280,000	2.00-5.00%	2,090,000
2015 Certificates of Obligation	2035	5,395,000	2.00-5.00%	3,445,000
2018 Certificates of Obligation	2038	8,120,000	2.00-5.00%	6,335,000
2019 Certificates of Obligation	2039	4,755,000	2.00-5.00%	3,825,000
2020 Certificates of Obligation	2040	14,470,000	3.00-5.00%	11,060,000
2023 Certificates of Obligation	2043	9,660,000	4.00-5.00%	9,300,000
2024 Certificates of Obligation	2044	7,875,000	4.00-5.00%	7,875,000
Total Certificates of Obligation				\$ 46,995,000
Tax Increment Contract Revenue Obligations				
2012 Tax Increment Contract Revenue				
Improvement and Refunding Obligations	2032	\$ 11,670,000	2.93%	\$ 5,580,000
2014 Tax Increment Contract Revenue Notes	2032	17,000,000	3.68%	8,895,000
Total Tax Increment Contract Revenue Obligation	ns			\$ 14,475,000
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Deb				\$296,855,000
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Deb	L			Ψ200,000,000

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Component Unit – NBU:

Component Unit - NBU:

Series	Original Issue	Interest Rate	Balance
Revenue Bonds			
2004 Utility System Revenue - Capital Appreciation	\$ 2,572,596	3.10-5.16%	\$ 530,029
2015 Utility System Revenue	26,870,000	2.00-4.00%	8,650,000
2016 Utility System Revenue and Refunding	62,235,000	2.00-5.00%	55,585,000
2018 Utility System Revenue	45,200,000	2.00-5.00%	35,815,000
2020 Utility System Revenue Refunding	88,100,000	3.00-5.00%	79,415,000
2021 Utility System Revenue Refunding	68,250,000	3.00-5.00%	65,115,000
2022 Utility System Revenue Refunding	73,855,000	5.00%	71,670,000
2022A Utility System Revenue Bonds	40,000,000	0.6%-2.9%	39,250,000
2024 Utility System Revenue and Refunding	118,745,000	5.00%	117,930,000
Total Revenue Bonds			473,960,029
Total Accreted Interest on Capital Appreciation Bonds			968,032
Total Component Unit - NBU			\$474,928,061

The annual requirements to amortize general obligation bonds, certificates of obligation, and tax increment contract revenue obligations outstanding at year end were as follows:

Fiscal				Governmen	tal /	Activities				Tax Increme	ent	Contract		
Year Ended		General Obli	gati	on Bonds		Certificates	of C	Obligation		Review C	blig	ations		
September 30.		Principal	_	Interest		Principal		Interest	_	Principal		Interest	_	Total
2025	\$	20,130,000	\$	8,928,058	\$	2,840,000	\$	1,896,314	\$	1,605,000	\$	490,830	\$	35,890,202
2026		17,395,000		8,068,085		2,915,000		1,768,683		1,660,000		436,491		32,243,258
2027		17,115,000		7,296,533		3,050,000		1,635,744		1,715,000		380,241		31,192,517
2028		17,155,000		6,542,442		3,190,000		1,496,575		1,775,000		322,116		30,481,133
2029		16,450,000		5,793,816		3,340,000		1,349,288		1,835,000		261,934		29,030,037
2030-2034		72,225,000		19,827,741		15,745,000		4,628,150		5,885,000		404,054		118,714,945
2035-2039		55,460,000		7,986,679		10,270,000		2,122,488		-		-		75,839,166
2040-2044		19,455,000		1,124,918		5,645,000		511,850		-		-		26,736,768
2045-2049	_		_		_	<u> </u>	_		_		_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>
	\$	235,385,000	\$	65,568,272	\$	46,995,000	\$	15,409,090	\$	14,475,000	\$	2,295,665	\$	380,128,027

General obligation bonds and certificates of obligation are direct obligations of the City for which its full faith and credit are pledged. Repayment of general obligation bonds and certificates of obligation are from taxes levied on all taxable property located within the City. The City is not obligated in any manner for special assessment debt.

In December 2012 and July 2014, the NBDA issued Tax Increment Contract Revenue and Refunding Obligations, series 2012 and Tax Increment Contract Revenue Obligations, series 2014 (the "Obligations"), respectively, with the authorization and approval of the City. The Obligations were issued to reimburse a developer for certain public improvement projects related to the Creekside Town Center Development and pay the costs of issuance. The debt issuances are the limited obligation of the NBDA, payable solely from pledged revenues. The pledged revenues consist of tax increments from the TIRZ payable to the NBDA as specified in the tri-party agreement between the City, the TIRZ, and the NBDA. The City is not obligated to make payments on the Obligations.

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

The City entered into a ten-year note payable (the "Note") of \$1,394,231 with an interest rate of 2.09% with a national bank on May 30, 2014. The proceeds of the Note were used to acquire capital assets by which the Note is secured. The City has also entered into various notes payable financing arrangements with interest rates that range from 0.00% to 2.25%. The annual requirements to amortize the note payables outstanding at year end were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended		Go	verr	nmental Activi	ties	
September 30,		<u>Principal</u>		Interest		<u>Total</u>
2025	\$	797,498	\$	11,204	\$	808,702
2026		799,204		9,498		808,702
2027		550,972		7,730		558,702
2028		552,803		5,898		558,701
2029		3,104,700		4,001		3,108,701
2030-2034	_	1,556,308		2,036		1,558,344
	\$	7,361,485	\$	40,367	\$	7,401,852

The City's golf course fund recognizes a lease related to equipment used in operation of the golf course. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$109,148. As of September 30, 2024, the value of the lease liability was \$27,479. The City is required to make annual principal and interest payments of \$27,610. The lease has an interest rate of 2%. The equipment has a 4-year estimated useful life. The value of the right-to-use lease assets at the end of the current fiscal year was \$109,148 and had accumulated amortization of \$57,005.

The future principal and interest payments as of September 30, 2024 are as follows:

		Bus	ines	ss-Type Activ	ities	
Fiscal Year	<u> </u>	<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>		<u>Total</u>
2025	\$	27,479	\$	131	\$	27,610
	\$	27,479	\$	131	\$	27,610

New Debt:

On October 4, 2023, the City issued \$9,660,000 of combination tax and revenue certificates of obligation, Series 2023 (the "Certificates"). The proceeds from the issuance will be used for the construction, improvement, design, and acquisition, including land for park and recreational facilities to include the Sports Field Complex, and the payment of professional services for this construction. The Certificates will mature in 2033 and carry an interest rate ranging from 3.32% to 3.55%.

On October 4, 2023, the City issued \$38,015,000 of general obligation and refunding bonds, Series 2023 (the "Bonds"). Proceeds from the sale of the Bonds will be used for the purpose of (i) providing street improvements; (ii) constructing, acquiring, improving, renovating, developing, and equipping land and buildings for park and recreational purposes, parkland, and other costs to include Mission Hill Park; (iii) constructing, renovating, improving, and equipping existing and/or additional City library facilities including acquisition of any necessary sites and related water, wastewater, drainage, streets, sidewalks, parking infrastructure, and other related costs to include a Southeast Library Branch; (iv) refunding certain maturities of the City's currently outstanding obligations relating to the Series 2014 general obligation bonds, as well as the Series 2014A combination tax and limited pledge revenue certificates of obligation.

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

The Bonds will mature in 2043 and carry an interest rate ranging from 3.48% to 5.00%. The carrying valued of the old debt defeased by this issuance exceeded the payment made to escrow by \$149,082.

On October 4, 2023, the City issued \$1,960,000 of tax notes, Series 2023 (the "Notes"). Proceeds from the sale of the Notes will be used for the purpose of paying contractual obligations of the City to be incurred for (i) acquisition and installation of vehicles and equipment for (1) the City's Public Works, Planning and Development Services and Parks and Recreation departments and (2) public safety, including the police and fire departments, and (ii) paying the professional services associated with the issuance of the Notes. The Notes will mature in 2030 and carry an interest rate of 5.00%.

On September 27, 2024, the City issued \$9,660,000 of combination tax and revenue certificates of obligation, Series 2024 (the "Notes"). i) park and recreational facilities to include the Sport Field Complex and (ii) the payment of professional services in connection therewith including legal, fiscal and engineering, and the costs of issuing the Certificate. The Certificates will mature in 2033 and carry an interest rate ranging from 4.00% to 5.00%.

The annual requirements to amortize NBU bonds outstanding at year end were as follows:

Year Ended			В	onds Payable		
September 30,		<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>		<u>Total</u>
2025	\$	8,700,000	\$	19,408,414	\$	28,108,414
2026		9,104,975		19,036,664		28,141,639
2027		9,423,086		18,647,454		28,070,540
2028		9,915,000		18,240,004		28,155,004
2029		10,315,000		17,787,629		28,102,629
2030-2034		58,065,000		82,135,190		140,200,190
2035-2039		69,480,000		69,822,394		139,302,394
2040-2044		86,820,000		54,475,036		141,295,036
2045-2049		95,480,000		37,040,234		132,520,234
2050-2054	_	117,625,000	_	17,036,960	_	134,661,960
	\$	474,928,061	\$	353,629,979	\$	828,558,040

Federal Arbitrage: The Tax Reform Act of 1986 instituted certain arbitrage restrictions consisting of complex regulations with respect to issuance of tax-exempt bonds after August 31, 1986. Arbitrage regulations deal with the investment of tax-exempt bond proceeds at an interest yield greater than the interest yield paid to bondholders. Generally, all interest paid to bondholders can be retroactively rendered taxable if applicable rebates are not reported and paid to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) at least every five years for applicable bond issues. Accordingly, there is the risk that if such calculations are not performed, or are not performed correctly, a substantial liability to the City could result. The City periodically engages an arbitrage consultant to perform the calculations in accordance with the rules and regulations of the IRS.

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Interfund Receivables and Payables: Interfund balances at September 30, 2024 consisted of the following:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		 Total
General	Grants		\$ 891,000
General	Internal service		 31,250
		Total	\$ 922,250

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

<u>Interfund Transfers</u>: Transfers between the primary government funds during the year were as follows:

Sample
Solid Waste - Admin Svcs & Street Impact 119,214 1
119,214 119,214 70,000 70,000 64,236
Total General Fund Total G
Total General Fund 1,288,676 1,288,6
Total General Fund 1,288,676 1,288,676 1,288,676 1,288,676 1,288,676 1,288,676 1,288,676 1,288,676 1,288,676 264,144 264,144 100,000 100,000 Golf Course - Debt Service Golf Course
264,144 264,
Debt Service
Debt Service 379,296 379,296 590,000 590,000 590,000 45,600 45,600 45,600 1,379,040 1,500,00
Total Debt Service Fund S90,000
Total Debt Service Fund 1,379,040 1,379,040 1,379,040 1,379,040 1,379,040 1,379,040 1,379,040 1,379,040 1,500,000 1,500,000 500,000 500,000 500,000 500,000 500,000
Total Debt Service Fund 1,379,040 1,379,040 1,379,040 1,379,040 1,379,040 1,379,040 1,500,000 1,500,000 500,000 500,000 500,000 500,000 7,500,000 7,500,000 7,500,000 685,367 685,367 685,367
1,500,000
2019 Bond Program
2019 Bond Program
1,500,000 685,367 685,367 2013 Bond Fund/2013 CO Close Out
Total 2019 Bond Program Fund 685,367 685,367 2013 Bond Fund/2013 CO Close Out 110,000 4,534,811 4,534,811 Grant 55,830 55,830 Special Revenue Donation Total Grant Fund 215,830 215,830 Fund - Cash Match for Grants
Total 2019 Bond Program Fund 4,534,811 4,534,811 110,000 110,000 General Fund - Drainage Area Master Plan Grant 55,830 55,830 Special Revenue Donation Foral Grant Fund 215,830 215,830 Fund - Cash Match for Grants
110,000
Grant 55,830 55,830 Special Revenue Donation 50,000 50,000 General Fund - Cash Match for Grants Total Grant Fund 215,830 215,830
Grant 55,830 55,830 Special Revenue Donation 50,000 50,000 General Fund - Cash Match for Grants Total Grant Fund 215,830 215,830
Total Grant Fund 50,000 50,000 General Fund - Cash Match for Grants 215,830 215,830
Total Grant Fund 215,830 215,830
00 040
Special Revenue 23,948 23,948 Equipment Replacement Fund - Project Close Out
Total Special Revenue Fund23,94823,948
NB Development Authority 3,992,699 3,992,699 TIRZ #1 - Transfer to NBDA
Total NB Development Authority Fund 3,992,699 3,992,699
450,000 450,000 0.54W-4.55
River Activities
Total River Activities Fund 150,000 150,000
Edwards Aquifer HCP 92,201 92,201 General Fund - Admin Support for EAHCP program
Total Edwards Aquifer HCP Fund 92,201 92,201
99,910 99,910 Facility Maintenance Fund - Airport Ground Lease
Airport 833,726 833,726 Close Out of Enterprise Equipment Replacement Fund
Total Airport Fund 933,636 933,636
Solid Waste 2,359,811 2,359,811 Close Out of Enterprise Equipment Replacement Fund
Total Solid Waste Fund
Colf Course
Golf Course124,578124,578 Close Out of Enterprise Equipment Replacement Fund Total Golf Course Fund 124,578 124,578
10tal 90ii 00til36 i tiliti 124,310 124,310
1,249,247 1,249,247 Hotel/Motel Tax Fund
Civic/Convention Center 266,067 266,067 Close Out of Enterprise Equipment Replacement Fund
Total Civic/Convention Center Fund 1,515,314 1,515,314
Total 16,610,544 16,610,544

Transfers between funds occur primarily to finance programs accounted for in one fund with resources collected in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION

<u>Risk Management</u>: The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City participates along with 2,617 other entities in the Texas Municipal League's Intergovernmental Risk Pools (the "Pool"). The Pool purchases commercial insurance at group rates for participants in the Pool. The City has no additional risk or responsibility to the Pool, outside of the payment of insurance premiums. The City has not significantly reduced insurance coverage or had settlements which exceeded coverage amounts for the past three years.

The City's health insurance program is a self-insured minimum premium cash flow plan (the "Plan"). The City makes pre-determined monthly contributions to the Plan to fully cover the cost of employee-only coverage. The City and each covered employee make a pre-determined monthly contribution to the Plan if they cover one or more dependents. All claims are reviewed and processed by an independent insurance company. The insurance company pays claims based on the Plan, and the City reimburses the insurance company for the amount of each claim paid. The insurance company charges the City a fee for each claim processed. Funding covers both the cost of claims and administrative expenses. The City paid \$6,821,858 in health claims and paid \$912,436 for administrative costs for the year ended September 30, 2024. The City contributed \$6,431,782 and City employees contributed \$1,552,673 to the Plan for the year ended September 30, 2024.

The transactions of the Plan are reported in the City's internal service fund. The City pays a specified monthly amount for each employee and a portion of an employee's dependent coverage which averages to approximately \$793. The largest portion of this amount is dedicated to the direct payment of claims. The remaining part of the monthly amount is dedicated to the payments of administrative fees and commercial insurance for excess claims. The commercial insurance coverage becomes effective when the claims exceed the maximum amount per employee. The City changed insurance carriers from United Healthcare to Blue Cross Blue Shield beginning on October 1, 2023.

Estimated health claims that have been incurred but not reported are accrued at year end. The estimated liability for health claims is \$1,309,724 at September 30, 2024. The estimated liability for health claims is based upon historical claims experience.

The changes in the claim liability for the years ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>		
Claims payable, beginning of year	\$ 630,644	\$ 691,641		
Plus: incurred claims	7,500,938	6,585,258		
Less: claims paid	 (6,821,858)	 (6,646,255)		
Claims payable, end of year	\$ 1,309,724	\$ 630,644		

<u>Contingent Liabilities</u>: Amounts received or receivable from granting agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

At September 30, 2024, the City is involved in various lawsuits. These lawsuits generally involve claims relating to general liability, automobile liability, civil rights actions, and various contractual matters. In the opinion of management, any liability resulting from such litigation would not have a material adverse effect on the City's financial statements.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends, including frequency and amount of payouts, and other economic and social factors. With the exception of health claims, no other claim liabilities are reported at year end.

Pension Plan:

Texas Municipal Retirement System

<u>Plan Description</u>: TMRS is a statewide public retirement plan created by the State and administered in accordance with the Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle G (the "TMRS Act") as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for employees of Texas participating cities. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of TMRS with a six-member, Governor-appointed Board of Trustees (the "Board"); however, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State. TMRS issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report that can be obtained at tmrs.com.

All eligible employees of the City are required to participate in TMRS.

<u>Benefits Provided</u>: TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the member's benefit is calculated based on the sum of the member's contributions, with interest, and the City-financed monetary credits, with interest, and their age at retirement and other actuarial factors. The retiring member may select one of seven monthly payment options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a lump sum distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the total member contributions and interest.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS. Plan provisions for the City were as follows:

	2024	2023
Employee deposit rate	7.00%	7.00%
Matching ratio (City to employee)	2 to 1	2 to 1
Years required for vesting	5	5
Service requirement eligibility (expressed as age/yrs of service)	60/5, 0/20	60/5, 0/20
Updated service credit	100% Repeating, Transfers	100% Repeating, Transfers
Annuity increase (to retirees)	70% of CPI	70% of CPI

<u>Employees Covered by Benefit Terms</u>: At the December 31, 2023 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	346
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving, benefits	483
Active employees	744
•	
Total	1,573

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION

<u>Contributions</u>: Member contribution rates in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of the member's total compensation, and the City-matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the City. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method. The City's contribution rate is based on the liabilities created from the benefit plan options selected by the City and any changes in benefits or actual experience over time.

Employees for the City were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City were 17.17% and 17.72% in calendar years 2023 and 2024, respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024 were \$10,940,689, which were equal to the required contributions.

<u>Net Pension Liability</u>: The City's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2023, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the NPL was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>: The TPL in the December 31, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.50% per year

Overall payment growth 2.75% per year, adjusted down for population declines, if any lnvestment rate of return 6.75% net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Salary increases are based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members are based on the PUB(10) mortality tables with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. Mortality rates for healthy retirees and beneficiaries are based on the Gender-Distinct 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas mortality tables. The rates for active members, healthy retirees, and beneficiaries are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the same mortality tables for healthy retirees are used with a 4-year set-forward for males and a 3-year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3.0% minimum mortality rate is applied for males and females, respectively, to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

The actuarial assumptions were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four-year period from December 31, 2018 to December 31, 2022. They were adopted in 2023 and first used in the December 31, 2023 actuarial valuation. The postretirement mortality assumption for the annuity purchase rates is based on the mortality experience investigation study covering 2009 through 2011 and dated December 31, 2013. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation, as well as the production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION

The target allocation and best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return (Arithmetic)
Global public equity	35%	7.7%
Core fixed income	6%	4.9%
Non-core fixed income	20%	8.7%
Other public and private markets	12%	8.1%
Real estate	12%	5.8%
Hedge funds	5%	6.9%
Private equity	<u>10%</u>	11.8%
Total	<u>100%</u>	

<u>Discount Rate</u>: The discount rate used to measure the TPL was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, TMRS's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL.

Changes in the NPL

	Increase (Decrease)							
	Total Pension			lan Fiduciary	Net Pension			
		Liability	Net Position		Liability			
		<u>(A)</u>		<u>(B)</u>		(A) - (B)		
Changes for the year:								
Service cost	\$	10,284,246	\$	-	\$	10,284,246		
Interest		16,350,722		-		16,350,722		
Changes in current period benefits		-		-		-		
Difference between expected and								
actual experience		3,791,121		-		3,791,121		
Changes in assumption		(713,613)		-		(713,613)		
Contributions - employer		-		9,745,456		(9,745,456)		
Contributions - employee		-		3,973,033		(3,973,033)		
Net investment income		-		21,331,522		(21,331,522)		
Benefit payments, including refunds of								
employee contributions		(7,459,564)		(7,459,564)		-		
Administrative expense		-		(135,355)		135,355		
Other changes		<u> </u>		(967)		967		
Net Changes		22,252,912		27,454,125		(5,201,213)		
Balance at December 31, 2022		240,820,576		183,831,286		56,989,290		
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$	263,073,488	\$	211,285,411	\$	51,788,077		

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

<u>Sensitivity of the NPL to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>: The following presents the NPL of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's NPL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	1% D	1% Decrease in Discount <u>Rate (5.75%)</u>		Current Discount <u>Rate (6.75%)</u>		% Increase
	in D					n Discount
	<u>Rate</u>					ate (7.75%)
City's Net Pension Liability	\$ 92	2,408,023	\$	51,788,077	\$	18,664,312

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>: Detailed information about the TMRS fiduciary net position is available in the schedule of changes in fiduciary net position, by participating City. That report may be obtained at www.tmrs.com.

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>: For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, the City recognized pension expense of \$12,197,322.

At September 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Primary Government			
	`	Deferred		Deferred	
	(Outflows of		Inflows of	
	<u> </u>	Resources		Resources	
Difference between expected and actual economic experience Changes in actuarial assumptions Difference between projected and actual investment earnings Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	7,041,579 44,546 4,692,930 8,059,777	\$	563,379 - -	
Total	<u>\$</u>	19,838,832	\$	563,379	

\$8,059,777 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the NPL for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year ended September 30,	Pension <u>Expense</u>
2025 2026 2027 2028	\$ 3,777,345 3,631,659 5,105,328 (1,298,655)
Total	\$ 11,215,677

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

Other Postemployment Benefits:

TMRS Supplemental Death Benefit

<u>Plan Description</u>: The City participates an OPEB plan administered by TMRS. TMRS administers the defined benefit group-term life insurance plan known as the SDBF. This is a voluntary program in which participating member cities may elect, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage for their active members, including or not including retirees. Employers may terminate coverage under, and discontinue participation in, the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1.

The member city contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate (based on the covered payroll of employee members) as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year. The intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 GASB 75. As such, the SDBF is considered to be a single-employer unfunded OPEB defined benefit plan with benefit payments treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contributions for retirees.

The contributions to the SDBF are pooled for investment purposes with those of the Pension Trust Fund (PTF). The SDBF's funding policy assures that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year. The SDBF is a pay-as-you-go fund, and any excess contributions are available for future SDBF benefits.

<u>Benefits</u>: The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death). The death benefit for retirees is considered an OPEB and is a fixed amount of \$7,500. As the SDBF covers both active and retiree participants with no segregation of assets, the SDBF is considered to be an unfunded OPEB plan (i.e., no assets are accumulated).

Participation in the SDBF as of December 31, 2023 is summarized below:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	279
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving benefits	114
Active employees	744
Total	1,137

<u>Total OPEB Liability</u>: The City's total OPEB liability of \$1,805,320 was measured as of December 31, 2023 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

<u>Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs</u>: The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.60% to 11.85% including inflation

Discount rate* 3.77% Retirees' share of benefit-related costs Zero

Administrative expenses All administrative expenses are paid through the PTF and accounted for under

reporting requirements of GASB Statement No. 68.

Mortality rates-service retirees 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. Male rates are

multiplied by 103% and female rates are multiplied by 105%. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by the most

recent Scale MP-2021 (with immediate convergence).

Mortality rates-disabled retirees 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables with a 4 year set ☐

forward for males and a 3 year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and

3% minimum mortality rate will be applied to reflect the impairment

for younger members who become disabled for males and females, respectively. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by the most recent Scale MP-2021 (with immediate convergence) to account for future mortality

improvements subject to the floor

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018. Due to the higher mortality rates associated with the global pandemic, the TMRS Board adopted changes to the assumptions and methodology used for calculating 2024 and 2025 rates as determined in the December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023 actuarial valuations, respectively.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB <u>Liability</u>		
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	\$	79,459	
Interest		66,785	
Difference between expected and actual experience		(15,920)	
Changes of assumptions		91,243	
Benefit payments *		(51,081)	
Net changes		170,486	
Beginning balance		1,634,834	
Ending balance	<u>\$</u>	1,805,320	

^{*} Due to the SDBF being considered an unfunded OPEB plan under GASB 75.

Benefit payments are treated as being equal to the City's yearly contributions for retirees.

^{*} The discount rate is based on the Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" rate as of December 31, 2022.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

There were no changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease			1% Increase		
	in Discount			Discount		n Discount
	Rate (2.77%)		Rate (3.77%)		Rate (4.77%)	
City's total OPEB liability	\$	2,173,218	\$	1,805,320	\$	1,519,074

<u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB</u>: For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, the City recognized TMRS OPEB expense of \$99,120.

At September 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred Deferred Outflows of Inflows of Resources Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	323,554 - 36,740	\$	618,550 79,097
Total	\$	360,294	\$	697,647

\$36,740 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2025.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	OPEB
Fiscal Year ended September 30,	Expense Amount
2025	\$ (60,190)
2026	(48,412)
2027	(92,387)
2028	(122,385)
2029	(55,095)
Thereafter	4,376
Total	\$ (374,093)

Retiree Health Plan:

<u>Plan Description</u> - The City provides post-retirement medical, dental, vision, and life insurance benefits on behalf of its eligible retirees. GASB 75 requires public employers to preform periodic actuarial valuations to measure and disclose their retiree healthcare liabilities for the financial statements of the employer. This is a single-employer defined benefit plan.

<u>Benefits</u> - The City maintains self-funded medical and prescription drug coverage administered by Blue Cross Blue Shield for eligible employees and retired employees and their dependents. Employees and retirees are also eligible for the City's fully-insured dental and vision plan options. The dental and vision, plans are 100% funded through retiree contributions. Since the retiree has to pay the full premium and there is not a material implicit subsidy for these benefits, there is no liability for the City. Therefore, the dental and vision plans were excluded from this valuation.

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	5
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving, benefits	-
Active employees	619
Total	624

<u>Total OPEB Liability</u> - The City's total OPEB liability of \$7,463,414 was measured as of September 30, 2024 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

<u>Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs</u> - The total OPEB liability in the September 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	5.00%
Discount rate	3.97%
Prior year discount rate	4.75%

The discount rate was based on an average of the September 30, 2024 S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Rate Index and the Fidelity General Obligation AA 20-Year Yield.

Mortality rates for active employees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Employee Mortality Table, Generational with Projection Scale MP-2021 for males or females, as appropriate.

Mortality rates for retirees/disabled employees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Healthy Retiree Mortality Table, Generational with Projection Scale MP-2021 for males or females, as appropriate.

The actuarial assumptions used in the September 30, 2024 valuation were derived from a combination of plan experience and actuarial judgement.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	To	otal OPEB
		Liability
Changes for the year:		
Service cost	\$	254,168
Interest		319,321
Changes of assumptions		232,888
Differences between expected and actual experience		184,208
Benefit payments		8,899
Net changes		999,484
Beginning balance		6,463,930
Ending balance	\$	7,463,414

<u>Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> - The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease in <u>Discount Rate (2.97%)</u>	Discount Rate (3.97%)	1% Increase in <u>Discount Rate (4.97%)</u>
City's total OPEB liability	\$ 8,516,185	\$ 7,463,414	\$ 6,555,943
	1% Decrease	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Assumption	1% Increase
City's total OPEB liability	\$ 6,469,605	\$ 7,463,414	\$ 8,638,883

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

<u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB</u> - For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, the City recognized retiree OPEB expense of \$1,221,017.

At September 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of		Inflows of
	Re	<u>esources</u>	<u>Resources</u>
Differences between actual and expected experience	\$	356,590	\$ 14,910
Changes in actuarial assumptions		258,517	 2,072,179
Total	\$	615,107	\$ 2,087,089

Amounts reported as deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended September 30	OPEB Expense
2025	\$ (1,680,530)
2026	104,274
2027	104,274
2028	-
2029	-
Thereafter	
Total	\$ (1,471,982)

Aggregate OPEB Expense and Liability - The total OPEB expense for both the TMRS SBDF and Retiree Health plans for fiscal year 2024 was \$1,320,137 and the total OPEB liability for the two plans was a combined \$9,268,734.

New Braunfels Utilities Defined Benefit Pension Plan:

<u>Plan Description</u> - NBU participates as one of 913 plans in the nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is an agency created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code ("TMRS Act") as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the System with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available ACFR that can be obtained online at www.tmrs.com. All eligible employees of NBU are required to participate in TMRS.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

<u>Benefits Provided</u> - TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the Board, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS. At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and NBU-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payments options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefits as a Partial Lump Sum Distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member's deposits and interest.

<u>Employees Covered by Benefit Terms</u> - At the December 31, 2022 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	156
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving, benefits	122
Active employees	388
Total	666

<u>Contributions</u> - Member contribution rates in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of the member's total compensation, and the NBU-matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the City. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method. The City's contribution rate is based on the liabilities created from the benefit plan options selected by the City and any changes in benefits or actual experience over time.

Employees for the NBU were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the NBU were 18.4% and 17.05% in calendar years 2024 and 2023, respectively. The NBU's contributions to TMRS for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024 were \$6,612,073, which were equal to the required contributions.

Net Pension Liability - The City's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2023, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the NPL was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> - The TPL in the December 31, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.50% per year

Overall payroll growth 2.75% per year, adjusted down for population declines, if any Investment rate of return 6.75% net of pension plan investment expense, including

inflation

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table, with both male and female rates multiplied by 107.5%. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future Mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Tables are used with slight adjustments.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2023 and 2022 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The experience study in TMRS was for the period December 31, 2018 through December 31, 2022. Healthy post-retirement mortality rates and annuity purchase rates were updated based on a Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011, and dated December 31, 2013, These assumptions were first used in the December 31, 2013 valuation, along with a change to the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. Assumptions are reviewed annually. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. In determining their best estimate of a recommended investment return assumption under the various alternative asset allocation portfolios, GRS focused on the area between (1) arithmetic mean (aggressive) without an adjustment for time (conservative) and (2) the geometric mean (conservative) with an adjustment for time (aggressive).

The target allocation and best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic)
Global public equity	35%	6.7%
Core fixed income	6%	4.7%
Non-core fixed income	20%	8.0%
Other public and private markets	12%	8.0%
Real estate	12%	7.6%
Hedge funds	5%	6.4%
Private Equity	<u>10%</u>	11.6%
Total	<u>100.00%</u>	

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assured that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

Changes in the NPL

	Increase (Decrease)						
	T	Total Pension Plan Fiduciary			Net Pension		
		Liability		Net Position		Liability	
		<u>(A)</u>		<u>(B)</u>		(A) - (B)	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost	\$	5,663,924	\$	-	\$	5,663,924	
Interest		8,757,241		-		8,757,241	
Changes in current period benefits		-		-		-	
Difference between expected and							
actual experience		3,364,943		-		3,364,943	
Changes in assumption		(563,012)		-		(563,012)	
Contributions - employer		-		5,769,106		(5,769,106)	
Contributions - employee		-		2,231,146		(2,231,146)	
Net investment income		-		11,648,442		(11,648,442)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of							
employee contributions		(5,305,139)		(5,305,139)		-	
Administrative expense		-		-		-	
Other changes		-		(74,508)		74,508	
Net Changes		11,917,957		14,269,047		(2,351,090)	
Balance at December 31, 2022	_	129,557,513		100,490,012		29,067,501	
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$	141,475,470	\$	114,759,059	\$	26,716,411	

<u>Sensitivity of the NPL to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> - The following presents the NPL of NBU, calculated using the discount rate that was included in the actuarial valuation, as well as what NBU's NPL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate.

	1% Decrease			Current	1% Increase		
	in Discount		nt Discount Rate		ii	n Discount	
	Rate (5.75%)		Rate (6.75%)		<u>R</u>	ate (7.5%)	
NBU's net pension liability	\$	47,424,945	\$	26,716,411	\$	9,756,026	

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>- Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at <u>www.tmrs.com</u>.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> - For the fiscal year ended July 31, 2023, NBU recognized pension expense of \$7,204,960.

At July 31, 2024, NBU reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience Changes in actuarial assumptions Difference between projected and actual investment earnings Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	7,632,119 - 2,544,602 3,981,199	\$ 437,161 - -
Total	\$	14,157,920	\$ 437,161

NBU contributions of \$3,981,199 made subsequent to the measurement date of December 31, 2023, as shown in the table above, are included as part of pension deferred outflows in the Statement of Net Position. These contributions will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending July 31, 2025. The remaining amount of \$10,176,721 is comprised the deferred outflows of resources of \$7,632,119 consisting of the difference between expected and actual economic experience and the difference between projected and actual investment earnings, and the deferred inflows of \$437,161 resulting from changes in actuarial assumptions. This amount will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year ended July 31,	Pension Expense
2024	\$ 2,839,140
2025	2,758,334
2026	3,659,536
2027	25,546
2028	457,004
Thereafter	
Total	\$ 9,739,560

New Braunfels Utilities Supplemental Death Benefit Fund: NBU also participates in the cost sharing multiemployer defined benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by the TMRS known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). NBU elected, by ordinance, to provide group life insurance coverage to both current and retired employees. NBU may terminate coverage under and discontinue participation in the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

Benefits - The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings for the 12-month period preceding the month of death); retired employees are insured for \$7,500; this coverage is an "other post-employment benefit," or OPEB.

Contributions - NBU contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required contribution rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy of this plan is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year; the intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers.

NBU's contributions for 2024, 2023, and 2022 were \$87,731, 63,962, and \$42,737, respectively, and equaled the required contributions for those years. GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions was deemed not material and has no impact on NBU's financial reporting.

Tax Abatements:

Chapter 378 Neighborhood Empowerment Zone Agreement - Chapter 378 of the Texas Local Government Code, Neighborhood Empowerment Zone, provides the authority to the governing body of a municipality to create a Neighborhood Empowerment Zone that would promote an increase in economic development in the municipality. The City has entered into a property tax abatement agreement (the "Agreement") with a company (the "Company") as authorized by Chapter 378 of the Texas Local Government Code. Under the Agreement, the Company agrees to establish a customer contact center that will employ 120 people by the end of the first year of operation and will employ at least 343 people by the end of the tenth year of operation. In exchange, the City will pay the Company 50 percent of the sales tax revenue received by the City which is connected to the Company's business activities within the City starting on the date outlined in the Agreement for a period of 10 years. This agreement expired November 30, 2021.

A reconciliation of gross sales tax collections for the abatement agreements and the Creekside Town Center and River Mill TIRZ is disclosed below:

		Sales Tax Reconciliation											
	Economic												
		<u>General</u>		<u>Total</u>									
Payments from comptroller TIRZ - abatement payments	\$	25,669,172 (15,749)	\$	8,556,391 (1,611,773)	\$	34,225,563 (1,627,522)							
Net sales tax collected	\$	25,653,423	\$	6,944,618	\$	32,598,041							

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

Chapter 380 Economic Development Agreement - Chapter 380 of the Texas Local Government Code, *Miscellaneous Provisions Relating to Municipal Planning and Development*, provides the authority to the governing body of a municipality to establish and provide for the administration of one or more programs to promote state or local economic development and to stimulate business and commercial activity in the municipality.

<u>Property Taxes</u> - The City has entered into property a tax abatement agreement (the "Agreement") with several developers (the "Developers") as authorized by Chapter 380 of the Texas Local Government Code.

Under each Agreement, the Developer must meet certain commercial/retail development and/or employment requirements in order to have a portion of their property taxes abated. The minimum limitation value varies by Agreement.

Each Agreement provides for recapture in the event of material breach. The following summarizes the current Agreement:

• The Developer agrees to construct a manufacturing facility of approximately 240,000 square-feet for the purpose of promoting economic development in the City and stimulating business and commercial activity. The City has granted the Developer a tax limitation for a period of 15 years. In order to be eligible to receive the limitation, the Developer agrees to make an investment of \$80 million that increases total taxable assessed value of at least \$35 million by January 2017 and \$50 million by January 2018. In addition, the Developer must meet certain employment conditions. The City will make annual payments to the Developer from property tax revenues at an amount equal to 80 percent, 60 percent, and 50 percent of total taxable assessed value for years one through five, six through eight, and nine through fifteen, respectively. For the years ending September 30, 2024 and 2023, the total amount of taxes abated were \$164,616 and \$212,620, respectively.

A reconciliation of gross property tax collections for this abatement agreement and the Creekside Town Center and River Mill TIRZ is disclosed below:

	Property Tax Reconciliation											
	Ма	Interest and										
		Operations		<u>Sinking</u>		<u>Total</u>						
Property taxes collected*												
Current	\$	27,071,060	\$	28,277,662	\$	55,348,722						
Delinquent/Penalties		172,656		180,351		353,007						
Protest adjustments		(53,330)		(55,707)		(109,037)						
Property taxes collected		27,190,386		28,402,306		55,592,692						
Less: adjustments**		(1,224,997)		(1,279,521)		(2,504,518)						
Net property taxes collected	\$	25,965,389	\$	27,122,785	\$	53,088,174						

^{*}Per Comal County tax office records

^{**}Includes adjustments to TIRZ & 380 payments

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

<u>Intergovernmental Revenue</u>: NBU is a semiautonomous entity with a Board of Trustees (the "Board) that is responsible for its operations. The Board is appointed by the City Council.

The Board may authorize NBU to transfer annual payments to the General Fund of the City payable in monthly installments. The calculation is based on a rolling three-year average of electric, water, and sewer operating revenues. The formula percentage is 7.45 percent for electric, 4.35 percent for water, and 4.35 percent for wastewater. The amount is limited to income before extraordinary items less bond principal and any future bond reserve or contingency requirements. These monies can be transferred only if such funds are available after meeting the needs of properly operating and maintaining the system and fulfilling all bonded debt requirements.

NOTE 5 - CHANGES WITHIN THE FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

In fiscal year 2024, the 2023 Capital Improvement Fund (previously the 2021 Tax Notes fund) quantitatively qualified to be presented as a major fund compared to its presentation as a nonmajor capital projects fund in the prior year. Beginning nonmajor governmental funds fund balance before the change was \$32,268,711. The 2023 Capital Improvement fund represented \$556,614 of this beginning fund balance and was removed from nonmajor governmental funds as a result of this change.



CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

Revenues		Original Budgeted <u>Amounts</u>		Final Budgeted <u>Amounts</u>		Actual <u>Amounts</u>	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
Taxes and fees	\$	74,642,661	\$	74,642,661	\$	74,238,735	\$	(403,926)
Licenses and permits		4,903,000		4,903,000		6,974,152		2,071,152
Intergovernmental		50,000		1,260,918		1,175,032		(85,886)
Fines and forfeitures		947,200		947,200		1,362,124		414,924
Investment earnings		1,362,000		1,362,000		3,844,127		2,482,127
Parks and recreation		4,743,900		4,743,900		5,204,656		460,756
Miscellaneous		4,028,918		2,818,000		4,008,050		1,190,050
Charges for services	_	6,057,475		6,057,475	_	4,560,738		(1,496,737)
Total revenues		96,735,154		96,735,154	_	101,367,614		4,632,460
Expenditures								
General Government		14,878,333		14,679,318		14,193,701		485,617
Finance and tax		1,870,880		1,846,977		1,843,486		3,491
Planning and development services		5,066,746		5,424,012		4,695,944		728,068
Public Safety		, ,		, ,		, ,		,
Police		29,313,418		29,957,150		29,702,163		254,987
Fire		27,735,091		28,518,257		28,517,528		729
Municipal Court		1,047,591		1,018,692		1,017,964		728
Public Works		11,649,459		11,232,060		11,232,021		39
Parks and Recreation		11,034,078		10,604,277		10,603,747		530
Library		3,118,857		2,990,957		2,954,281		36,676
Debt Service:								
Principal		-		428,000		434,095		(6,095)
Interest	_	<u>-</u>		14,103		7,206		6,897
Total expenditures		105,714,453		106,713,803	_	105,202,136		1,511,667
Excess of revenues								
over expenditures		(8,979,299)		(9,978,649)		(3,834,522)		3,120,793
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		2,774,440		2,774,440		1,288,676		(1,485,764)
Transfers (out)		(3,302,733)		(3,325,384)		(1,776,149)		1,549,235
Lease proceeds		(0,002,700)		(0,020,004)		438,077		438,077
Sale of capital assets		_		_		198,950		198,950
Total other financing (uses)	(528,29			(550,944)	_	149,554		700,498
Net change in fund balance	\$	(9,507,592)	\$	(10,529,593)		(3,684,968)	\$	3,821,291
Beginning fund balance	<u></u>	(-,,)	<u>-</u>			41,401,714	*	-,,
					_			
Ending fund balance					\$	37,716,746		

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:
1. Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
2. This schedule includes budget and actual amounts for the general fund subfund.

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL HOTEL/MOTEL TAX FUND

	Hotel Ta	ax Fund
Parameter	Original Final Budgeted Budgeted <u>Amounts Amounts</u>	Variance with Final Budget Actual Positive Amounts (Negative)
Revenues Taxes and fees Investment earnings Total revenues	\$ 5,256,976 \$ 5,256,976	\$ 4,864,003 \$ (392,973) 61,900 46,900 4,925,903 (346,073)
Expenditures General Government Total expenditures	4,247,130 4,247,130 4,247,130 4,247,130	3,687,855 559,275 3,687,855 559,275
Excess of revenues over expenditures	1,024,8461,024,846	1,238,048 (905,348)
Other financing (uses) Transfers (out) Total other financing (uses)	(1,708,116) (1,708,116) (1,708,116) (1,708,116)	(1,839,247) (131,131) (1,839,247) (131,131)
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ (683,270)</u> <u>\$ (683,270)</u>	(601,199) \$ (1,036,479)
Beginning fund balance		4,466,257
Ending fund balance		\$ 3,865,058

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

1. Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DEBT SERVICE FUND

	Debt Service Fund													
		Original Budgeted <u>Amounts</u>		Final Budgeted <u>Amounts</u>		Actual <u>Amounts</u>	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)						
Revenues														
Ad valorem taxes	\$	27,413,156	\$	27,413,156	\$	27,087,185	\$	(325,971)						
Investment earnings		50,000		50,000		325,897		275,897						
Other contributions		2,225,306		2,225,306		2,270,948		45,642						
Total revenues		29,688,462	_	29,688,462		29,684,030		(4,432)						
Expenditures Debt service:														
Principal		20,105,000		20,050,000		20,105,000		(55,000)						
Interest		10,712,500		10,700,006		10,554,178		145,828						
Bond issuance costs and fees	_	<u>-</u>		67,494		67,494								
Total expenditures	_	30,817,500	_	30,817,500		30,726,672		90,828						
Excess of revenues over expenditures	_	(1,129,038)	_	(1,129,038)		(1,042,642)		86,396						
Other financing sources (uses)														
Transfers in		1,379,038		1,339,919		1,379,040		39,121						
Premium from issuance of debt		-		-		438,516		438,516						
Proceeds from issuance of debt		-		-		4,300,000		4,300,000						
Payment to escrow		-		-		(4,684,467)		(4,684,467)						
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,379,038		1,339,919		1,433,089		93,170						
Net change in fund balance	\$	250,000	\$	210,881		390,447	\$	179,566						
Beginning fund balance						3,022,807								
Ending fund balance					\$	3,413,254								

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

1. Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL **GRANTS FUND**

	Grants Fund												
	Original Budgeted <u>Amounts</u>	Final Budgeted <u>Amounts</u>	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)									
Revenues Intergovernmental Investment earnings Other contributions Total revenues	\$ 20,940,606 150,000 - 21,090,606	\$ 20,940,606 150,000 	\$ 4,132,359 507,407 258,695 4,898,461	\$ (16,808,247) 357,407 258,695 (16,192,145)									
Expenditures General Government Planning and development services Public safety Library Airport Total expenditures	9,820,018 705,043 2,350,500 45 8,225,000 21,100,606	9,820,018 705,043 2,350,500 45 8,225,000 21,100,606	2,812,102 604 1,294,396 44 390,572 4,497,718	7,007,916 704,439 1,056,104 1 7,834,428 16,602,888									
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(10,000)	(10,000)	400,743	(32,795,033)									
Other financing sources Transfers in Total other financing sources	160,000 160,000	160,000 160,000	215,830 215,830	55,830 55,830									
Net change in fund balance	\$ 150,000	\$ 150,000	616,573	\$ (32,739,203)									
Beginning fund balance			198,168										
Ending fund balance			\$ 814,741										

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

1. Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM

	Measurement Year																	
	2023	2022		<u>2021</u>		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Total pension liability Service cost	\$ 10,284,2	IG ¢ 0.40	,722	\$ 8,444,367	¢	8,207,720	¢	7,548,546	æ	7,075,714	¢	6,602,665	¢.	6,283,281	æ	5,732,589	œ	5,143,064
Interest (on the total pension liability)	16,350,7			13,696,706	Φ	12,604,862	Φ	11,540,144	Φ	10,661,364	Φ	9,783,894	Φ	8,990,600	φ	8,602,512	Φ	8,027,752
Difference between expected and																		
actual experience Change of assumptions	3,791,1 (713,6	,	,841	3,350,245		1,661,149		1,420,919 615,649		227,139		1,216,121		887,337		420,652 (437,911)		(1,028,253)
Benefit payments, including refunds of	(710,0	10)						010,043								(407,511)		
employee contributions	(7,459,5			(7,023,616)	_	(5,809,554)	_	(5,552,933)		(4,810,400)	_	(4,868,903)	_	(4,267,920)		(4,316,359)		(4,136,590)
Net change in total pension liability	22,252,9	12 20,14	,084	18,467,702	_	16,664,177	_	15,572,325	_	13,153,817	_	12,733,777	_	11,893,298	_	10,001,483	_	8,005,973
Beginning total pension liability	240,820,5	76 220,67	,492	202,203,790	_	185,539,613	_	169,967,288		156,813,471		144,079,694	_	132,186,396	_	122,184,913		114,178,940
Ending total pension liability	\$ 263,073,4	<u>\$ 240,82</u>	,576	\$ 220,671,492	\$	202,203,790	\$	185,539,613	\$	169,967,288	\$	156,813,471	\$	144,079,694	<u>\$</u>	132,186,396	\$	122,184,913
Plan fiduciary net position																		
Contributions - employer	\$ 9,745,4		,664		\$	7,636,802	\$	7,026,523	\$	6,539,492	\$	6,162,903	\$	5,961,496	\$	5,365,044	\$	4,725,941
Contributions - employee	3,973,0	,	,	3,252,382		3,172,560		2,901,000		2,719,934		2,546,656		2,424,270		2,213,355		2,011,041
Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of	21,331,5	22 (14,14)	,250)	21,870,293		11,484,015		19,681,894		(3,794,347)		14,955,206		6,574,073		138,605		4,945,274
employee contributions	(7,459,5	64) (7,61	,018)	(7,023,616)		(5,809,554)		(5,552,933)		(4,810,400)		(4,868,903)		(4,267,920)		(4,316,359)		(4,136,590)
Administrative expense	(135,3		,128)	(101,026)		(74,206)		(111,060)		(73,269)		(77,461)		(74,212)		(84,411)		(51,621)
Other			,735	692	_	(2,895)	_	(3,337)		(3,829)	_	(3,926)		(3,998)		(4,169)		(4,244)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	27,454,1	16 (9,51)	,466)	25,855,840		16,406,722		23,942,087		577,581		18,714,475		10,613,709		3,312,065		7,489,801
Beginning plan fiduciary net position	183,831,2	193,34	,752	167,485,912	_	151,079,190	_	127,137,103		126,559,522	_	107,845,047	_	97,231,338		93,919,273		86,429,472
Ending Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 211,285,4	32 \$ 183,83	,286	\$ 193,341,752	\$	167,485,912	\$	151,079,190	\$	127,137,103	\$	126,559,522	\$	107,845,047	\$	97,231,338	\$	93,919,273
Net Pension Liability	\$ 51,788,0	<u>\$ 56,989</u>	,290	\$ 27,329,740	\$	34,717,878	\$	34,460,423	\$	42,830,185	\$	30,253,949	\$	36,234,647	\$	34,955,058	\$	28,265,640
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	80.3	1% 7	.34%	87.62%		82.83%		81.43%		74.80%		80.71%		74.85%		73.56%		76.87%
Covered Payroll	\$ 56,765,3	25 \$ 50,81	,068	\$ 46,423,126	\$	45,321,482	\$	41,430,000	\$	38,856,198	\$	36,318,289	\$	34,599,565	\$	31,619,357	\$	28,695,633
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	91.2	3% 11:	.16%	58.87%		76.60%		83.18%		110.23%		83.30%		104.73%		110.55%		98.50%

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM NEW BRAUNFELS UTILITIES

	Measurement Year*												
	2023	2022	2021	<u>2020</u>	2019	<u>2018</u>	2017	2016	2015				
Total pension liability													
Service cost	\$ 5,663,924				3,421,657 \$	3,034,811 \$	2,328,445 \$	2,063,217 \$	1,852,821				
Interest (on the total pension liability)	8,757,241	7,974,728	7,191,514	6,625,838	6,104,485	5,697,720	5,349,632	4,623,082	4,534,158				
Changes in current period benefits	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,881,135	-	-				
Difference between expected and	0.004.040	0.040.407	4 400 570	4 500 000	4 000 007	202 222	101 507	(00.045)	(450,450)				
actual experience	3,364,943	3,043,437	4,166,579	1,586,860	1,260,367	638,332	424,537	(33,315)	(452,450)				
Change of assumptions	(563,012)	-	-	-	205,839	-	-	-	288,151				
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(5,305,139)	(4,079,746)	(4,766,188)	(3,395,517)	(3,751,212)	(3,325,058)	(3,272,818)	(2,533,258)	(2,689,654)				
Net change in total pension liability	11,917,957	11,808,611	11,057,800	8,848,374	7,241,136	6,045,805	11,710,931	4,119,726	3,533,026				
Beginning total pension liability	129,557,513	117,748,902	106,691,102	97,842,728	90,601,592	84,555,787	72,844,856	68,725,130	65,192,104				
Ending total pension liability	\$ 141,475,470	\$ 129,557,513	\$ 117,748,902	<u>\$ 106,691,102</u> <u>\$</u>	97,842,728 \$	90,601,592 \$	84,555,787 \$	72,844,856 \$	68,725,130				
Plan fiduciary net position													
Contributions - employer	\$ 5,769,106	\$ 4,886,836	\$ 4,578,667	\$ 3,946,380 \$	3,502,065 \$	3,194,908 \$	2,046,699 \$	1,811,489 \$	1,827,177				
Contributions - employee	2,231,146	1,942,527	1,794,562	1,604,227	1,407,263	1,259,258	1,151,967	1,018,513	944,629				
Net investment income	11,648,442	(7,702,247)	11,986,679	6,336,072	11,028,572	(2,169,446)	8,830,361	4,017,620	87,534				
Benefit payments, including refunds of													
employee contributions	(5,305,139)	(4,079,746)	(4,766,188)	(3,395,518)	(3,751,212)	(3,325,058)	(3,272,818)	(2,533,258)	(2,689,654)				
Administrative expense		(66,597)	(55,428)	(40,984)	(62,302)	(41,917)	(45,751)	(45,360)	(53,311)				
Other	(74,508)	79,470	380	(1,599)	(1,871)	(2,190)	(2,319)	(2,444)	(2,634)				
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	14,269,047	(4,939,757)	13,538,672	8,448,578	12,122,515	(1,084,445)	8,708,139	4,266,560	113,741				
Beginning plan fiduciary net position	100,490,012	105,429,769	91,891,097	83,442,519	71,320,004	72,404,449	63,696,310	59,429,750	59,316,009				
Ending Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 114,759,059	\$ 100,490,012	\$ 105,429,769	<u>\$ 91,891,097</u> <u>\$</u>	83,442,519 \$	71,320,004 \$	72,404,449 \$	63,696,310 \$	59,429,750				
Net Pension Liability	\$ 26,716,411	\$ 29,067,501	\$ 12,319,133	<u>\$ 14,800,005</u> <u>\$</u>	14,400,209 \$	19,281,588 \$	12,151,338 \$	9,148,546 \$	9,295,380				
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	81.12%	77.56%	89.54%	86.13%	85.28%	78.72%	85.63%	87.44%	86.47%				
Covered Payroll	\$ 31,873,518	\$ 27,750,383	\$ 25,636,594	\$ 22,917,524 \$	20,103,751 \$	17,989,394 \$	16,443,818 \$	14,550,190 \$	13,494,694				
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	83.82%	104.75%	48.05%	64.58%	71.63%	107.18%	73.90%	62.88%	68.88%				

^{*}Only nine years of information is currently available. NBU will build this schedule over the next one-year period.

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS – TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM

For the year ended September 30, 2024

		Fiscal Year												
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u> <u>2015</u>					
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 10,940,689	\$ 8,665,644	\$ 8,326,013	\$ 7,753,182	\$ 7,429,745	\$ 6,937,744 \$	6,439,837 \$	6,102,303	\$ 6,066,843 \$ 5,365,044					
actuarially determined contribution	10,940,689	8,665,644	8,326,013	7,753,182	7,429,745	6,937,744	6,439,837	6,102,303	6,066,843 5,400,580					
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	<u> - \$</u>	<u>-</u> \$	<u> </u>	<u>-</u> <u>\$ (35,536)</u>					
Covered payroll	\$ 61,794,420	\$ 50,811,068	\$ 48,929,783	\$ 45,447,930	\$ 43,646,238	\$ 40,641,797 \$	38,208,179 \$	35,884,508	\$ 35,348,062 \$ 31,619,357					
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	17.70%	6 17.05%	6 17.02%	17.06%	17.02%	17.07%	16.85%	17.01%	17.16% 17.08%					

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

1. Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 and become effective in January, 13 months later.

2. Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining amortization period 22 years (longest amortization ladder)
Asset valuation method 10 year smoothed market; 12% soft corridor

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.60% to 11.85% including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.75%

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that vary by age. Last

updated for the 2023 valuation pursuant to an experience

study of the period ending 2022.

Mortality Post retirement: 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. Male rates are

multiplied by 103% and female rates are multiplied by 105%. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by the most recent Scale MP-2021 (with immediate

convergence).

Pre-retirement: PUB(10) mortality tables, with the 110% of the Public Safety table used for males and the 100% of the General Employee table used for females. The rates are

projected on a fully generational basis by the most recent Scale MP-2021 (with immediate convergence).

3. Other information:

There were no benefit changes during the year.

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTUIONS – TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM NEW BRAUNFELS UTILITIES

For the year ended September 30, 2024

	Fiscal Year												
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>				
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 6,524,342 \$	5,360,354 \$	4,731,381 \$	4,333,080 \$	3,776,143 \$	3,343,248 \$	2,700,430 \$	1,941,283 \$	1,842,516				
actuarially determined contribution	6,612,073	5,424,316	4,774,121	4,371,468	3,811,074	3,374,501	2,730,439	1,969,363	1,838,178				
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ (87,731)</u> <u>\$</u>	(63,962) \$	(42,740) \$	(38,388) \$	(34,931) \$	(31,253) \$	(30,009) \$	(28,080) \$	4,338				
Covered payroll	\$ 35,092,788 \$	29,942,959 \$	26,710,661 \$	24,621,104 \$	21,832,301 \$	19,038,042 \$	17,387,972 \$	15,539,867 \$ 1	4,029,305				
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	18.84%	18.12%	17.87%	17.75%	17.46%	17.73%	15.70%	12.67%	13.10%				

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available. Additionally, GASB Statement No. 68 requires that the information on this schedule correspond with the period covered as of July 31, the fiscal year end of the Utilities.

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – RETIREE BENEFITS PROGRAM

For the year ended September 30, 2024

	Measurement Year*													
		<u>2024</u>		<u>2023</u>		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>
Total OPEB liability														
Service cost	\$	254,168	\$	239,370	\$	590,331	\$	610,062	\$	516,533	\$	444,312	\$	431,371
Interest (on the total OPEB liability)		319,321		274,816		298,003		295,949		365,899		312,824		363,757
Difference between expected and														
actual experience		184,208		(44,728)		873,734		12,307		446,312		61,055		237,182
Change of assumptions		232,888		251,551		(8,288,715)		(880,937)		69,594		846,197		-
Benefit payments		8,899		(9,965)		(61,412)		(133,148)		24,719		(149,364)		(392,489)
Net change in total OPEB liability		999,484		711,044		(6,588,059)		(95,767)		1,423,057		1,515,024		639,821
Beginning total OPEB liability		6,463,930		5,752,886		12,340,945		12,436,712		11,013,655		9,498,631		8,858,810
Ending total OPEB liability	\$	7,463,414	\$	6,463,930	\$	5,752,886	\$	12,340,945	\$	12,436,712	\$	11,013,655	\$	9,498,631
Covered-employee payroll	\$	45,838,356	\$	42,578,634	\$	40,551,080	\$	34,251,577	\$	33,253,958	\$	31,691,195	\$	30,768,150
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		16.28%		15.18%		14.19%		36.03%		37.40%		34.75%		30.87%

^{*} Only seven years of information is currently available. The City will continue to build this schedule over the next three-year period.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

1. Changes in assumptions

The following actuarial assumptions were updated from the prior valuations: claim costs, future retiree plan elections, retiree contribution, turnover and retirement rates, expenses, stop loss premiums and discount rate.

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

2018	3.73%	2021	2.31%	2024	3.97%
2019	3.17%	2022	4.59%		
2020	2.28%	2023	4.75%		

2. Changes in benefit terms

None

3. Other information:

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits for the pension/OPEB plan.

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM – SUPPLEMENTAL DEATH BENEFITS FUND

	Measurement Year*												
		<u>2023</u>		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		2020		<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>		2017
Total OPEB liability													
Service cost	\$	79,459	\$	137,190	\$	120,700	\$	95,175	\$	66,288	\$ 73,827	\$	58,109
Interest (on the total pension liability) Difference between expected and		66,785		44,998		45,051		50,500		55,022	50,176		48,695
actual experience		(15,920)		(29,190)		(20,677)		(30,249)		(69,364)	(29,490)		-
Changes of assumptions		91,243		(874,271)		78,072		313,359		299,899	(111,517)		124,268
Benefit payments **		(51,081)		(40,649)		(37,139)		(13,596)		(12,429)	 (11,657)		(10,895)
Net change in total OPEB liability		170,486		(761,922)		186,007		415,189		339,416	 (28,661)		220,177
Beginning total OPEB liability		1,634,834		2,396,756		2,210,749		1,795,560		1,456,144	 1,484,805		1,264,628
Ending total OPEB liability	<u>\$</u>	1,805,320	<u>\$</u>	1,634,834	\$	2,396,756	<u>\$</u>	2,210,749	\$	1,795,560	\$ 1,456,144	\$	1,484,805
Covered-employee payroll	\$	56,756,325	\$	50,811,068	\$	46,423,126	\$	45,321,482	\$	41,430,000	\$ 38,856,198	\$	36,318,289
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		3.18%		3.22%		5.16%		4.88%		4.33%	3.75%		4.09%

^{*} Only seven years of information is currently available. The City will continue to build this schedule over the next three-year period.

^{**} Due to the SDBF being considered an unfunded OPEB plan under GASB 75, benefit payments are treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contributions for retirees.

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM – SUPPLEMENTAL DEATH BENEFITS FUND For the year ended September 30, 2024

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

1. Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 and become effective in January, 13 months later.

2. Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.60% to 11.85% including inflation

Discount rate * 3.77%

Administrative expenses All administrative expenses are paid through the Pension Trust and

accounted for under reporting requirements of GASB Statement No. 6

Mortality rates - service retirees 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are

projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.

Mortality rates - disabled retirees 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables with a 4-year set-

forward for males and a 3-year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3.0% minimum mortality rate will be applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled for males and females, respectively. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale MP-2021 to account for future mortality improvements

subject to the floor.

3. Other information:

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

* The discount rate was based on the Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" rate as of December 31, 2023. The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial study

for the period ending December 31, 2022.



CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – GENERAL FUND - SUBFUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2024

ASSETS		<u>General</u>		Equipment eplacement		<u>Totals</u>
Cash and cash equity in pooled	Φ	00 444 050	Φ.	0.740.470	Φ	04 400 700
cash and investments	\$	30,441,258	\$	3,742,470	\$	34,183,728
Investments		4,906,876		-		4,906,876
Receivables, net Taxes and fees		854,905				854,905
Accounts receivable		7,226,083		-		7,226,083
Interest		7,220,003		_		7,220,003
Leases receivable		583,505		_		583,505
Due from other funds		922,250		_		922,250
Inventory		3,430		_		3,430
Total assets	\$	44,946,282	\$	3,742,470	\$	48,688,752
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	6,361,063	\$	21,288	\$	6,382,351
Accrued wages payable	·	3,366,937	,	1,391	•	3,368,328
Total liabilities		9,728,000		22,679		9,750,679
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue - leases receivable		566,681		-		566,681
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		654,646		-		654,646
Total deferred - inflows of resources		1,221,327		_		1,221,327
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable		3,430		-		3,430
Assigned		-		3,719,791		3,719,791
Unassigned		33,993,525				33,993,525
Total fund balances		33,996,955		3,719,791		37,716,746
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources, and fund balances	\$	44,946,282	\$	3,742,470	\$	48,688,752

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GENERAL FUND - SUBFUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2024

		<u>General</u>		quipment <u>placement</u>	<u>Eliminations</u>	<u>Totals</u>
Revenues		Ocheral	IXC	placement	<u>Liiminations</u>	<u>rotais</u>
Taxes and fees	\$	74,238,735	\$	_	\$ -	\$ 74,238,735
Licenses and permits	•	6,974,152	•	_	-	6,974,152
Intergovernmental		1,175,032		_	-	1,175,032
Fines and forfeitures		1,362,124		_	-	1,362,124
Investment earnings		3,742,207		101,920	-	3,844,127
Parks and recreation		5,204,656		-	-	5,204,656
Miscellaneous		3,692,624		315,426	-	4,008,050
Charges for services		4,560,738		<u> </u>		4,560,738
Total revenues		100,950,268		417,346		101,367,614
Evnenditure		_				
Expenditures Current						
General government		12,134,858		2,058,843	_	14,193,701
Finance and tax		1,840,086		3,400	_	1,843,486
Planning and environmental		1,212,222		2,122		1,010,100
development		4,693,744		2,200	-	4,695,944
Public safety		58,948,235		289,420	-	59,237,655
Public works		11,219,280		12,741	-	11,232,021
Parks and recreation		10,443,501		160,246	-	10,603,747
Library		2,954,281		-	-	2,954,281
Debt service						
Principal		434,095		_	_	434,095
Interest		7,206		_	_	7,206
Total expenditures		102,675,286		2,526,850		105,202,136
				, ,		
Excess (deficiency) of						
revenues over (under)						
expenditures		(1,725,018)		(2,109,504)	_	(3,834,522)
одронана об		(1,120,010)		(2,100,001)		(0,001,022)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in		1,288,676		1,550,000	(1,550,000)	1,288,676
Transfers (out)		(3,302,201)		(23,948)	1,550,000	(1,776,149)
Lease proceeds		438,077		-	-	438,077
Sale of capital assets		8,975		189,975	-	198,950
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,566,473)		1,716,027		149,554
3 (,		,				
Net change in fund balance		(3,291,491)		(393,477)	-	(3,684,968)
Beginning fund balance	_	37,288,446		4,113,268		41,401,714
Ending fund balance	\$	33,996,955	\$	3,719,791	\$ -	\$ 37,716,746

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2024

ASSETS		Special <u>Revenue</u>		Capital <u>Projects</u>	С	nanent Fund Eemetery Provements	G	Total Nonmajor overnmental <u>Funds</u>
Cash and cash equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	14,805,064	\$	11,178,739	\$	241,609	\$	26,225,412
Accounts receivable	Ψ	2,387,421	Ψ	-	Ψ	1,000	Ψ	2,388,421
Restricted cash		1,223,085		-		-		1,223,085
Total assets	\$	18,415,570	\$	11,178,739	\$	242,609	\$	29,836,918
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	2,245,666	\$	807,301	\$	199	\$	3,053,166
Unearned revenue	_	2,412,125				<u>-</u>		2,412,125
Total liabilities	_	4,657,791	_	807,301		199		5,465,291
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted		13,757,779		10,371,438		242,410		24,371,627
Total fund balances	_	13,757,779		10,371,438		242,410	_	24,371,627
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources, and fund balances	\$	18,415,570	\$	11,178,739	\$	242,609	\$	29,836,918

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the year ended September 30, 2024

Revenues		Special Revenue		Capital <u>Projects</u>	Permanent Fund Cemetery Improvements	G	Total Nonmajor overnmental <u>Funds</u>
Ad valorem taxes	\$	4,070,484	\$	_	\$ -	\$	4,070,484
Sales taxes	Ψ	1,627,521	Ψ	_	-	Ψ	1,627,521
Franchise fees and local taxes		130,270		_	_		130,270
Licenses and permits		7,164		_	300		7,464
Fines and forfeitures		397,567		_	-		397,567
Investment earnings		301,274		589,944	-		891,218
Intergovernmental		1,628,323		· -	-		1,628,323
Miscellaneous		1,915,651		_	-		1,915,651
Other contributions		-		_	3,307		3,307
Charges and fees		2,975,447		<u>-</u>	8,965		2,984,412
Total revenues		13,053,701		589,944	12,572		13,656,217
Expenditures							
Current							
General government		5,271,854		12,677,364	-		17,949,218
Planning and environmental							
development		5,000		-	-		5,000
Public safety		1,030,598		2,349,688	-		3,380,286
Public works		4,448,032		3,519,368	-		7,967,400
Parks and recreation		198,457		-	25,870		224,327
Library		96,015		-	-		96,015
Airport		-		-	-		-
Debt service							
Principal		2,338,680		-	-		2,338,680
Interest expense		896,745		-	-		896,745
Issuance cost and fiscal charges				324,980			324,980
Total expenditures		14,285,381		18,871,400	25,870	-	33,182,651
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)							
expenditures		(1,231,680)		(18,281,456)	(13,298)		(19,526,434)

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the year ended September 30, 2024

	Special <u>Revenue</u>	Capital <u>Projects</u>	Permanent Fund Cemetery Improvements	Total Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Other financing sources (uses)				
Bonds issued	-	12,850,000	-	12,850,000
Premiums on bonds issued	-	526,590	-	526,590
Notes issued	-	4,549,999	-	4,549,999
Transfers in	4,258,849	-	-	4,258,849
Transfers (out)	(9,412,459)	(587,015)		(9,999,474)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(5,153,610)	17,339,574		12,185,964
Net change in fund balance	(6,385,290)	(941,882)	(13,298)	(7,340,470)
Beginning fund balances	20,143,069	11,869,934	255,708	32,268,711
Change within financial reporting entity		(556,614)	_	(556,614)
Beginning fund balances, as adjusted	20,143,069	11,313,320	255,708	31,712,097
Ending fund balance	\$ 13,757,779	\$ 10,371,438	\$ 242,410	\$ 24,371,627

	De	ommunity velopment ock Grant	Special Revenue <u>Donations</u>		<u>River</u>		Court <u>Security</u>	River Mill <u>TIRZ</u>		Judicial <u>Efficiency</u>
ASSETS Cash and cash equity in pooled cash and investments Accounts receivable Restricted cash	\$	70,770 161,553	\$ 1,154,207 557,500	\$	542,658 1,125	\$	60,285 359	\$ 197,764 - -	\$	28,386 23
Total assets	\$	232,323	\$ 1,711,707	\$	543,783	\$	60,644	\$ 197,764	\$	28,409
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$	155,218 - 155,218	\$ 8,577 - 8,577	\$	49,508 - 49,508	\$	2,308 - 2,308	\$ - - -	\$	- - -
FUND BALANCES Restricted Committed Total fund balances		77,105 - 77,105	1,703,130 - 1,703,130	_	494,275 - 494,275	_	58,336 - 58,336	 197,764 - 197,764	_	28,409 - 28,409
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	<u>\$</u>	232,323	\$ 1,711,707	\$	543,783	\$	60,644	\$ 197,764	\$	28,409

	<u>Te</u>	Court echnology	Child <u>Safety</u>	stormwater evelopment	<u>N</u>	Juvenile Case <u>lanagement</u>		Federal Court <u>Awards</u>	١	Non-Federal Court <u>Awards</u>
ASSETS Cash and cash equity in pooled cash and investments Accounts receivable Restricted cash	\$	112,612 293	\$ 28,666 2,212	\$ 936,777	\$	47,146 371	\$	207,251	\$	177,293 -
Total assets	\$	112,905	\$ 30,878	\$ 936,777	\$	47,517	\$	207,251	\$	177,293
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$ 2,542	\$ -	\$	1,037	\$	-	\$	-
Unearned revenue			 	 					_	
Total liabilities			 2,542	 		1,037				
FUND BALANCES										
Restricted		112,905	28,336	936,777		46,480		207,251		177,293
Committed			 	 -				<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>
Total fund balances		112,905	 28,336	 936,777		46,480	_	207,251	_	177,293
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of										
resources, and fund balances	\$	112,905	\$ 30,878	\$ 936,777	\$	47,517	\$	207,251	\$	177,293

ACCETO	dwards uifer HCP	Cable Franchise <u>PEG</u>	Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone No. 1	D	ew Braunfels evelopment <u>Authority</u>		Recreation Center nprovements	Facilities aintenance
ASSETS Cash and cash equity in pooled cash and investments Accounts receivable Restricted cash	\$ 48,982 88,376	\$ 803,578 30,622	\$ 1,519,330	\$	5,811,897 - 1,223,085	\$	1,004,370	\$ 70,150 -
Total assets	\$ 137,358	\$ 834,200	\$ 1,519,331	\$	7,034,982	\$	1,004,370	\$ 70,150
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$ 44,798	\$ -	\$ -	\$	1,775,235	\$	6,717	\$ 13,715
Unearned revenue Total liabilities	 44,798			<u> </u>	1,775,235	_	6,717	 13,715
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted Committed	92,560	834,200	1,519,331 -		5,259,747 -		997,653	56,435 -
Total fund balances	 92,560	834,200	1,519,331		5,259,747		997,653	 56,435
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources, and fund balances	\$ 137,358	\$ 834,200	\$ 1,519,331	\$	7,034,982	\$	1,004,370	\$ 70,150

	Mai	nterprise intenance <u>Equipment</u>	evelopmental <u>Services</u>	Downtown <u>TIRZ</u>	Transit <u>District</u>	otal Nonmajor ecial Revenue <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS Cash and cash equity in pooled cash and investments Accounts receivable Restricted cash	\$	2,569 25,204	\$ 958,119 453	\$ 129,458 - -	\$ 2,412,125 - -	\$ 14,805,064 2,387,421 1,223,085
Total assets	\$	27,773	\$ 958,572	\$ 129,458	\$ 2,412,125	\$ 18,415,570
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$ 186,011	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,245,666
Unearned revenue			 	 	 2,412,125	 2,412,125
Total liabilities		<u> </u>	 186,011	 <u> </u>	 2,412,125	 4,657,791
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted		27,773	772,561	129,458	-	13,757,779
Committed			<u>-</u>	 		<u>-</u>
Total fund balances		27,773	 772,561	 129,458	 	 13,757,779
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources, and fund balances	\$	27,773	\$ 958,572	\$ 129,458	\$ 2,412,125	\$ 18,415,570

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

For the year	ar ended Sep	tember 30.	2024
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Revenues	Community Development <u>Block Grant</u>	Special Revenue <u>Donations</u>	<u>River</u>	Court <u>Security</u>	River Mill <u>TIRZ</u>	Judicial <u>Efficiency</u>
Ad valorem taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 50,678	\$ -
Sales taxes	φ -	φ -	φ -	φ -	30,522	φ -
Franchise fees and local taxes	_	_	_	_	50,522	_
Licenses and permits	_	_	7,164	_	_	_
Fines and forfeitures	_	_	216,515	58,252	_	10,639
Investment earnings	_	_	210,010	-	1,709	-
Intergovernmental	557,513	620,756	_	_		_
Miscellaneous	-	920,469	_	_	_	_
Charges and fees	-	-	994,630	_	-	_
Total revenues	557,513	1,541,225	1,218,309	58,252	82,909	10,639
Expenditures						
Current						
General government	557,513	233,467	_	_	_	_
Planning and environmental	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,				
development	-	_	-	_	-	_
Public safety	-	113,718	549,747	42,959	-	-
Public works	-	16,535	890,227	-	-	-
Parks and recreation	-	112,332	-	-	-	-
Library	-	96,015	-	-	-	-
Debt service						
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges						
Total expenditures	557,513	572,067	1,439,974	42,959		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures		969,158	(221,665)	15,293	82,909	10,639
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	_	23,949	150,000	_	_	_
Transfers (out)	_	(120,067)		_	_	_
Total other financing sources		(96,118)				
rotal care in an ig coal coo		(00,110)				
Net change in fund balance	-	873,040	(71,665)	15,293	82,909	10,639
Beginning fund balance	77,105	830,090	565,940	43,043	114,855	17,770
Ending fund balance	\$ 77,105	\$ 1,703,130	\$ 494,275	\$ 58,336	\$ 197,764	\$ 28,409

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

For the year ended September 30, 2024

Parameter	Court <u>Technology</u>	Child <u>Safety</u>	Stormwater Development	Juvenile Case <u>Management</u>	Federal Court <u>Awards</u>	Non-Federal Court <u>Awards</u>
Revenues Ad valorem taxes	¢	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Sales taxes	\$ -	Ф -	5 -	5 -	5 -	Þ -
Franchise fees and local taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-
Licenses and permits	_	_	_	_	_	_
Fines and forfeitures	47,992	3,784	_	60,385	_	_
Investment earnings	47,332	3,704	12,755	00,303	_	_
Intergovernmental	_	149,946	12,733	_	3,768	_
Miscellaneous	-	149,940	-	-	127,759	40,350
	_	_	247,641	_	127,739	40,330
Charges and fees	47.992	153,730	260,396	60,385	131,527	40,350
Total revenues	47,992	153,730	200,390	00,365	131,321	40,330
Expenditures						
Current						
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-
Planning and environmental						
development	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety	340	148,647	-	39,004	24,872	11,311
Public works	-	, <u> </u>	166,053	· -	, <u> </u>	· -
Parks and recreation	-	-	, <u>-</u>	-	-	-
Library	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service						
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	340	148,647	166,053	39,004	24,872	11,311
rotal oxponantico			,,,,,,			
Excess (deficiency) of						
revenues over (under)						
expenditures	47,652	5,083	94,343	21,381	106,655	29.039
experiences	47,002	0,000	04,040	21,001	100,000	20,000
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	_	_	_	_	_	_
Transfers (out)	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total other financing sources (uses)						
Total other financing sources (uses)						
Net change in fund balance	47,652	5,083	94,343	21,381	106,655	29,039
Beginning fund balance	65,253	23,253	842,434	25,099	100,596	148,254
	4.40.00		.	40.400		4.77.0 00
Ending fund balance	<u>\$ 112,905</u>	<u>\$ 28,336</u>	<u>\$ 936,777</u>	<u>\$ 46,480</u>	<u>\$ 207,251</u>	<u>\$ 177,293</u>

(Continued)

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the year ended September 30, 2024

Revenues	Edwards <u>Aquifer HCP</u>	Cabl	e Franchise <u>PEG</u>	R	x Increment einvestment <u>Cone No. 1</u>	New Braunfels Development <u>Authority</u>	Recreation Center Improvements	Facilities <u>Maintenance</u>
Ad valorem taxes	\$ -	\$	_	\$	3,942,747	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Sales taxes	Ψ -	Ψ	_	Ψ	1,596,999	Ψ -	Ψ -	Ψ -
Franchise fees and local taxes	_		130,270		-	_	_	_
Licenses and permits	_		-		_	_	_	_
Fines and forfeitures	_		_		_	_	_	_
Investment earnings	_		_		2,284	101,757	_	1,724
Intergovernmental	208.465		_		_,	-	_	-,
Miscellaneous	472,639		_		_	_	1,030	149,476
Charges and fees	-		-		_	_	-	-
Total revenues	681,104		130,270		5,542,030	101,757	1,030	151,200
Total revenues		-	.00,2.0	_	0,0 :=,000			
Expenditures								
Current								
General government	-		_		30,000	4,450,874	_	_
Planning and environmental					•			
development	-		-		-	-	-	-
Public safety	-		-		-	-	-	-
Public works	750,126		-		-	-	-	-
Parks and recreation	-		-		-	-	50,979	35,146
Library	-		-		-	-	-	-
Debt service								
Principal	-		-		-	2,280,000	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges			<u> </u>			896,745		
Total expenditures	750,126		_		30,000	7,627,619	50,979	35,146
•		-						
Excess (deficiency) of								
revenues over (under)								
expenditures	(69,022)	١	130,270		5,512,030	(7,525,862)	(49,949)	116,054
схрениниез	(00,022)	′ —	100,210	_	0,012,000	(1,020,002)	(40,040)	110,004
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in	92,201		_		_	3,992,699	_	_
Transfers (out)	32,201		_		(3,992,699)	0,002,000	_	(1,599,910)
` ,	92,201			_	(3,992,699)	3,992,699		(1,599,910)
Total other financing sources (uses)	92,201		<u>-</u>	_	(3,992,099)	3,992,099		(1,599,910)
Net change in fund balance	23,179		130,270		1,519,331	(3,533,163)	(49,949)	(1,483,856)
Beginning fund balance	69,381		703,930	_	<u> </u>	8,792,910	1,047,602	1,540,291
Ending fund balance	\$ 92,560	\$	834,200	\$	1,519,331	\$ 5,259,747	\$ 997,653	\$ 56,435

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the year ended September 30, 2024

Revenues	Enterprise Maintenance and Equipment	Developmental Services	Downtown <u>TIRZ</u>	Transit <u>District</u>	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Ad valorem taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 77,059	\$ -	\$ 4,070,484
Sales taxes	φ -	Φ -	Ф 77,059	φ -	1,627,521
Franchise fees and local taxes	-	-	-	-	130,270
Licenses and permits	_	_		_	7,164
Fines and forfeitures	_	_	_	_	397,567
Investment earnings	167,755	12,515	775	_	301,274
Intergovernmental	107,733	12,010	775	87,875	1,628,323
Miscellaneous	203,928	_	_	-	1,915,651
Charges and fees	200,020	1,733,176	_	_	2,975,447
Total revenues	371,683	1,745,691	77.834	87,875	13,053,701
Total revenues	371,003	1,743,091	11,034	07,075	10,000,701
Expenditures					
Current					
General government	-	-	-	-	5,271,854
Planning and environmental					
development	-	-	5,000	-	5,000
Public safety	100,000	-	-	-	1,030,598
Public works	961,914	1,575,302	-	87,875	4,448,032
Parks and recreation	-	-	-	-	198,457
Library	-	-	-	-	96,015
Debt service					
Principal	58,680	-	-	-	2,338,680
Interest and fiscal charges					896,745
Total expenditures	1,120,594	1,575,302	5,000	87,875	14,285,381
Excess (deficiency) of					
revenues over (under)					
expenditures	(748,911)	170,389	72,834		(1,231,680)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	_	_	_	_	4,258,849
Transfers (out)	(3,699,783)	_	_	_	(9,412,459)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,699,783)				(5,153,610)
Total other illianoling sources (uses)	(0,000,100)	·			(0,100,010)
Net change in fund balance	(4,448,694)	170,389	72,834	-	(6,385,290)
Beginning fund balance	4,476,467	602,172	56,624		20,143,069
Ending fund balance	\$ 27,773	\$ 772,561	\$ 129,458	\$ -	\$ 13,757,779

400570		20 Capital provements		ficates of ation 2004		ficates of ation 2008		rtificates of gation 2011		tificates of gation 2013		tificates of pation 2014
ASSETS	¢	2,356,703	\$	62,051	\$	391,062	\$	737,267	\$	4,337	\$	56,732
Cash and cash equity in pooled cash Total assets	<u>\$</u> \$	2,356,703	<u>э</u> \$	62,051	<u>э</u> \$	391,062	\$ \$	737,267	<u>Φ</u> \$	4,337	<u>Φ</u> \$	56,732
rotal assets	<u>*</u>	, ,	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	,	•		•	,	<u>-</u>	
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable	\$	507,184	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities		507,184										
FUND BALANCES												
Restricted		1,849,519	-	62,051		391,062		737,267		4,337		56,732
Total fund balances		1,849,519		62,051		391,062		737,267		4,337		56,732
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	\$	2,356,703	\$	62,051	\$	391,062	\$	737,267	\$	4,337	\$	56,732
resources, and fund balances	Φ	2,330,703	φ	02,031	φ	391,002	Φ	131,201	Φ	4,337	Φ	30,732

ASSETS	Tax <u>e 2018A</u>	Tax <u>Note 2022</u>	Tax Note 2023		Tax <u>Note 2024</u>	EDC <u>Capital</u>	G	Total Nonmajor Sovernmental <u>Funds</u>
Cash and cash equity in pooled cash	\$ 2,646	\$ 2,674,661	\$ 1,496,376	\$	3,050,000	\$ 346,904	\$	11,178,739
Total assets	\$ 2,646	\$ 2,674,661	\$ 1,496,376	\$	3,050,000	\$ 346,904	\$	11,178,739
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$ 	\$ 34	\$ 300,083	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	807,301
Total liabilities	 	 34	 300,083			 		807,301
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted	 2,646	 2,674,627	 1,196,293		3,050,000	 346,904		10,371,438
Total fund balances	 2,646	 2,674,627	 1,196,293		3,050,000	 346,904		10,371,438
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 2,646	\$ 2,674,661	\$ 1,496,376	<u>\$</u>	3,050,000	\$ 346,904	\$	11,178,739

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS For the year ended September 30, 2024

Revenues	2020 Capital Improvements	Certificates of Obligation 2004	Certificates of Obligation 2008	Certificates of Obligation 2011	Certificates of Obligation 2013	Certificates of Obligation 2014
	\$ 162,047	\$ 847	\$ 20,258	\$ 10,066	\$ 2,140	\$ 796
Investment earnings		847		10,066	2,140	y 790 796
Total revenues	162,047	047	20,258	10,000	2,140	790
Expenditures						
Current						
General government	474,269	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public works	3,247,150	-	-	-	-	-
Parks and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service						
Fiscal agent fees						
Total expenditures	3,721,419					
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(3,559,372)	847	20,258	10,066	2,140	796
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Bonds issued	-	-	-	-	-	-
Premiums on bonds issued	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loan proceeds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers (out)	(349,444)				(237,571)	
Total other financing sources	(349,444)	<u> </u>			(237,571)	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	(3,908,816)	847	20,258	10,066	(235,431)	796
Beginning fund balances	5,758,335	61,204	370,804	727,201	239,768	55,936
Change within financial reporting entity						
Beginning fund balances, as adjusted	5,758,335	61,204	370,804	727,201	239,768	55,936
Ending fund balance	\$ 1,849,519	\$ 62,051	\$ 391,062	\$ 737,267	\$ 4,337	\$ 56,732

(Continued)

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS For the year ended September 30, 2024

Revenues	Tax <u>Note 2018A</u>	Tax <u>Note 2022</u>	Tax <u>Note 2023</u>	Tax <u>Note 2024</u>	EDC <u>Capital</u>	2023 Capital Improvement	Total Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Investment earnings	\$ 34	\$ 297,420	\$ 96,336	<u> </u>	<u> -</u>		\$ 589,944
Total revenues	34	297,420	96,336		_		589,944
Expenditures							
Current							
General government	-	-	-	=	12,203,095		12,677,364
Public safety	-	1,720,253	629,435	-	-		2,349,688
Public works Parks and recreation	=	=	272,218	=	=		3,519,368
Parks and recreation Debt service	-	-	-	-	-		-
Fiscal agent fees			60,240	71,738	193,002		324,980
Total expenditures	-	1,720,253	961,893	71,738	12,396,097		18,871,400
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	34	(1,422,833)	(865,557)	(71,738)	(12,396,097)		(18,281,456)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Bonds issued	-	-	1,960,000	3,015,000	7,875,000		12,850,000
Premiums on bonds issued	-	-	101,850	106,738	318,002		526,590
Loan proceeds	-	-	-	-	4,549,999		4,549,999
Transfers (out)	-	-	-	-	-		(587,015)
Total other financing sources (uses)			2,061,850	3,121,738	12,743,001		17,339,574
Net change in fund balance	34	(1,422,833)	1,196,293	3,050,000	346,904		(941,882)
Beginning fund balances	2,612	4,097,460				556,614	11,869,934
Change within financial reporting entity						(556,614)	(556,614)
Beginning fund balances, as adjusted	2,612	4,097,460	<u>=</u>	<u>-</u>	_	_	11,313,320
Ending fund balance	\$ 2,646	\$ 2,674,627	\$ 1,196,293	\$ 3,050,000	\$ 346,904	<u>\$</u> _	\$ 10,371,438

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT FUND

	Community Development Block Grant								
Revenues	Original Budgeted <u>Amounts</u>	Final Budgeted <u>Amounts</u>	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)					
Intergovernmental	\$ 568,780	\$ 568,780	\$ 557,513	\$ (11,267)					
Total revenues	568,780	568,780	557,513	(11,267)					
Expenditures Current									
development	568,780	694,780	557,513	137,267					
Total expenditures	568,780	694,780	557,513	137,267					
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u> _	\$ (126,000)	-	\$ 126,000					
Beginning fund balance			77,105						
Ending fund balance			\$ 77,105						

SPECIAL REVENUE DONATIONS FUND For the year ended September 30, 2024

			5	Special Revenue	Do	nations Fund		
		Original Budgeted <u>Amounts</u>		Final Budgeted <u>Amounts</u>		Actual <u>Amounts</u>		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues	Φ		φ		Φ	600.756	φ	600.756
Intergovernmental	\$	200.000	\$	200 000	\$	620,756	\$	620,756
Miscellaneous		200,000	_	200,000		920,469		720,469
Total revenues	_	200,000	_	200,000	_	1,541,225	_	1,341,225
Expenditures Current								
General government		250,000		250,000		233,467		16,533
Public safety		200,000		200,000		113,718		86,282
Public works		75,000		75,000		16,535		58,465
Parks and recreation		175,000		175,000		112,332		62,668
Library		100,000		100,000		96,015		3,985
Total expenditures	_	800,000		800,000		572,067		227,933
Excess of revenues								
over expenditures	_	(600,000)	_	(600,000)	_	969,158	_	1,113,292
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		-		-		23,949		23,949
Transfers (out)						(120,067)		(120,067)
Total other financing (uses)	_	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	_	(96,118)		(96,118)
Net change in fund balance	\$	(600,000)	\$	(600,000)		873,040	\$	1,473,040
Beginning fund balance						830,090		
Ending fund balance					\$	1,703,130		

				River	Fur	nd		
		Original Budgeted <u>Amounts</u>		Final Budgeted <u>Amounts</u>		Actual <u>Amounts</u>		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues Licenses and permits	\$	6,800	\$	6,800	\$	7,164	\$	364
Fines and forfeitures Charges and fees		125,000 1,025,000		125,000 1,025,000		216,515 994,630		91,515 (30,370)
Total revenues	_	1,156,800	_	1,156,800		1,218,309	_	61,509
Expenditures Current								
Public safety		645,548		608,548		549,747		58,801
Public works		707,743		916,743		890,227		26,516
Total expenditures		1,353,291	_	1,525,291	_	1,439,974	_	85,317
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(196,491)		(368,491)		(221,665)		146,826
Other financing sources								
Transfers in		150,000		150,000		150,000		<u>-</u>
Total other financing	_	150,000		150,000		150,000		<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	\$	(46,491)	\$	(218,491)		(71,665)	\$	146,826
Beginning fund balance						565,940		
Ending fund balance					\$	494,275		

	Court Security Fund									
Revenues	Original Budgeted <u>Amounts</u>	Final Budgeted <u>Amounts</u>	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)						
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 40,000	\$ 40,000	\$ 58,252	\$ 18,252						
Total revenues	40,000	40,000	58,252	18,252						
Expenditures Current										
Public safety	63,000	63,000	42,959	(20,041)						
Total expenditures	63,000	63,000	42,959	(20,041)						
Net change in fund balance	\$ (23,000)	\$ (23,000)	15,293	\$ 38,293						
Beginning fund balance			43,043							
Ending fund balance			\$ 58,336							

JUDICIAL EFFICIENCY FUND For the year ended September 30, 2024

	Judicial Efficiency Fund								
Revenues	Original Budgeted <u>Amounts</u>	Final Budgeted <u>Amounts</u>	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)					
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 7,000	\$ 7,000	\$ 10,639	\$ 3,639					
Total revenues	7,000	7,000	10,639	3,639					
Expenditures Current Public safety Total expenditures	20,000 20,000	20,000 20,000	<u>-</u>	(20,000) (20,000)					
Net change in fund balance	\$ (13,000)	\$ (13,000)	10,639	\$ 23,639					
Beginning fund balance			17,770						
Ending fund balance			\$ 28,409						

COURT TECHNOLOGY FUND

	Court Technology Fund									
Deveryuse	Original Budgeted <u>Amounts</u>			Final udgeted .mounts	Actual <u>Amounts</u>			ance with I Budget ositive egative)		
Revenues Fines and forfeitures	\$	38,000	\$	38,000	\$	47,992	\$	9,992		
Total revenues	<u>Ψ</u>	38,000	<u> </u>	38,000	<u>Ψ</u>	47,992	<u>Ψ</u>	9,992		
Expenditures Current										
Public safety		75,000		75,000		340		74,660		
Total expenditures		75,000		75,000		340		74,660		
Net change in fund balance	\$	(37,000)	\$	(37,000)		47,652	\$	84,652		
Beginning fund balance						65,253				
Ending fund balance					\$	112,905				

	Child Safety Fund										
	Original Budgeted <u>Amounts</u>			Final Budgeted <u>Amounts</u>	_	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
Revenues Fines and forfeitures	\$	1,000	\$	_	\$	3,784	\$	3,784			
Intergovernmental	Ψ	132,500	Ψ	132,500	Ψ	149,946	Ψ	17,446			
Total revenues		133,500		132,500		153,730		21,230			
Expenditures Current											
Public safety		135,000		165,000		148,647		16,353			
Total expenditures		135,000		165,000		148,647		16,353			
Net change in fund balance	\$	(1,500)	\$	(32,500)		5,083	\$	37,583			
Beginning fund balance					_	23,253					
Ending fund balance					\$	28,336					

STORMWATER DEVELOPMENT FUND For the year ended September 30, 2024

	Stormwater Development Fund										
	Original Budgeted	Final Budgeted	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive							
	<u>Amounts</u>	<u>Amounts</u>	<u>Amounts</u>	(Negative)							
Revenues											
Charges and fees	80,000	80,000	247,641	167,641							
Interest	_		12,755	12,755							
Total revenues	80,000	80,000	260,396	180,396							
Expenditures Current											
Public works	860,000	860,000	166,053	693,947							
Total expenditures	860,000	860,000	166,053	693,947							
Net change in fund balance	\$ (780,000)	\$ (780,000)	94,343	\$ 874,343							
Beginning fund balance			842,434								
Ending fund balance			\$ 936,777								

JUVENILE CASE MANAGEMENT FUND For the year ended September 30, 2024

	Juvenile Case Management Fund									
Revenues	Original Budgeted <u>Amounts</u>	Final Budgeted <u>Amounts</u>	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)						
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 40,000	\$ 40,000	\$ 60,385	\$ 20,385						
Total revenues	40,000	40,000	60,385	20,385						
Expenditures Current										
Public safety	48,500	48,500	39,004	9,496						
Total expenditures	48,500	48,500	39,004	9,496						
Net change in fund balance	\$ (8,500)	\$ (8,500)	21,381	\$ 29,881						
Beginning fund balance			25,099							
Ending fund balance			\$ 46,480							

FEDERAL COURT AWARDS FUND For the year ended September 30, 2024

	Federal Court Awards Fund									
	Original Budgeted <u>Amounts</u>	Final Budgeted <u>Amounts</u>	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)						
Revenues Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,768	\$ 3,768						
Miscellaneous	Ψ -	Ψ -	127,759	127,759						
Total revenues			131,527	131,527						
Expenditures Current										
Public safety	55,000	55,000	24,872	30,128						
Total expenditures	55,000	55,000	24,872	30,128						
Net change in fund balance	\$ (55,000)	\$ (55,000)	106,655	\$ 161,65 <u>5</u>						
Beginning fund balance			100,596							
Ending fund balance			\$ 207,251							

NON-FEDERAL COURT AWARDS FUND For the year ended September 30, 2024

	Non-Federal Court Awards Fund									
Davasas	Original Budgeted <u>Amounts</u>	Final Budgeted <u>Amounts</u>	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)						
Revenues Miscellaneous	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 40,350	\$ 40,350						
Total revenues	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	40,350	40,350						
Expenditures Current Public safety	100,000	100,000	11,311	<u>88,689</u>						
Total expenditures	100,000	100,000	11,311	88,689						
Net change in fund balance	\$ (100,000)	\$ (100,000)	29,039	\$ 129,039						
Beginning fund balance			148,254							
Ending fund balance			\$ 177,293							

EDWARDS AQUIFER HCP FUND For the year ended September 30, 2024

		Edwards Aqu	ifer HCP Fund	
	Original Budgeted <u>Amounts</u>	Final Budgeted <u>Amounts</u>	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues	\$ 873,734	ф 1 220 110	¢ 209.465	\$ (1.130.654)
Intergovernmental Miscellaneous	\$ 873,734	\$ 1,339,119	\$ 208,465 472,639	\$ (1,130,654) 472,639
Total revenues	873,734	1,339,119	681,104	(658,015)
Expenditures Current				
Public works - River Authority	966,467	1,431,852	750,126	681,726
Total expenditures	966,467	1,431,852	750,126	681,726
Excess of revenues over expenditures	(92,733)	(92,733)	(69,022)	23,711
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers (in)	92,733	92,733	92,201	(532)
Total other financing (uses)	92,733	92,733	92,201	(532)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	<u>\$</u> _	23,179	\$ 23,179
Beginning fund balance			69,381	
Ending fund balance			\$ 92,560	

CABLE FRANCHISE PEG FUND

	Cable Franchise PEG Fund									
Revenues	Original Budgeted <u>Amounts</u>	Final Budgeted <u>Amounts</u>	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)						
Franchise fees and local taxes	\$ 160,000	\$ 160,000	\$ 130,270	\$ (29,730)						
Total revenues	160,000	160,000	130,270	(29,730)						
Expenditures Current General government Total expenditures	500,000 500,000	500,000 500,000	<u>-</u>	(500,000) (500,000)						
Net change in fund balance	\$ (340,000)	\$ (340,000)	130,270	\$ 470,270						
Beginning fund balance			703,930							
Ending fund balance			\$ 834,200							

TAX INCREMENT REINVESTMENT ZONE NO. 1 FUND AND NEW BRAUNFELS DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY COMBINED For the year ended September 30, 2024

Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone No.1 Fund
And New Braunfels Development Authority Combined

		And Nev	w B	raunfels Develo	pme	ent Authority Co	oml	oined
								Variance with
		Original		Final				Final Budget
		Budgeted		Budgeted		Actual		Positive
		<u>Amounts</u>		<u>Amounts</u>		<u>Amounts</u>		(Negative)
Revenues								
Ad valorem taxes	\$	3,676,929	\$	3,676,929	\$	3,942,747	\$	265,818
Sales taxes		1,395,743		1,395,743		1,596,999		201,256
Investment earnings		15,000		15,000		104,041		89,041
Total revenues		5,087,672		5,087,672		5,643,787	_	556,115
Expenditures								
Current								
General government		4,030,000		4,030,000		4,480,874		(450,874)
Debt Service								
Principal		2,280,000		2,280,000		2,280,000		-
Interest and fiscal charges		900,000		900,000		896,745	_	3,255
Total expenditures		7,210,000		7,210,000		7,657,619	_	(447,619)
Excess of revenues								
over expenditures		(2,122,328)		(2,122,328)		(2,013,832)		108,496
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers (in)		3,855,451		3,855,451		3,992,699		137,248
Transfers (out)		(3,855,451)		(3,855,451)		(3,992,699)		(137,248)
Total other financing (uses)		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	_		_	-
Net change in fund balance	\$	(2,122,328)	\$	(2,122,328)		(2,013,832)	\$	108,496
Beginning fund balance						8,792,910		
Ending fund balance					\$	6,779,078		

ENTERPRISE MAINTENANCE AND EQUIPMENT FUND

	Enterprise Maintenance and Equipment Fund							
		Original Budgeted <u>Amounts</u>		Final Budgeted <u>Amounts</u>		Actual <u>Amounts</u>	,	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues	•	400.000	•	400 000	•	407.755		07.755
Investment earnings	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	167,755	\$	67,755
Miscellaneous	_	180,000		180,000		203,928	_	23,928
Total revenues		280,000		280,000	_	371,683	_	91,683
Expenditures Current								
Public safety		100,000		100,000		100,000		-
Public works		1,149,370		1,142,437		961,914		180,523
Debt Service								
Principal		58,702		58,702		58,680	_	22
Total expenditures		1,308,072		1,301,139		1,120,594	_	180,545
Excess of revenues over expenditures		(1,208,072)		(1,201,139)		(748,911)	_	272,228
Other financing (uses)								
Transfers(out)		(115,600)		(3,715,600)		(3,699,783)		15,817
Total other financing (uses)		(115,600)		(3,715,600)		(3,699,783)		15,817
Net change in fund balance	\$	(1,143,672)	\$	(4,736,739)		(4,448,694)	<u>\$</u>	288,045
Beginning fund balance						4,476,467		
Ending fund balance					\$	27,773		

CEMETARY IMPROVEMENT FUND For the year ended September 30, 2024

	Cemetery Improvement Fund								
_	В	Original udgeted <u>imounts</u>		Final Budgeted <u>Amounts</u>	<u>,</u>	Actual Amounts		/ariance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues Licenses and permits Charges and fees	\$	3,250	\$	3,250	\$	300 12,272	\$	(2,950) 12,272	
Total revenues		3,250		3,250		12,572	_	9,322	
Expenditures Current									
Parks and recreation		218,000		218,000		25,870		192,130	
Total expenditures		218,000		218,000		25,870		192,130	
Net change in fund balance	\$	(214,750)	\$	(214,750)		(13,298)	\$	201,452	
Beginning fund balance						255,708			
Ending fund balance					\$	242,410			

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

RECREATION CENTER IMPROVEMENT FUND For the year ended September 30, 2024

	Recreation Center Improvements Fund														
Revenues	Original Budgeted <u>Amounts</u>	Final Budgeted <u>Amounts</u>	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)											
Miscellaneous	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,030	\$ 1,030											
Total revenues	<u> </u>		1,030	1,030											
Expenditures Current															
Parks and recreation	100,000	100,000	50,979	49,021											
Total expenditures	100,000	100,000	50,979	49,021											
Net change in fund balance	\$ (100,000)	\$ (100,000)	\$ (49,949)	\$ 50,051											
Beginning fund balance			1,047,602												
Ending fund balance			\$ 997,653												

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

DEVELOPMENTAL SERVICES FUND For the year ended September 30, 2024

		Developmental	Services Fund	
	Original Budgeted <u>Amounts</u>	Final Budgeted <u>Amounts</u>	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Interest	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,515	\$ 12,515
Charges and fees	1,205,000	1,205,000	1,733,176	528,176
Total revenues	1,205,000	1,205,000	1,745,691	540,691
Expenditures Current				
Public works	1,779,456	1,779,456	1,575,302	204,154
Total expenditures	1,779,456	1,779,456	1,575,302	204,154
Net change in fund balance	\$ (574,456)	\$ (574,456)	170,389	\$ 744,845
Beginning fund balance			602,172	
Ending fund balance			\$ 772,561	

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL RIVER MILL TIRZ FUND

For the year ended September 30, 2024

			River Mill	TIRZ	Fund		
	· ·						ariance with
		Driginal	Final			F	inal Budget
	Ві	udgeted	Budgeted		Actual		Positive
	<u>A</u>	<u>.mounts</u>	<u>Amounts</u>	:	<u>Amounts</u>		(Negative)
Revenues							
Ad valorem taxes	\$	54,385	\$ 54,385	\$	50,678	\$	(3,707)
Sales tax		20,000	20,000		30,522		10,522
Investment earnings			 	-	1,709		1,709
Total revenues		74,385	 74,385		82,909		8,524
Net change in fund balance	\$	74,385	\$ 74,385		82,909	\$	8,524
Beginning fund balance					114,855		
Ending fund balance				\$	197,764		

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FACILITIES MAINTENANCE FUND For the year ended September 30, 2024

	Facilities M	aintenance Fund
Revenues	Original Final Budgeted Budgeted Amounts Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Actual Positive Amounts (Negative)
Investment earnings	\$ - \$	- \$ 1,724 \$ 1,724
Miscellaneous	149,816 149,81	
Total revenues	149,816 149,81	
Expenditures Current		
Parks and recreation	- 37,00	0 35,146 1,854
Total expenditures	- 37,00	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	149,816112,81	6 116,054 3,238
Other financing (uses)		
Transfers (out)	(1,599,910) (1,599,91	0) (1,599,910)
Total other financing (uses)	(1,599,910) (1,599,91	0) (1,599,910) -
Net change in fund balance	\$ (1,450,094) \$ (1,487,09	<u>4</u>) (1,483,856) <u>\$ 3,238</u>
Beginning fund balance		1,540,291
Ending fund balance		\$ 56,435

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL DOWNTOWN TIRZ FUND

For the year ended September 30, 2024

		Downtown TIRZ													
Revenues	Original Budgeted <u>Amounts</u>	Final Budgeted <u>Amounts</u>	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)											
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 409,27	1 \$ 409,271	\$ 77,059	\$ (332,212)											
Investment earnings Total revenues	409,27	<u>-</u> 1 409,271	775 77,834	(331,437)											
Expenditures Current		1 400,271		(001,401)											
Planning and development		- 5,000	5,000												
Total expenditures		- 5,000	5,000	_											
Net change in fund balance	\$ 409,27	1 \$ 404,271	\$ 72,834	\$ (331,437)											
Beginning fund balance			56,624												
Ending fund balance			\$ 129,458												

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments of the City and to other government units on a cost reimbursement basis.

Self Insurance - This fund is used to account for the costs of providing insurance to the City's employees.

Fleet Service - This fund is used to account for the charges and expenses related to the City's fleet service, maintenance and repair department.

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS September 30, 2024

ASSETS	Self Insurance	<u> </u>	Fleet <u>Services</u>		Total <u>Funds</u>
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,395,384	\$	-	\$	5,395,384
Receivables, net	119		-		119
Inventory	 <u> </u>		112,920		112,920
Total assets	 5,395,503		112,920	_	5,508,423
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,309,724		81,670		1,391,394
Due to other funds	 <u> </u>		31,250		31,250
Total liabilities	 1,309,724		112,920	_	1,422,644
NET POSITION					
Unrestricted	 4,085,779		<u>-</u>		4,085,779
Total net position	\$ 4,085,779	\$		\$	4,085,779

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For the year ended September 30, 2024

	Self <u>Insurance</u>	Fleet <u>Services</u>	Total <u>Funds</u>
Operating revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 7,984,		
Other income	211,		211,612
Total operating revenues	8,196,	067 1,171,989	9,368,056
Operating expenses			
Personnel	6,554,	003 946,935	7,500,938
Services	912,	436 225,077	1,137,513
Total operating expenses	7,466,	439 1,172,012	8,638,451
Operating income (loss)	729,	628 (23	729,605
Nonoperating revenues			
Investment earnings	155,	791 23	155,814
Total nonoperating revenues	155,	791 23	155,814
Income Before Transfers	885,	419 -	885,419
Transfers			
Transfers in		_	<u> </u>
Change in net position	885,	419 -	885,419
Beginning net position	3,200,	360	3,200,360
Ending net position	\$ 4,085,	77 <u>9</u> \$ -	\$ 4,085,779

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For the year ended September 30, 2024

		Self Insurance		Fleet Services		Total Funds
Cash flows from operating activities		<u> </u>		<u>COI 11000</u>		<u>r drido</u>
Receipts from interfund charges for insurance	\$	8,196,067	\$	_	\$	8,196,067
Receipts from interfund charges for fleet services	*	-	Ψ	1,171,989	*	1,171,989
Payments to suppliers		(6,787,478)		(222,616)		(7,010,094)
Payments for personnel services		-		(949,396)		(949,396)
Net cash provided by operating activities		1,408,589		(23)		1,408,566
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities						
Transfers from other funds		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>
Net cash provided by noncapital						
financing activities			_			<u>-</u>
Cash flows from investing activities						
Earnings on investments		155,791		23		155,814
Net cash provided by investing activities		155,791		23		155,814
Net Increase in cash and						
cash equivalents		1,564,380		-		1,564,380
Beginning cash and cash equivalents		3,831,004		<u>-</u>		3,831,004
Ending cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,395,384	\$		\$	5,395,384
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash						
provided (used) by operating activities						
Operating income (loss)	\$	729,628	\$	(23)	\$	729,605
Changes in operating assets and liabilities						
(Increase) decrease in assets		(440)				(4.40)
Receivables		(119)		(40 444)		(119)
Inventory Increase (decrease) in liabilities		-		(10,141)		(10,141)
Accounts payable		679,080		12,602		691,682
Due to other funds				(2,461)		(2,461)
Net cash provided (used) by						
operating activities	\$	1,408,589	\$	(23)	\$	1,408,566



CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and Required Supplementary Information says about the City's overall financial health.

CONTENTS

FINANCIAL TRENDS
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.
REVENUE CAPACITY
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources, sales and property tax.
DEBT CAPACITY155
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.
DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.
OPERATING INFORMATION162
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.
<u>Sources</u> : Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports from the relevant year.

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS NET POSITION BY COMPONENT Last Ten Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year																	
		<u>2024</u>		2023	<u>2022</u>		2021		2020		<u>2019</u>		2018	2017	<u>2016</u>		2015	
Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	57,283 113,580 (63,117)	\$	38,706 54,789 902	\$	10,636 52,935 9,138	\$	10,250 32,698 920	\$	10,678 25,877 (10,423)	\$	7,297 18,232 635	\$	(3,398) 24,333 (18,031)	\$ 5,470 21,269 (15,905)	\$ 2,127 16,400 (16,030)	\$	5,121 10,919 (10,896)
Total governmental activities net position	\$	107,745	\$	94,397	\$	72,709	\$	43,868	\$	26,132	\$	26,164	\$	2,904	\$ 10,834	\$ 2,497	\$	5,144
Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	\$	24,132 8,024	\$	26,070 3,293	\$	25,339 4,261	\$	26,436 2,513	\$	27,813 2,028	\$	28,869 (1,517)	\$	29,515 525	\$ 31,025 (748)	\$ 33,493 (236)	\$	34,775 298
Total business-type activities net position	\$	32,156	\$	29,363	\$	29,600	\$	28,949	\$	29,841	\$	27,352	\$	30,040	\$ 30,277	\$ 33,257	\$	35,073
Primary government Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	81,415 113,580 (55,093)	\$	64,776 54,789 4,195	\$	35,975 52,935 13,400	\$	36,686 32,698 3,433	\$	38,491 25,877 (8,395)	\$	36,166 18,232 (882)	\$	26,117 24,333 (17,506)	\$ 36,495 21,269 (16,653)	\$ 35,620 16,400 (16,266)	\$	39,896 10,919 (10,598)
Total primary government net position	\$	139,901	\$	123,760	\$	102,310	\$	72,817	\$	55,973	\$	53,516	\$	32,944	\$ 41,111	\$ 35,754	\$	40,217

Source: City financial statements

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Last Ten Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)
(Amounts expressed in thousands)

	Fiscal Year																				
		2024		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		<u>2018</u>		2017		2016		2015	
Expenses																					
Governmental activities																					
General government	\$	22,223	\$	18,361	\$	10,769	\$	9,829	\$	12,716	\$	11,177	\$	13,085	\$	11,764	\$	22,722	\$	17,936	
Finance and tax		2,237		1,733		1,326		1,194		1,054		1,210		1,574		1,269		690		719	
Planning and environmental development		6,091		5,668		3,901		3,923		3,300		3,759		4,874		4,527		2,772		2,622	
Public safety		69,162		62,482		44,116		41,196		34,334		41,360		57,457		43,328		29,273		33,327	
Public works		25,917		31,166		36,629		39,944		39,376		26,422		11,912		11,858		15,314		9,377	
Parks and recreation		10,963		10,346		11,410		7,613		8,453		8,322		8,018		6,357		4,597		8,551	
Library		3,502		2,793		2,796		1,897		2,026		2,460		3,091		2,664		1,660		1,969	
Civic/convention center		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		49		191	
Airport		391		72		24		-		-		-		9		15		1,493		48	
Interest on long-term debt		10,268		14,842	_	8,625		9,021	_	9,388		6,828		6,553	_	5,752		6,757		5,369	
Total governmental activities expenses	_	150,754	_	147,463		119,596		114,617	_	110,647	_	101,538	_	106,573		87,534		85,327		80,109	
Business-type activities																					
Airport		5,403		5,153		5,379		3,567		3,298		3,645		3,499		3,221		2,968		2,778	
Solid waste		11,560		11,040		9,281		8,985		8,718		8,779		7,897		7,721		7,271		6,670	
Golf course		2,548		2,420		2,191		1,910		1,824		2,019		1,898		1,838		1,938		1,775	
Civic/convention center		1,309		1,246		1,120		1,044		1,166		1,071		963		979		886	_	894	
Total business-type activities expenses		20,821		19,859	_	17,971		15,506	_	15,006		15,514		14,257	_	13,759		13,063		12,117	
Total expenses	\$	171,575	\$	167,322	\$	137,567	\$	130,123	\$	125,653	\$	117,052	\$	120,830	\$	101,293	\$	98,390	\$	92,226	
Program revenues																					
Governmental activities																					
Charges for services																					
General government	\$	742	\$	733	\$	730	\$	112	\$	125	\$	152	\$	150	\$	164	\$	1,505	\$	1,265	
Planning and environmental development		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		3,489		3,912	
Public safety		8,341		8,244		8,065		5,479		5,748		5,918		6,528		6,503		4,384		3,841	
Public works		8,613		8,512		9,260		8,853		7,019		6,465		4,507		4,163		1,231		1,076	
Parks and recreation		15,130		14,953		11,284		6,660		3,283		5,501		2,288		2,226		2,745		1,642	
Library		13		13		14		11		27		61		89		96		101		102	
Civic/convention center		-		-		-		-		-				-		-		14		8	
Operating grants and contributions		4,498		3,044		686		5,853		2,394		1,402		3,819		1,759		2,377		1,963	
Capital grants and contributions					_		_		_	<u>-</u>		1,768		1,831	_	3,460				-	
Total governmental activities program revenues		37,337		35,499		30,039		26,968	_	18,596		21,267		19,212		18,371		15,846	_	13,809	

(Continued)

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Last Ten Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)
(Amounts expressed in thousands)

										Fisca	l Ye	ar									
		<u>2024</u>		<u>2023</u>		2022		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>		
Business-type activities																					
Charges for services																					
Airport	\$	4,347	\$	4,494	\$	4,569	\$	2,757	\$	2,296	\$	2,894	\$	2,599	\$ 2,399	\$	2,077	\$	2,317		
Solid waste		11,478		11,005		11,016		10,378		10,176		9,865		10,168	8,664		8,280		7,985		
Golf course		2,324		2,275		2,268		2,079		1,634		1,714		1,578	1,436		1,486		1,378		
Civic/convention center		594		577		548		397		274		496		420	450		436		418		
Operating grants and contributions		374		-		-		1,010		5,010		51		-	397		50		50		
Capital grants and contributions		1,010		3,081		1,706		<u>-</u>							 <u> </u>	_	2,263	_	290		
Total business-type activities revenues		20,127		21,432		20,107		16,621		19,390		15,020		14,765	13,346		14,592		12,438		
Total program revenues	\$	57,464	\$	56,931	\$	50,146	\$	43,589	\$	37,986	\$	36,287	\$	33,977	\$ 31,717	\$	30,438	\$	26,247		
Net (expense)/revenue																					
Governmental activities	\$	(113,418)	\$	(111,964)	\$	(89,557)	\$	26,967	\$	(96,019)	\$	(89,380)	\$	(82,326)	\$ (88,202)	\$	(71,688)	\$	(71,518)		
Business-type activities		(694)		1,573		2,136		16,621		3,885		14		(749)	(911)		833		(625)		
Total net revenue (expense)	\$	(114,111)	\$	(110,391)	\$	(87,421)	\$	43,588	\$	(92,134)	\$	(89,366)	\$	(83,075)	\$ (89,113)	\$	(70,855)	\$	(72,143)		
General revenues and other changes in net position																					
Governmental activities																					
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	\$	30,447	\$	23,908	\$	23,452	\$	21,958	\$	23,138	\$	23,135	\$	18,188	\$ 18,065	\$	14,409	\$	13,956		
Property taxes, levied for debt services		27,087		28,194		24,323		22,428		17,398		14,667		12,471	12,434		11,414		10,159		
Sales tax		35,837		34,517		34,519		31,329		25,606		23,675		21,997	21,008		19,077		18,608		
Hotel/motel occupancy taxes		4,864		4,894		5,230		4,412		2,872		4,001		4,070	3,994		3,767		3,813		
Franchise fees		13,198		12,715		11,729		10,504		9,908		10,070		9,749	9,590		8,904		8,435		
Mixed beverage tax		960		938		839		683		508		649		584	515		472		439		
Investment income		12,189		8,706		1,122		205		1,003		2,300		966	471		242		47		
Other contributions		2,631		8,025		5,588		6,128		4,687		4,215		3,683	4,570		2,892		2,336		
Miscellaneous		2,438		6,661		4,876		5,449		4,585		3,915		6,423	3,948		4,989		3,643		
Gain on sale of asset		-		2,832		192		-		-		-		-	-		-		-		
Transfers in (out)		(2,885)		2,278		2,030		2,288	_	2,311		2,398		2,152	 2,905	_	3,436	_	284		
Total governmental activities	_	126,765		133,668		113,900	_	105,384		92,016	_	89,025	_	80,283	77,500	_	69,602	_	61,720		

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS CHANGES IN NET POSITION Last Ten Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)
(Amounts expressed in thousands)

					Fisca	l Year				
	2024	2023	2022	<u>2021</u>	2020	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	2016	2015
Business-type activities										
Investment earnings	247	182	38	1	27	63	39	17	8	2
Miscellaneous income	355	271	505	280	388	141	1,239	320	83	86
Transfers in (out)	2,885	(2,278) (2,030) (2,288)	(2,311)	(2,398)	(2,152)	(2,905)	(3,436)	(284)
Total business-type activities	3,487	(1,825) (1,487	(2,007)	(1,896)	(2,194)	(874)	(2,568)	(3,345)	(196)
Total primary government	\$ 130,252	\$ 131,843	\$ 112,413	\$ 103,377	\$ 90,120	\$ 86,831	\$ 79,409	\$ 74,932	\$ 66,257	\$ 61,524
Changes in net position										
Governmental activities	\$ 13,348	\$ 21,704	\$ 24,343	\$ 105,384	\$ 118,984	\$ (6,994)	\$ (9,097)	\$ (4,826)	\$ (18,600)	\$ (9,968)
Business-type activities	2,793	(252	649	(2,006)	14,725	1,691	(860)	(3,317)	(4,256)	637
Total change in net position	\$ 16,141	\$ 21,452	\$ 24,992	\$ 103,378	\$ 133,709	\$ (5,303)	\$ (9,957)	<u>\$ (8,143</u>)	\$ (22,856)	<u>\$ (9,331</u>)

Source: Statements of Activities from City ACFR

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Years
(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)
(Amounts expressed in thousands)

					Fisca	l Ye	ear				
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020		<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	2015
General fund											
Nonspendable	\$ 3	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 3	\$	1	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ -	\$ -
Assigned	3,720	4,113	3,089	893	798		1,124	551	1,368	2,516	4,319
Unassigned	33,994	37,288	 41,884	40,164	26,585		24,951	20,377	17,699	16,096	16,677
Total general fund	\$ 37,717	\$ 41,402	\$ 44,974	\$ 41,058	\$ 27,386	\$	26,076	\$ 20,929	\$ 19,068	\$ 18,612	\$ 20,996
All other governmental funds											
Nonspendable	\$ 242	\$ 256	\$ 243	\$ 231	\$ 223	\$	223	\$ 169	\$ 29	\$ 19	\$ 94
Restricted	152,645	128,861	132,839	129,876	130,313		82,729	56,071	50,200	65,988	51,895
Committed	84	6,017	7,515	6,818	6,519		9,729	7,413	5,652	4,295	3,188
Unassigned, reported in:											
Special revenue funds	 	 	(9)	<u> </u>	910		_	<u> </u>	 	 (591)	 (211)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 152,971	\$ 135,134	\$ 140,588	\$ 136,925	\$ 137,965	\$	92,681	\$ 63,653	\$ 55,881	\$ 69,711	\$ 54,966

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Years

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Amounts expressed in thousands)

					Fiscal	Yea	ar					
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020		2019	2018		2017	 2016	2015
Revenues								·				
Taxes	\$ 112,018	\$ 104,973	\$ 100,091	\$ 91,315	\$ 79,279	\$	76,136 \$	68,595	\$	65,735	\$ 57,652	\$ 55,205
Licenses and permits	6,982	6,680	7,318	7,158	5,653		5,265	4,178		3,943	3,606	3,052
Intergovernmental	6,936	3,044	686	5,853	2,394		1,403	3,819		1,759	228	242
Charges for services	7,545	8,304	7,970	5,890	6,014		5,582	5,306		5,068	4,439	3,573
Fines and forfeitures	2,363	2,527	2,794	1,410	1,256		1,755	1,800		1,925	1,642	1,743
Parks and recreation	7,755	14,943	11,272	6,656	3,280		5,496	2,278		2,216	2,656	2,307
Interest	12,033	8,600	1,109	204	999		2,299	966		468	241	46
Federal grants*	-	-	-	-	-		=	-		-	2,117	758
State and local grants*	-	-	-	-	-		=	-		-	194	368
Other contributions	2,631	8,025	5,588	6,128	4,687		4,215	3,683		4,570	4,804	3,374
Miscellaneous	 8,195	 6,661	4,876	 5,232	 4,567		3,716	4,837		3,791	 2,751	 3,466
Total revenues	 166,456	 163,757	 141,704	 129,846	 108,129		105,867	95,462		89,475	 80,330	 74,134
Expenditures												
General government	38,643	20,376	14,056	12,851	14,088		12,446	11,302		11,594	16,791	11,695
Finance and tax	1,843	1,619	1,442	1,280	1,288		1,159	1,037		1,011	900	855
Planning and environmental development	6,025	5,423	4,434	4,391	3,881		3,626	3,435		3,796	3,331	2,983
Public safety	63,912	56,122	48,764	44,089	40,963		38,016	37,840		35,078	34,926	31,134
Public works	53,472	40,285	49,339	53,755	40,391		26,191	34,243		28,965	21,618	15,231
Parks and recreation	10,977	12,344	13,218	9,865	9,180		8,165	6,482		5,474	5,431	11,645
Library	3,050	3,091	3,108	2,205	2,395		2,378	2,224		2,136	2,006	2,187
Civic/convention center	=	-	-	-	-		-	-		=	89	296
Airport	391	72	24	-	-		-	-		1	1,534	407
Debt service												
Principal	22,878	20,305	18,165	16,535	13,990		10,365	10,601		10,550	8,319	7,805
Interest	11,458	10,504	9,926	9,531	10,375		9,108	6,881		7,274	5,977	5,056
Other	 984	 6,234	 597	 540	 199		41	5		97	 462	 551
Total expenditures	 213,634	 176,375	 163,073	 155,042	 136,750		111,495	114,050		105,976	 101,384	 89,845
(Deficiency) of revenues												
(Under) expenditures	 (47,178)	 (12,618)	 (21,369)	 (25,196)	 (28,621)		(5,628)	(18,588)	(16,501)	 (21,054)	 (15,711)

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Years

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Amounts expressed in thousands)

					Fiscal	Year				
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	2022	<u>2021</u>	2020	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfer in	11,677	12,176	9,294	8,729	9,475	19,664	9,441	7,835	4,757	4,923
Transfer out	(14,563)	(9,898)	(7,264)	(6,441)	(7,164)	(17,266)	(7,181)	(5,330)	(2,847)	(2,017)
Issuance of debt	60,963	-	46,895	41,750	62,240	35,160	24,620	5,255	37,360	35,940
Premium on debt issuance	3,188	=	4,456	4,807	10,644	2,045	1,594	-	5,953	3,309
Payment to bond escrow agent	(4,684)	-	(24,699)	(11,233)	-	-	-	(5,165)	(14,799)	(17,101)
Sale of assets	199	564	267	217	19	199	6	157	39	301
Capital lease	-	750	-	-	-	-	-	375	757	-
Loan payable	4,550	<u> </u>	<u> </u>				(258)			
Total other financing sources	61,331	3,592	28,949	37,829	75,214	39,802	28,222	3,127	31,220	25,355
Net change in fund balances	<u>\$ 14,153</u> <u>\$</u>	(9,026) \$	7,580	37,829	\$ 50,017	\$ 11,183	\$ 22,594	\$ (15,461)	\$ 14,719	\$ 4,301
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	14.45%	22.20%	22.20%	23.80%	22.20%	20.00%	18.80%	20.90%	18.70%	17.00%

Source: Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for Governmental Funds *In fiscal year 2017, federal and state grant revenue was reported with intergovernmental revenue.

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL TAX REVENUE BY SOURCE

Last Ten Years

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Amounts expressed in thousands)

						Fisca	l Ye	ar				
	2024	2023		2022	2021	2020		2019	<u>2018</u>	2017	2016	2015
Revenue												
Property tax	\$ 57,534	\$ 52,102	\$	47,775	\$ 44,386	\$ 40,537	\$	37,802	\$ 30,659	\$ 30,628	\$ 25,823	\$ 24,115
Sales tax	35,837	34,517	•	34,519	31,329	25,606		23,675	21,997	21,008	19,077	23,978
Franchise fees	1,800	1,921		1,821	1,670	1,552		1,770	1,840	1,784	1,934	1,961
Utilities franchise fees	11,398	10,794		9,907	8,833	8,204		8,121	7,909	7,805	6,970	6,474
Hotel occupancy tax	4,864	4,894		5,230	4,412	2,872		4,001	4,070	3,994	3,767	3,813
Mixed beverage tax	 960	938		839	 683	508		649	 583	 516	472	 439
Total Revenue	\$ 112,393	\$ 105,166	\$	100,091	\$ 91,314	\$ 79,279	\$	76,018	\$ 67,058	\$ 65,735	\$ 58,043	\$ 60,780

Data Source: City ACFRs and detailed financial records

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Years

(Amounts expressed in thousands)

					Fiscal Ye	ear					
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	2020		2019	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Real property Personal	\$ 15,312,916 1,092,166	\$ 12,559,483 842,285	\$ 10,402,273 678,446	\$ 10,497,424 681,287	\$ 9,297,167 \$ 639,947		8,406,848 \$ 625,957	7,584,703 \$ 564,298	6,716,299 \$ 512,991	6,138,209 \$ 540,437	5,528,399 426,910
Less: tax exempt property	 3,484,379	 2,741,601	 2,069,096	 1,835,996	 1,634,543		1,455,217	1,352,207	1,150,855	1,050,021	1,047,373
Total taxable assessed value (1)	\$ 12,920,703	\$ 10,660,167	\$ 9,011,623	\$ 9,342,715	\$ 8,302,571 \$		7,577,588 \$	6,796,794 \$	6,078,435 \$	5,628,625 \$	4,907,936
Total direct tax rate	\$ 0.40894	\$ 0.41394	\$ 0.47538	\$ 0.48319	\$ 0.48822 \$		0.48822 \$	0.48822 \$	0.48822 \$	0.49823 \$	0.49823
Estimated actual taxable value	\$ 12,920,703	\$ 10,660,167	\$ 9,011,623	\$ 9,342,715	\$ 8,302,571 \$		7,577,588 \$	6,796,794 \$	6,078,435 \$	5,628,625 \$	4,907,936
Assessed value as a percentage of actual value	78.76%	79.54%	81.33%	83.58%	83.55%		83.89%	83.41%	84.08%	84.28%	82.41%

Source: Comal County Appraisal District (1) Assessed Actual Values are net of local option over-65 exemptions, state mandated agricultural exemptions, and disabled veterans' exemptions.

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS

(Per \$100 of assessed value) Last Ten Years

										Fisca	l Yea	ar								
		2024		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018	2	2017		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>
City of New Braunfels Tax Rates																				
General government	\$	0.200000	\$	0.205000	\$		\$	0.255238	\$	0.273720	\$	0.278370	\$	0.288370 \$			\$	0.278080	\$	0.278080
Debt service	_	0.208936		0.208936	_	0.227983		0.227956		0.214498		0.209850		0.199850		0.220150		0.220150	_	0.220150
	•	0.400000	Φ.	0.440000	•	0.475070	Φ.	0.400404	Φ.	0.400040	Φ.	0.400000	•	0.400000 #	•	0.400000	Φ.	0.400000	Φ.	0.400000
Total direct rates	>	0.408936	\$	0.413936	\$	0.475376	\$	0.483194	\$	0.488218	5	0.488220	>	0.488220	Þ	0.498230	\$	0.498230	\$	0.498230
Overlapping Tax Rates (2)																				
Comal County	\$	0.226715	\$	0.226200	\$	0.248900	\$	0.314000	\$	0.358515	\$	0.322415	\$	0.295191	\$	0.307821	\$	0.292821	\$	0.292921
Guadalupe County		0.316700		0.273100		0.293900		0.329900		0.335400		0.331900		0.330900		0.326900		0.331100		0.331100
Navarro ISD		1.182700		1.140100		1.343500		1.185200		1.262300		1.275930		1.350000		1.350000		1.390000		1.390000
New Braunfels ISD		1.037700		1.041900		1.195400		1.197800		1.223300		1.295800		1.365800		1.339100		1.339100		1.339100
Comal ISD		1.086900		1.089200		1.274600		1.292000		1.275700		1.320000		1.390000		1.390000		1.390000		1.390000
	•	4.050054	•	4 404400	•	4 00 40 70	•	4 000004	•	4 0 40 400	•	5.00.4005	•	5 000444 <i>d</i>		5.040054	•	5.044054	•	5.044054
Total direct and overlapping rates (1)(2)	\$	4.259651	\$	4.184436	\$	4.831676	\$	4.802094	\$	4.943433	\$	5.034265	\$	5.220111	þ .	5.212051	\$	5.241251	\$	5.241351

Source: Comal County Tax Assessor-Collector and Guadalupe County Appraisal District

- (1) Tax rate is per \$100 of taxable assessed value.
- Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City. Overlapping rates are shown for each of the three school districts servicing the City. The total tax rate for a parcel in 2021 would be between\$2.05 and \$2.17 depending on the overlapping jurisdiction the parcel was located.

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			2024			2015	
				% of			% of
		Taxable		Taxable	Taxable		Taxable
		Assessed		Assessed	Assessed		Assessed
Property Tax Payer		<u>Valuation</u>	<u>Rank</u>	<u>Valuation</u>	<u>Valuation</u>	<u>Rank</u>	<u>Valuation</u>
A L 95 Creekside Town Center LP	\$	145,900,786	1	1.13%	\$ 87,709,550	3	1.79%
Central Texas Corridor Hospital LLC		143,616,270	2	1.11%	105,052,293	1	2.14%
Walmart Inc #6016		140,135,870	3	1.08%	-	-	0.00%
CNC-SWAGAT FOUR LP		83,730,750	4	0.65%	-	-	0.00%
Kahlig Enterprises INC		75,090,505	5	0.58%	29,889,032	5	0.61%
Rush Enterprises		67,779,119	6	0.52%	91,135,340	2	1.86%
HEB Grocery CO LP		64,925,354	7	0.50%	-	-	0.00%
Continental Autonomous Mobility		63,036,000	8	0.49%	-	-	0.00%
Grey Forest Development LLC		62,183,222	9	0.48%	-	-	0.00%
LHNH Riverhaus LLC		62,136,080	10	0.48%	-	-	0.00%
Western Rim Investors 2011 2 LP		-	0	0.00%	33,904,150	4	0.69%
Villas at Sundance I LLC ET AL		-	0	0.00%	26,977,530	6	0.55%
Augusta Gruene Apartments LP		-	0	0.00%	21,918,970	7	0.45%
Bucees LTD & Turner Family Prtnrshp LTD		-	0	0.00%	21,911,750	8	0.45%
Central Texas Corridor Hospital LLC		-	0	0.00%	21,855,970	9	0.45%
LPF Westpoint LLC		<u>-</u>	0	<u>0.00</u> %	 19,681,339	10	<u>0.40</u> %
Subtotal		908,533,956		7.03%	460,035,924		9.37%
Other taxpayers	1	2,012,169,044		<u>92.97</u> %	 4,447,900,076		90.63%
Total	\$ 1	2,920,703,000		<u>100.00%</u>	\$ 4,907,936,000		<u>100.00%</u>

Source: Comal County Tax Assessor-Collector's Office

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Last Ten Years

(Amounts expressed in thousands)

				 Collected with Year of t		Collected in sequent Years	 Total Collecti	ons to Date
Fiscal Year	Tax Year	 Tax Rate	l Tax Levy iscal Year	 Amount Collected	Percentage of Levy	 Amount Collected	 Amount Collected	Percentage of Levy
2015	2014	\$ 0.498230	\$ 24,003	\$ 23,817	99.23%	\$ 178	\$ 23,995	99.97%
2016	2015	\$ 0.498230	27,061	26,830	99.15%	133	26,963	99.64%
2017	2016	\$ 0.498230	29,510	29,287	99.24%	136	29,423	99.71%
2018	2017	\$ 0.488220	32,194	32,002	99.40%	60	32,062	99.59%
2019	2018	\$ 0.488220	35,930	35,560	98.97%	201	35,761	99.53%
2020	2019	\$ 0.488220	39,994	39,507	98.78%	368	39,875	99.70%
2021	2020	\$ 0.483194	44,750	43,379	96.94%	153	43,532	97.28%
2022	2021	\$ 0.475376	47,204	44,753	94.81%	225	44,978	95.28%
2023	2022	\$ 0.413935	51,218	50,113	97.84%	-	50,113	97.84%
2024	2023	\$ 0.408936	54,666	53,346	97.59%	-	53,346	97.59%

Source: Comal County Tax Assessor or City ACFR Note: Taxes stated are for general fund and debt service funds

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

Last Ten Years

(Amounts expressed in thousands, except per capita amount)

								Fiscal	Ye	ar						
	2024		2023		2022	2021		2020		2019	2018		2017		2016	2015
Governmental activities																
General obligation bonds	\$ 258,026	\$	239,659	\$	258,399	\$ 222,588	\$	187,874	\$	139,704	\$ 111,150	\$	100,656	\$	99,243	\$ 52,730
Certificates of obligation	50,643		32,905		34,970	62,890		78,615		67,880	58,950		64,345		76,178	95,585
Contract revenue obligations	14,475		16,025		17,525	18,975		20,380		21,740	23,055		24,325		25,555	26,745
Loan payable	7,361		3,678		541	207		273		337	401		467		534	553
Lease payable	 228	_				664		916		1,352	 1,786		944		757	
Subtotal	 330,733	_	292,267	_	311,435	 305,324	_	288,058	_	231,013	 195,342	_	190,737	_	202,267	 175,613
Business-type activities																
Leases	27		55		82	-		-		-	_		-		-	-
Loan payable	-		-		-	-		-		_	-		182		363	593
Subtotal	 27		55		82	-		-		-	 		182		363	593
Primary Government																
General obligation bonds	258,026		239,659		258,399	222,588		187,874		139,704	111,150		100,656		99,243	52,730
Certificates of obligation	50,643		32,905		34,970	62,890		78,615		67,880	58,950		64,345		76,178	95,585
Contract revenue obligations	14,475		16,025		17,525	18,975		20,380		21,740	23,055		24,325		25,555	26,745
Leases	255		55		82	-		-		-	· -		-		-	· -
Loan payable	7,361		3,678		541	207		273		337	401		649		897	1,146
Capital lease payable	-		-		-	664		916		1,352	1,786		944		757	-
Total Government-Wide	\$ 330,761	\$	292,322	\$	311,517	\$ 305,324	\$	288,058	\$	231,013	\$ 195,342	\$	190,919	\$	202,630	\$ 176,206
Percentage of personal income (1)	4.68%		4.43%		5.33%	6.01%		6.16%		5.27%	4.69%		5.60%		5.97%	5.75%
Per capita (1)	\$ 2,981	\$	2,800	\$	3,151	\$ 3,116	\$	3,186	\$	2,814	\$ 2,468	\$	2,581	\$	2,872	\$ 2,654

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements. (1) See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING Last Ten Years

(Amounts expressed in thousands, except per capita amount)

								Fisca	ΙΥ	ear					
		2024		2023	2022		<u>2021</u>	2020		<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>
Estimated actual taxable value of property	\$ 13	2,920,703	\$ 1	0,660,167	\$ 9,011,623	\$	9,342,715	\$ 8,302,571	\$	7,577,588	\$ 6,796,794	\$ 6,078,435	\$ 5,628,625	\$	4,907,936
General obligations bonds and certificates of obligation	\$	308,669	\$	272,564	\$ 293,369	\$	285,478	\$ 266,489	\$	207,584	\$ 170,100	\$ 165,001	\$ 88,385	\$	52,730
Less: amounts available in debt service fund		3,413	_	3,023	 2,779	_	2,773	 2,243	_	1,806	 1,310	 2,237	 1,577	_	1,418
Total	\$	305,256	\$	269,541	\$ 290,590	\$	282,705	\$ 264,246	\$	205,778	\$ 168,790	\$ 162,764	\$ 86,808	\$	51,312
Percentage of actual taxable value of property		2.36%		2.53%	3.22%		3.03%	3.18%		2.72%	2.48%	2.68%	1.54%		1.05%
Per capita (1)	\$	2,751	\$	2,582	\$ 2,939	\$	3,127	\$ 3,219	\$	2,600	\$ 2,282	\$ 2,307	\$ 1,307	\$	815

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements. (1) See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT

<u>Government Unit</u>		Debt <u>Outstanding</u>	Estimated Percentage <u>Appliable</u>	Amount Applicable to Primary Government
New Braunfels ISD Comal ISD Navarro ISD Guadalupe County Comal County Lake Dunlap WC&ID Marion ISD	\$	638,177,000 1,027,760,214 169,366,494 8,015,000 102,715,000 37,160,000 105,550,000	76.57% 18.29% 1.72% 11.17% 31.65% 45.79% 0.01%	\$ 488,652,129 187,977,343 2,913,104 895,276 32,509,298 17,015,564 10,555
Subtotal, overlapping debt	\$	2,088,743,708		729,973,268
City direct debt (1)	<u>\$</u>	330,760,811	100.00%	 330,760,811
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$ 1,060,734,079

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the property taxpayers of the City. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire burden borne by the property taxpayers should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident and, therefore, responsible for repaying the debt of each overlapping government.

⁽¹⁾ The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the government's taxable assessed value that is within the government's boundaries and dividing it by the government's total taxable assessed value.

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION

Last Ten Years

(Amounts expressed in thousands)

	Fiscal Year																
		<u>2024</u>		<u>2023</u>		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>
Debt limit	\$	1,247,137	\$	1,340,177	\$	1,108,072	\$	1,117,871	\$	993,711	\$	903,281	\$ 820,355	\$ 722,929	\$ 667,865	\$	595,531
Total net debt applicable to limit		258,026		239,659		258,399		222,588		187,874		139,704	 171,015	 165,001	 88,385		52,730
Legal debt margin	\$	989,111	\$	1,100,518	\$	849,673	\$	895,283	\$	805,837	\$	763,577	\$ 649,340	\$ 557,928	\$ 579,480	\$	542,801
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		20.69%)	17.88%		23.32%		19.91%		18.91%		15.47%	20.85%	22.82%	13.23%		8.85%
Legal debt margin calculation for fisc	cal ye	ear 2024															
Assessed value Add back: Exempt real property Total assessed value	\$	10,402,273 2,069,096 12,471,369															
Debt Limit (10% of total assessed value) Debt applicable to limit: General obligation bonds		1,247,137 258,026															
Legal debt margin	\$	989,111															

Note: Under state finance law, the City's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 10 percent of total assessed property value. By law, the general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by amounts set aside for repaying general obligation bonds.

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2024		2015					
		Percentage		Percentage					
		of Total			of Total				
Employer	Employees	Employment	Rank	Employees	Employment	Rank			
Comal ISD	3,699	26.42%	1	2,588	27.72%	1			
Schlitterbahn Water Park	2,140	15.28%	2	1,689	18.09%	2			
TaskUs	1,397	9.98%	3	1,000	10.0070	-			
New Braunfels ISD	1,351	9.65%	4	1,040	11.14%	4			
Wal-Mart Distribution Center	1,050	7.50%	5	1,218	13.04%	3			
City of New Braunfels	900	6.43%	6	550	5.89%	9			
Comal County	838	5.98%	7	683	7.31%	7			
Christus Santa Rosa Hospital	600	4.28%	8	460	4.93%	11			
Rush Enterprises	600	4.28%	9	_	_	_			
Resolute Baptist Hospital	513	3.66%	10	593	6.35%	8			
Patrick S. Molak Corp.	489	3.49%	-	-	-	-			
HD Supply	426	<u>3.05%</u>	-	<u>516</u>	<u>5.53%</u>	10			
Total	14,003	<u>100.00</u> %		9,337	<u>100.00</u> %				

Source: Greater New Braunfels Chamber of Commerce

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Ten Calendar Years

Fiscal Year Ended Sept 30	Population ⁽¹⁾	Total Wages All Industries ⁽²⁾ (expressed in thousands)		Per Capita rsonal Income ⁽²⁾ expressed in thousands)	Α	Average nnual Pay Industries ⁽²⁾	Public School Enrollment ⁽³⁾	Unemployment <u>Rate</u>		
2015	66,394	\$	3,064,162	\$ 48.12	\$	46,871	8,438	2.9%		
2016	70,543	\$	3,394,824	\$ 48.12	\$	51,558	8,438	3.5%		
2017	73,959	\$	3,407,192	\$ 46.07	\$	46,883	8,583	3.3%		
2018	79,152	\$	4,168,203	\$ 52.66	\$	42,234	8,950	3.2%		
2019	82,081	\$	4,384,612	\$ 53.42	\$	43,921	9,126	2.9%		
2020	90,403	\$	4,674,477	\$ 51.71	\$	45,700	9,537	6.6%		
2021	97,983	\$	5,076,170	\$ 51.81	\$	49,803	9,282	3.9%		
2022	98,857	\$	5,842,150	\$ 59.10	\$	53,604	9,671	3.3%		
2023	104,407	\$	6,598,334	\$ 63.20	\$	60,105	10,213	3.5%		
2024	110,958	\$	7,072,648	\$ 63.74	\$	61,937	9,781	3.2%		

Data Sources:

- Total population from the census.gov website or City of New Braunfels Adopted Budget document.
 Total wages and average annual pay are for Comal and Guadalupe counties combined. Data provided by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

(3) School enrollment includes only New Braunfels ISD.

Total growth data pulled from 10 year enrollment forecast NBISD

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS AUTHORIZED CITY GOVERNMENT POSITIONS BY FUNCTION Last Ten Years

	Fiscal Year											
-	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015		
General Fund												
City Secretary	5.00	4.00	4.00	3.00	3.75	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.00	3.00		
City Attorney	5.00	5.00	5.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00		
City Manager's Office	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	7.00	7.00	6.00	6.00	5.00	5.00		
Communications and												
Community Engagement	6.00	5.00	4.00	4.00	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Economic and Community												
Development	3.00	2.75	2.75	2.75	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Information Technology	18.75	18.00	16.00	14.00	14.00	14.00	12.00	11.00	11.00	-		
Human Resources	8.75	10.75	10.00	9.00	9.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	7.00	7.00		
Finance	16.50	15.50	13.75	13.00	13.00	12.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	17.00		
Municipal Court	10.00	11.50	10.00	10.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00		
Police	202.50	191.75	184.00	178.00	175.00	168.00	159.00	155.00	149.00	136.50		
Fire	171.00	151.00	144.00	138.00	138.00	138.00	138.00	137.00	134.00	134.00		
Planning and Community	-											
Development	42.75	40.75	39.00	39.00	39.00	36.00	36.00	35.00	32.00	30.00		
Transportation and												
Capital Improvements	17.75	15.75	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Planning and Comm.												
Development - Main Street	-	-	-	-	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00		
Parks and Recreation	291.00	288.50	289.50	270.50	272.25	260.75	252.75	162.50	160.50	150.50		
Public Works	56.00	56.00	70.00	67.00	62.00	65.00	57.00	53.00	51.00	43.50		
Library	33.75	33.00	32.50	29.00	28.50	28.75	28.25	28.25	28.25	28.50		
Total General Fund	891.75	853.25	828.50	785.25	775.50	755.00	725.50	624.25	605.75	569.00		
Golf Course Fund	19.00	19.00	20.00	17.00	17.00	15.00	17.00	17.00	17.00	12.50		
Airport Fund	12.00	12.00	10.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00		
Solid Waste Fund	55.00	55.00	66.00	61.00	59.00	57.00	54.00	54.00	52.50	49.50		
Capital Projects Funds**	-	-	-	-	5.00	5.00	9.00	9.00	8.00	6.50		
Civic/Convention Center Fund	10.25	9.25	9.00	9.00	9.00	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50		
River Activities Fund	73.00	73.75	73.75	74.00	74.00	74.00	73.50	74.00	55.50	54.50		
Facilities Maint. Fund	-	=	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.00	1.00		
CDBG Fund	-	=	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
EAHCP Fund	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00		
Juvenile Case Manager	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00		
Child Safety Fund	-	=	-	-	-	-	-	-	14.00	14.00		
Development Services Fund	5.00	5.00	4.00	3.00	3.00	-	-	-	-	-		
Court Security Fund	0.75	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Local Youth Diversion Fund	1.00	=	-	-	-	=	-	=	-	-		
Fleet Services	11.00											
Total Funds	1,080.75	1,029.25	1,013.25	960.25	953.50	925.50	896.50	795.75	771.25	724.50		

Source: Adopted City Budget

Source: City of New Braunfels Annual Budget Full-time and seasonal positions = 1 position

Part-time position = .5 position

Part-time Regular position = .75 position

** Positions supported by both Capital Project Funds and the General Fund. 4 employees were reclassed out of the Capital Projects Funds and into the General Fund.

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION Last Ten Years

					Fiscal \	Year					
<u>Function</u>	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	2017	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	
Police											
Response time for priority calls	8:08	7:50	7:20	7:20	7:25	7:28	7:27	6:42	6:30	6:50	
Number of DWI Arrests	650	7.30	385	360	400	353	382	419	379	387	
Fire	030	700	303	300	400	333	302	419	319	307	
Response times - structure fire	4:30	6:30	6:30	6:30	7:15	7:15	6:38	6:55	7:04	6:50	
Response times - Structure line	5:45	5:30	6:00	6:30	5:16	5:37	6:51	5:57	6:00	6:27	
Smoke detectors issued/inspected/updated	720	711	800	722	578	518	450	450	425	440	
Public Works	720	, , , ,	000	122	370	310	400	430	720	440	
Percentage of commercial and residential permit											
reviews completed within twenty business days	79%	54%	90%	88%	52%	46%	43%	43%	N/A	N/A	
Permits reviewed and completed	306	310	432	351	585	577	791	680	514	497	
Number of play reviews completed	N/A	N/A	N/A	184	85	154	157	234	N/A	N/A	
Number of street service requests processed	585	450	566	545	517	556	531	532	N/A	N/A	
Acres of right-of-way mowed*	1,095	188	200	188	220	220	188	188	188	188	
Construction stormwater inspections completed	1,200	600	1,100	1,000	1,000	1,071	778	360	N/A	N/A	
Solid Waste	1,200	000	1,100	1,000	1,000	1,071	7.0	000	14/71		
Waste diverted from landfill	24%	26%	26%	29%	28%	30%	30%	33%	30%	29%	
Residential operating cost per ton collected	\$ 63.23 \$										
Parks and Recreation	,		,			,		,			
Recreation programs participants	7,056	7,000	9,500	4,616	8,757	10,806	8,363	7,318	6,478	6,499	
Das Rec memberships	10,965	17,896	5,200	4,873	5,500	6,208	4,900	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Athletic leagues teams participants (including	•	•	•	,	•	,	,				
Das Rec)	312	340	665	601	666	709	193	247	213	219	
Golf course rounds played	59,441	59,049	48,000	50,000	36,924	43,213	39,673	38,250	39,175	34,396	
Planning and Community Development											
Residential building permits issued	8,217	7,918	36,000	3,633	3,600	3,736	2,870	2,687	3,000	2,185	
Commercial building permits issued	1,226	1,349	550	517	1,290	1,267	434	481	400	446	
Calls for service - animal control	7,904	9,109	7,594	7,843	7,100	7,721	6,762	6,030	7,800	8,404	
Historic landmark designations	-	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	4	
Airport Operations											
Flight operations annually	78,575	71,151	66,386	62,982	68,888	67,861	52,000	53,407	48,000	42,475	
Gallons of fuel sold	727,245	725,526	500,000	550,159	446,000	555,045	518,667	500,000	445,000	370,915	
*Reporting and calculation change made in fiscal year 2024											

(Continued)

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION Last Ten Years

	Fiscal Year										
<u>Function</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	
Library											
Visitors annually	275,000	200,000	300,000	100,000	175,000	277,680	293,146	284,437	290,000	282,335	
Annual circulation of library materials	1,000,000	800,000	1,200,000	750,000	800,000	1,063,122	914,556	905,000	850,000	781,603	
Database accesses	200,000	100,000	100,000	25,000	45,000	94,335	85,619	65,000	45,000	48,557	
Municipal Court											
Percentage of cases closed in 30 days or less	29%	26%	N/A	N/A	30%	27%	22%	30%	N/A	N/A	
Number of new cases filed	16,993	13,845	13,700	10,000	9,750	14,988	13,720	13,720	N/A	N/A	
River											
Wristbands sold - private tubers	48,428	55,926	65,000	51,610	58,200	71,515	66,919	73,414	N/A	N/A	
Wristbands sold - outfitter tubers	170,746	254,969	185,000	187,391	194,800	177,436	184,153	228,109	N/A	N/A	
Bags of litter recovered	319	382	273	210	234	-	-	-	-	-	

Source: Various City departments
CONB FY 2024 Budget Document

CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION Last Ten Years

	Fiscal Year											
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015		
Function												
General Government												
City vehicles	494	488	496	475	455	453	412	380	360	320		
Public Safety												
Police stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
Fire stations	7	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6		
Highways and Street												
Streets (miles)	396	370	360	353	345	342	368	354	323	323		
Area in square miles	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2		
Culture and Recreation												
Park acreage	867	852	747	747	684	709	557	435	435	435		
Swimming pools	5	5	5	5	5	5	4	2	2	2		
Golf course	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
Recreation center	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1		

Source: Various City departments